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VOL. XXV NO. 102 BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1937 PRICE: ONE ANNA

Madras 'Puppets' Before People's Pillory

Delhi Welcomes Subhas

Pt. Indra Pays Tribute To Bengal Leader's Services

NEW DELHI, April 30.

Mr. Subhas Chandra Bose, accompanied by Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram, arrived here by the Kalka Mail this evening 'en route' for Lahore. A public meeting was organised by local Congressmen, at which Pandit Indra paid a tribute to Mr. Bose's services in the cause of the country, and expressed deep anxiety over his health. Pandit Indra said that Mr Bose, by his selfless devotion to the cause of the country, had captivated the heart of the Indian people, and by his example had revitalised them. They yearned for his speedy recovery to normal health.

SUBHAS BOSE THANKS

Mr. Bose received a tremendous ovation when he rose to reply. In a weak but determined voice he thanked the public of Delhi for the love and affection shown to him. He said that owing to the weak state of his health, he had been advised by doctors not to participate in meetings or make speeches. Therefore he could not say much to them. Still he wanted to say that he had been overwhelmed by their manifestation of love for him. He said he would ask Mr. Jairamdas Doulatram to give them the Congress message.

CONGRESS MESSAGE.

Mr. Jairamdas Daulatram said that the people of Delhi did not stand in need of being given the latest Congress message as it was here that the Congress policy regarding the office acceptance question was formulated a month ago. Congressmen did not want office for personal aggrandisement, but for service to the Indian people. As they felt they would not possess the means if implementing their programme, they had no alternative but to reject Ministry.

Mr. Bose appeared to feel the strain of his journey, chiefly because of the uncomfortable heat. He left for Lahore by the Frontier Mail.—A.P.

INDIAN IRON AND STEEL CO.

Directors' Report Shows Anticipated Profit Of 2 Crores

CALCUTTA, April 30.

An anticipated profit of well over two crores of rupees during 1937/38 and an 'Ad Interim' dividend to all shareholders on the list on May 10 of one rupee for 1936/37 is the announcement contained in the official circular issued by the Board of Directors of the Indian Iron and Steel Company.

Due to the absorption of the Bengal Iron Company, the accounts of the Indian Iron and Steel Company for 1936/37 cannot be ready for four months after which the final dividend will be declared.—A. P.

BROOK ARRIVES IN CAPE TOWN

CAPE TOWN: April 30.

The airman Brook arrived at 15-15 G.M.T.

(H. L. Brook left England last Sunday on an attempt on the record flight from England to the Cape and back, but he was forced down to land at Bor, near Juba, and has had to give up his attempt on the record flight both ways. He will, however, attempt the flight from Cape back to England).—Reuter's Special.

Reddi Cabinet's Title Challenged

LEGISLATORS' LETTER TO GOVERNOR

'Interim' Ministry Has No Claim To Confidence

MADRAS, April 30.

"We, the members of the Madras Legislative Assembly and Council, do hereby repudiate and denounce the so-called Council of Ministers constituted by the Governor of Madras in open and deliberate violation of the fundamental basis of the Act and the Instrument of Instructions issued under the authority of Parliament.

"And we hereby declare and notify to all concerned that the said Ministers, namely, Sir K. V. Reddi and others, have no claim of confidence or qualification entitling them to speak, act or advise in any matter in our name or behalf or in the name of or on behalf of the people of the province."

So runs a declaration of no-confidence in the 'interim' ministry to be forwarded to the Governor by the members of both the Houses in the Madras Legislature.

It is stated that, besides the Congress members of both the Houses, 13 members belonging to other parties,—11 from the Lower House and 2 from the Upper House,—have also signed the declaration.

The declaration will be forwarded to the Governor as soon as Mr. C. Rajagopalachari, leader of the Congress Party in the Madras Legislature, arrives in Madras from Allahabad.—United Press.

MINISTER'S ASSURANCE TO CONGRESS

Sidhwa Withdraws Adjournment Motion: National Week Echo

KARACHI, April 30.

In view of the assurances given by the Minister in charge of Law and Police that the Police order of July 1936 declaring that the Assembly of more than five persons was unlawful, and calling on persons to obtain previous permission to organise any celebrations, had nothing to do with legitimate Congress activities in the National Week and that in any case of police high-handedness brought to the notice of Government they would sympathise and help them as far as possible, Mr. R. K. Sidhwa withdrew his adjournment motion.

The Speaker adjourned the House 'sine die.' It is understood that the House will next meet in July to discuss the budget proposals.

BUS STRIKE AT MIDNIGHT

Delegate Conference Decision

LONDON, April 30.

The London bus strike will definitely start at midnight. All buses will then cease work although, until further notice, services working on the country routes from London will continue to run. This decision was reached by the Delegate Conference of London busmen to-day.

The first consequence will be no night services to-night, but buses on the evening service will complete their scheduled duties. Buses timed to leave the garages at 23-00 will not start.

The extent of the stoppage, which is bound to create considerable chaos, may be gauged by the fact that 5.75 million people daily use the London Passenger Transport Board's 5,000 buses.

There are 200 routes which cover an area of 2,000 square miles. Although the underground railways trams and trolley buses are not affected by the decision, these only carry 42 per cent of the people compared with the buses' 58. A number of people will experience abnormal delay in reaching Wembley for the cup final to-morrow.—Reuter.

CONGRESS M.L.A. ACQUITTED IN APPEAL

PESHAWAR, April 30.

Mr. J. Almond, Judicial Commissioner, accepted the revision petition of Mr. Saminjan M.L.A. (Congress) and acquitted him, cancelling the notice of enhancement of sentence.

Mr. Saminjan was sentenced under section 17 (1) of the Criminal Law Amendment Act to a fine of Rs. 30. His revision petition was recommended by the Sessions Judge of Peshawar but the enhancement notice was issued by Mr. Middleton, Judicial Commissioner, who recently retired.—A. P.

GOKHALE ARRESTED

POONA, April 30.

Mr. D. V. Gokhale, joint-editor, "Kesari," and President of the Democratic Swaraj Party, Poona Branch, with two volunteers offered 'satyagraha' this afternoon before the Sonya Maruti temple, and were immediately arrested, the total number of persons arrested so far being 37.

To-day is the sixth day of the 'Satyagraha.'—United Press.

BANNU, April 30.

The followers of the Fakir of Ipi are gradually decreasing. Those coming back wounded are reported to be advising others not to fight. The great scarcity of food is also being felt by hostiles. The trouble is consequently expected to end soon.—A.P.

A bugler of the Spanish loyalist army

NEW IRISH CONSTITUTION

Restoration Of Bi-Cameral System: President Will Replace Governor-Gen.

DUBLIN, April 30.

A Bi-cameral system will be restored to the Free State under the New Constitution issued to-day, which Mr. De Valera will submit to the country at the coming general election. The Second Chamber will be formed on a vocational basis. The Governor-General will be replaced by a President who will be apart from party politics and sectional interests. He will be called "An Tuachtaran" and will have power to withhod assent to Bills. The name of the Free State will be altered to "Eire".

STRIKING PREAMBLE

A striking preamble reads. "In the name of the most Holy Trinity wherefrom is all authority . . . we people of "Eire" humbly acknowledging our obligations to the divine Lord Jesus Christ who sustained our fathers through centuries of trial, gratefully remembering their heroic struggle to regain the rightful independence of our nation . . . so that the dignity and freedom of the individual may be assured, a true social order attained, the unity of our country restored, and concord established with other nations, do give ourselves this constitution.

ARTICLES OF ACT

The Articles state that the national territory consists of the whole of Ireland, its islands and territorial seas, but pending the establishment of jurisdiction over the whole of it, parliamentary laws apply to the Irish Free State area.

The flag will be green, white and orange.

The primary official language will be Irish and the secondary English.

The President will be elected by popular vote for seven years.

The Senate is composed of sixty of which the Premier will nominate eleven. The National University will elect three, Trinity College three and the Dail forty-three.—Reuter.

SPEEDING UP AIR MAILS

SIMLA: April 30.

The Associated Press learns that Imperial Airways' service to and from India will be accelerated by 24 hours from May 1.

The 'planes will leave Croydon on Thursdays and Sundays and arrive in Delhi on Tuesdays and Fridays while those in the reverse direction will leave Delhi on Tuesdays and Fridays, arriving at Croydon on Sundays and Wednesdays.

The journey between Egypt and England will be accomplished in two days instead of three.

It is learnt that Jhansi has been finally decided on as the stopping place in the new Empire Air Mail scheme due to be inaugurated towards the end of this year. The choice lay between Jhansi and Gwalior.—A.P.

Serious Threat To Non-Intervention

ATTEMPT TO RAZE BILBAO TO GROUND

DESTRUCTION OF SPANISH TOWN | MACHINE GUNNING UNARMED FUGITIVES

Eden Pleads For Time To Decide Method Of Approach

LONDON, April 30.

In the House of Commons, Sir Archibald Sinclair asked if Mr. Eden would bring to the notice of the Non-Intervention Committee the serious threat which the continuation of operations such as the reported destruction of another Spanish town and the pursuit again of unarmed fugitives by aeroplanes and machine-guns would constitute to the existence of the Non-Intervention agreement.

BRITAIN WANTS TIME

Mr. Eden replied that Government were very conscious of the seriousness of this situation and must be given a little time to decide the method of approach to the problem.

Attempt To Raze Bilbao

LONDON: April 30.

Mr. Eden, questioned by Dr. Dalton, stated that he had instructed the Ambassador in Spain to report urgently whether there was any foundation for believing the report that the insurgents contemplated razing Bilbao to the ground.

Eden To Make Statement

Mr. Eden added that Government deeply deplored the bombardment of the civilian population of Spain and had been anxiously considering what action could be taken to prevent a recurrence. Government recognised the desirability of co-operating in this matter as far as possible with other Governments.

He hoped to make a further statement shortly.—Reuter.

Nazi Savagery On Civil Population Of Guernica Exposed

LONDON, April 30.

The Dean of Canterbury has received a message from Senor Aguirre, the President of the Basque Republic, attacking "The shameless claims of the rebel element" that the Basques are burning own towns. "Before God and history, I say that for three and a half hours German aeroplanes savagely bombarded the defenceless civil population of the historic town of Guernica, reducing it to ashes and pursuing with machineguns women and children a large number of whom were driven crazy by fear."—Reuter.

REBELS CLAIM ADVANCE

HENDAYE, April 30

The insurgents advanced a mile and a half beyond Durango and are now less than twelve miles from Bilbao, according to the radio at Burgos.

Meanwhile the Basques are falling back on Bilbao after an orderly retreat from the ruins of Guernica. The Basques retired without firing a shot and have taken up a line of defence.—Reuter.

BOMBS HURLED AT BR. CARGO BOATS

BILBAO, April 30.

Bombs fell all round the four British cargo boats in the harbour when 15 insurgent bombers, apparently German, carried out an air-raid lasting quarter of an hour, none of the vessels was hit although the spray from the falling bombs splashed them.

"I thought our number was up when they came straight for us", said a member of the crew of one of the freighters afterwards. The insurgents cruiser "Espana" previously sent a wireless warning picked up at St Jean de Luz that British merchantmen were sure to be bombed or machine-gunned if they ventured within Bilbao harbour. This is considered to indicate that the 'planes deliberately sought out vessels as a target.

Twentytwo alleged German bombers accompanied by six chasers raided Galdacano in the afternoon dropping high explosive incendiary bombs and twelve houses were ignited and destroyed. The woods around were also set fire to in several places. Chasers machine-gunned inhabitants including women and children as they fled from the inferno.—Reuter.

Two Br. Battleships In N. Spain

ST. JEAN DE LUZ.—With the arrival of the "Resolution" there are now two British battleships in North Spain, the other being the "Royal Oak." The "Resolution" is relieving the cruiser "Shropshire"—Reuter.

Espana Sunk

BILBAO, April 30.

The insurgent battleship "Espana" has been sunk by Government aircraft off Santander. The "Espana" was of 15,500 tons and built in 1913.—Reuter.

HOW "ESPANA" SANK

Fate Of Germans In Charge Of Guns

BILBAO, April 30.

In the face of the Velasco's artillery bombardment the "Brotra" withdrew. Meanwhile the "Espana" summoned by the Velasco, steamed up ready for action. Several squadrons of Government aeroplanes were called up by the Santander Harbour authorities. They took off as soon as they espied the "Espana." With remarkable accuracy the 'planes dropped several bombs, hitting the "Espana's" stern, which immediately submerged and the battleship overturned. She sank within half an hour; the whole incident lasted

(Continued on Page 7, Col. 2.)

Minister Gives Up Meeting

2,000 Demonstrators With Black Flags Greet Sir S. T. Kambli

BELGAUM, April 30.

News has been received here that 2,000 black flag demonstrators greeted Sir S. T. Kambli, Education Minister of the Government of Bombay, when he visited Bailhongal last evening. Crowds gathered at the Cotton Market Office where Sir S. T. Kambli is reported to have gone to meet some merchants.

The Minister waited for over an hour for the demonstrators to disperse, but finding them not doing so he gave up the meeting and returned to Belgaum.

Sir S. T. Kambli is visiting Khanapur to-morrow.—A. P.

FR. AIRWOMEN REACH BEGUMPET

HYDERABAD (Deccan) April, 30.

The French Airwomen Madame Roman and Mademoiselle Naudin arrived at Begumpet Aerodrome at 14/50 hours from Bombay after an uneventful flight

They are staying here overnight and are resuming their flight to Pondicherry to-morrow morning.—A. P.

NO CORONATION ILLUMINATIONS

AHMEDABAD: April 30.

By 34 votes to 9, the Ahmedabad Municipality rejected this evening a resolution sanctioning Rs. 2,000 for the illumination of the Municipal buildings in celebration of the Coronation.

The Municipality passed a resolution expressing its inability to expend this sum, without, however, meaning or intending disrespect to the person of the King-Emperor.

NO CONFIDENCE IN MINISTRY

The Municipality passed another resolution by 34 votes to 9 expressing no confidence in the 'interim' Ministry on the ground that it was unconstitutional and against the principles of democracy.—A.P.

STOP PRESS.

NATIONAL COAL STRIKE.

LONDON, April 30.

The Mine Workers Federation has decided to call a national coal strike on May 22.—Reuter.

TITAGHUR WORKERS' STRIKE.

CALCUTTA, April 30.

The operatives at the Tittaghur Paper Mills struck work this morning.—A.P.

'MAY DAY' ARRESTS.

CALCUTTA, April 30.

The President and three other officials of the Dock Mazdoors Union were arrested to-day in connection with a leaflet published for the May Day celebration.—A.P.

B. N. R. STRIKE INQUIRY.

KHARAGPUR, April 30.

The B. N. R. Strike Enquiry Committee resumed its sitting this morning and examined eight cases of alleged victimisation. Thereafter the open session concluded.—A.P.

THE BOMBAY CHRONICLE

TABULATED ADLETS

1 Anna Per Word — Minimum Re. 1

BUY–EXCHANGE–SELL

IN MODERN TIMES of haste and hustle, when quick lunches are a necessity in a businessman's walk of life, Classified Advertisements in tabloid form have become absolutely essential for a reader of daily and weekly Newspapers.

DUE CONSIDERATION having been paid to this vital question and after a mature study of the economic conditions of life in India, we decided to offer our readers a better Classification of the Adlets than hitherto provided for.

CAREFUL ATTENTION has been paid to the daily requirements of our people and all the Sectional Headings are now conveniently arranged in an easy tabulated form to ensure quick reference. The attractive Headlines will appear in Numerical Order.

AN EDUCATION in itself is the outcome if Readers make it a habit of going through our Tabulated Adlet Columns regularly and carefully. Many money making as well as money saving offers are to be found in addition to the offers of Comfort and Pleasure of Modern Life.

WE INVITE READERS as well as Advertisers to help us with suggestions for improving this Section. Constructive criticism will be appreciated by the Management. Attention will be paid to suggestions for additions or alterations of the Headings.

CHHOTA CHHOTA ADVERTISEMENTS are inserted in these Columns on cash payment only and are charged at the rate of ONE ANNA per word. Minimum charge is fixed at Re. 1 for 16 words. Numericals (upto 10 figures) and Abbreviations are to be counted as complete words.

FREE ADVERTISEMENTS of a few selected Applicants, who declare that they are Unemployed and Jobless, may be accepted by the Management till this offer is withdrawn provided the Applicants agree to the publication of their full name and address and to other rules.

SPECIAL REDUCTION in our scheduled rate of one anna per word will be allowed until further notice at the rate of 25% on all CASH PAYMENTS provided the same Adlet is to appear for three times or more in a week. The complete week to be calculated from Monday to Sunday.

STILL ONE MORE FACILITY is offered to our Adletisers. Tabulated Adlets that appear in the "BOMBAY CHRONICLE" if repeated the same evening in the "BOMBAY SENTINEL," will be charged for the Sentinel at half anna per word per insertion without any further reduction whatsoever.

ADLETS OF PRIVATE NATURE are inserted with Box Numbers and in such cases the six words——"Box No. (——) The Bombay Chronicle"——must be paid for. The Management reserves the right to revise any Adlet or refuse publication without assigning any reason for doing so.

REPLIES TO THE ADLETS should be addressed legibly as under, "Box No. (So and so), The Adlet Department, The Bombay Chronicle, Red House, Corner of Parsee Bazar Street and Elphinstone Circle, Fort, BOMBAY. To avoid mistakes Box Numbers should be written both in figures and in words.

BLOCK LETTERED OR TYPEWRITTEN Adlets will ensure correct insertion. No responsibility for any mistake, oversight, misprint, etc., will be accepted by the Management. Replies to the Adlets should be sent for often to avoid heavy congestion at our office.

20. MATRIMONIAL

Wanted a Vaishnav Bania for re-marriage of a lady. Should possess sound health. No children and monthly income over Rs. 200. Write with photo to Box No. 8193, "Bombay Chronicle".

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted—Graduates, strong in English and Sanskrit. Experienced and trained hands preferred. Apply sharp stating minimum salary to, The Manager, Karamsad High School, Karamsad. (5338).

Wanted two experienced qualified S.T.C. teachers from June for local school. Apply Box No. 8160, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted—Manager for some branches to be opened in Bombay Presidency on Rs. 100 p.m. to start. Reply to: Eastern National Bank, Ltd., (B), Post Box No. 10009, Calcutta. (5283).

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted energetic Canvassers for machine-made paper bags on liberal commission basis. Apply personally on Sunday between 2 and 5 p.m., to the Paper Bag Company, Limited, Hathibaug, Love Lane, Mazagaon. (8157).

A well-to-do Hindu family requires an educated lady to look after two daughters four and six years old. Those who like children need only apply. Salary according to qualifications. Apply with full particulars, giving age, caste, education and salary expected, to Box No. 8203, "Bombay Chronicle".

Wanted for a Sugar Factory in Hyderabad State, one experienced Manager, one experienced Accountant, and one experienced Share Transfer Clerk. Apply to the undersigned in writing, stating qualifications and salary expected. A. B. Sutaria for Messrs Dastur and Co., Solicitors, High Court, Ismail Building, Hornby Road. (5344)

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted Immediately.—Efficient Parsi young Matriculates to work as investigators for a brief period. Apply immediately to the Asst. Secretary, Parsi Statistical Bureau, Union Bank Building, Apollo Street. (8201).

Golden opportunity for the educated unemployed. To represent a leading purely National Indian Life Office. Liberal terms of commission recently revised. Apply personally or write to: The Tropical Insurance Co., Kermani Building. Hornby Road, Fort. (5362).

Ramji Assar Vidyalaya English School, Ghatkopar. Invites applications from trained and experienced Gujarati knowing Graduates and under-Graduates for Assistant Masterships in English, History, Geography and Gujarati and from Gujarati knowing lady teachers with knowledge of fine arts, knitting, sewing, etc. (8179).

42. SITUATIONS VACANT

Wanted for local school teachers (Gujarati) preferably trained. Knowing Sanskrit, Maths., History, Geography. Apply Box No. 8202, "Bombay Chronicle".

The Madras Provincial Co-operative Bank, Ltd. Applications are invited for the post of the Secretary of the Madras Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd. Pay Rs. 650—25—1,000 per mensem with provident fund provision. Cash security Rs. 3,000. Applicants should be below 40 years of age and must be graduates in Law or Commerce or Accountancy with previous experience of administrative and business management in a recognised co-operative institution, or a joint stock bank or other commercial concern, of standing. The application should specify the nature of the appointment held in such institutions or concerns, remuneration received and other particulars as well as other special qualifications of the applicant. Persons satisfying the conditions mentioned above and possessing knowledge of money-market and investments and knowledge of Tamil and Telugu will be preferred. Applications together with testimonials if any, should be sent to reach the Secretary, Madras Provincial Co-operative Bank Ltd., Luz, Mylapore, Madras on or before the 22nd May 1937. The candidate selected may be required to join duty on 1st July 1937 or such other date as may be fixed, and may, if found necessary, be required to serve on probation for six months, before confirmation. 5312.

43. SITUATIONS WANTED

Our Readers, who are so far Accustomed to look under this Heading with a view to be of some help to the Unemployed Countryfellows, are cordially requested to have a look under Heading No. 56, where FREE Adlets for the Jobless will appear henceforward. You are further requested to see if you can be of any assistance to them in finding out a Job. We are doing our best to reduce Unemployment as far as we possibly can. (Of)

52. DOMESTIC SERVANTS

A Smart Butler is Wanted for Two months from the first of June. Must be well versed in the art of managing European Country House. Apply stating lowest salary expected to Box No. 8189, the "Bombay Chronicle."

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS

Undergraduate stenographer, 8 years experience, good correspondent, thorough knowledge of accounts, office routine, Now Unemployed seeks employment, R. Ramanarayanan, 17, Bhoj Terrace, Vincent Road, Matunga, G.I.P. (5—38).

Qualified graduate in Medicine and Surgery. Now Unemployed, seeks position with any firm dealing in medical products. Write to K. L. Sethi, M.B.B.S., 1056, Halderguda, Hyderabad. Deccan. (6—42).

An efficient teacher of High School classes, with best testimonials, Graduate in History, Economics, and Politics, L.T., trained in Geography, experienced journalist of over 10 years, widely travelled, All-India-round. Now Unemployed seeks an employment. Please apply to: M. Kattiah, Linden House, Apollo Bunder, Bombay. (7—24)

Energetic and hard-working young man with 15 years of all-round and practical experience as Chief Godown-keeper, Head Clerk, Agent, Shipping, Export, Import, Telegrams, Independent Correspondent, Now Unemployed, seeks like situation, Best references furnished from influential businessmen. Please apply P. S. Money, c|o P. R. Swaminatha Iyer, 'Krishna Nivas', Vatsaraj Lane, Matunga. (8—32).

Young and experienced Cashier. Now Unemployed wants position as accountant. Write to Vrijlal D. Mankad, Nagarchakla, Jamnagar. (9—29).

Young, experienced undergraduate, well up in English, knowing typewriting and independent correspondence. Now Unemployed, seeks situation as assistant in watch shops, medical shops or anywhere on reasonable salary. Please write to: K Naga Jois, C|o South Indian Lodge, Faredoon Terrace, Matunga, Bombay, 19. (10—23).

15 years experience in printing, business, Hindu. Now Unemployed, seeks position as Manager, Superintendent or Canvasser, write to G. V Bhagwat, Bhagirathi Bldg., No 2, Block No. 7, Chikalwadi, Grant Road, Bombay. (11—3).

56. FREE ADLETS FOR JOBLESS.

It may sound strange but it is true that Unemployment, in this Land of Hopes, and hardly anything but Hopes, is very excessive and the effects felt by the unfortunate people are dire. In such condition it would be Irony of Fate to expect the victims to spare even the smallest amount to pay for an Advertisement expressing their desire to get a job—any job. Most of the Applicants seem to be extremely anxious to get work of any kind and at any salary—just enough to help them exist on the face of this Earth and not to exit untimely. The Management of this Paper gives space to the following Announcements without any charge and sincerely appeals to the Employers to go through the list and see if they can be of any help to anyone who may seem to be suitable. Even a ray of Hope from the Employer-Readers would be appreciated by these people. (Of).

Experienced Indian Now Unemployed seeks engagement. Thorough in Accounts, Correspondence in fact every aspect of modern business. P. N. Sarma, Jayasinh Building, Sir Bhalchandra Road, Bombay, 14. (1—40).

An active young man of excellent character and references, knowing many modern languages, Now Unemployed, seeks employment as a clerk or rent collector. Ready to work outside Bombay also. K. G. Salian, 28, Manohardas St., Fort. (2—40).

Experienced Young Man Now Unemployed, desires part or full time position. Knows thoroughly general office work. Willing to accept living wage. Write to R. V. Deshpande, Bhagwat Boarding and Lodging, 63, Kandewadi, Bombay, 4. (3—11).

Smart Young Man With Twelve years experience in general office and canvassing and salesmanship. Now Unemployed, seeks situation. Willing to accept living wage. Please write to J. Fernandes, B.D.D. Block No. 15, Room No. 20, DeLisle Road, Lower Parel, Bombay. (4—14).

Young Parsee, Now Unemployed, seeks job of clerk, typist or salesman. Well experienced. Will furnish excellent references. Willing to accept any reasonable salary. Please write to S. R. Lala, c|o Young Zoroastrian Cricket Club, Esplanade Maidan, Bombay. (13—26).

Marine First Class Engineer, with extra qualifications and experience. Now Unemployed, desires job on land or with a shipping concern. Excellent references. Terms reasonable. Please reply to K. P. Ghandy, New Bombay-Agra Road, Thana. (14—16).

Smart, young, experienced Steno-typist, knowing Accounts, Now Unemployed, is prepared to go anywhere. Low remuneration. V. Sivaramakrishnan, c|o Mr. K. N. Rama Iyer, Postal Appg. Dept., Irwin House, Bombay. (15—22).

Well qualified textile canvasser with six years experience. Now Unemployed seeks position with Textile firm or manufacturer. Willing to represent in Mysore State on reasonable terms. Good references. Please write to N. Sethu Ram, c|o A K. Kothanda Rama Iyer, High School, Tiptur. (16—22).

An experienced Advocate with 10 years' secretarial experience, Now Unemployed, seeks any position, such as, Private Secretary to any Chief, or Police Prosecutor, or Judicial or Revenue Officer, in any Native State or office assistant. Good references. Please write to. V. C. Satoskar, Cadel Road, Dadar, Bombay, No. 14. (12—40).

68. FLATS TO LET

To let airy flats, commanding sea view on Queen's Road, lift available, at Rs. 80 to 85 per month. Apply to Rane Limited, New Queen's Road, Bombay. (8185).

An Excellent Airy and Commodious Flat on Malabar Hill to let. Open on all sides. Four large Bed rooms, Drawing and Dining Room, Kitchen, Pantry and all Modern Conveniences. Rent quite reasonable. Apply Box No. 8183, the "Bombay Chronicle."

71. BUNGALOWS WANTED

Wanted Bungalow at Vile Parle, Andheri, or Varsova for two months. Apply stating rent, Box No. 8159, "Bombay Chronicle."

72. TO LET IN SUBURBS

To let for vegetarian Hindus, airy well ventilated westerly blocks, at Hira Villa, Baptista Road, Ville Parle West. Apply within. (8180).

75. UPCOUNTRY HOUSE WANTED

Wanted a Small Bungalow at Matheran for one month. Rent about Rs. 50. Apply stating accommodation etc., Box No. 8184, "Bombay Chronicle."

80. GODOWNS TO LET

A Spacious Godown at Mazagaon, Nesbit Lane to Let immediately. Rent quite moderate. Apply in person or by Correspondence to Muncherji Jeejeebhoy, "Nesbit Hall," Nesbit Road, Mazagaon. (8191).

117. MOTOR CARS FOR SALE

A newly Purchased "Ford" Sedan Standard Car, done only 350 miles offered for sale by the owner, who goes in for larger car. Open to offers. Car can be seen at Silver Jubilee Motors, Ltd., 12, Arsenal Road, Poona. (8192).

147. SCHOOLS (UPCOUNTRY)

Public School Education has proved the best in the world. It is what we give at this School. Term reopens June 10th. Information from, The Principal, Shri Shivaji Preparatory Military School, Poona, 5. 5257.

150. SCHOLARSHIPS

Seth Khimji Dayal Smarak Fund. —Scholarships are to be awarded from the above Fund for Higher Commercial and Industrial Education. Lohanas will have first preference. Applications should reach before 31st May, 1937 to Hon. Secretary, 9, Wallace Street, Fort, Bombay. (5352).

153. CLASSES

Advocates' Examination, Revision, Regular classes beginning shortly. 5|- monthly. Matrics admitted. Postal courses also. Law Institute, Falkland, Bombay, 4. (8195).

175. SECONDHAND BOOKS

Complete William Shakespeare in 12 Volumes. Sacrificed at Rs. 15 per set. No offers. Spot Cash. Apply Box No. 8182, "Bombay Chronicle."

Some old Gujrati Novels are Wanted for free distribution in some of the village libraries. A small purchase price might be offered if required. Apply with particulars to Box No. 8190, the "Bombay Chronicle."

221. BIRTH CONTROL PATENTS

Sexus Paste, best contraceptive jelly. Gelotube, best venereal preventive. Write for Catalogue. Right Agency, Girgaum, Bombay. (7954)

347. LOANS & MORTGAGES

Money advanced on personal security to Government Servant in Bombay on mortgage. Jewellery Gold, property, etc. Please see personally or ring 42669. Money Arranging Co., 292, Shanti Nivas, Bombay 4. (8205).

Wanted a Loan of One Lac at 6 per cent. on Mortgage of an excellently situated property in a Hindoo locality. Brokers need not apply. Box No. 8188, "Bombay Chronicle."

378. DISTRIBUTORS

Distributors to sell "Imperial" colours, chemicals. Lucrative pay. Credit allowed No security. Ratanshi Shah Co., Bombay, 18. (8204).

Public Notices.

GOVERNMENT Announcements, Legal and Public Notifications are published in these columns at the following rates:—

	Per column inch Per insertion
1st Insertion	.. Rs. 7-8-0
2nd Insertion	.. Rs. 5-8-0
3rd Insertion	.. Rs. 4-8-0
4th and Subsequent Insertions	.. Rs. 3-8-0

Mofussil Advertisers are requested to send remittances in advance and state clearly whether they wish to insert their advertisements in these columns or in the Classified.

Public Notices.

NOTICE.

We have pleasure in announcing that we have admitted Mr. PAUL GEOFFREY OULTON as a Partner in our firm from 1st May 1937.

LANGLEY & CO.

8171.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

ADDITIONAL MOTIONS to the following effect of which notices have been received will be placed before the ORDINARY MONTHLY MEETING of the CORPORATION called for MONDAY, the 3rd May, 1937, at 3 P.M. (Bombay Time):—

73. From Mr. I. S. Patel—For requesting the Commissioner not to allow the Contractors for the right of collecting squatters' fees to charge a squatter a fee in excess of the fixed amount per square yard so long as the squatter confines his business within the limit of space allotted to him etc.

74. From Mr. M. A. Dabholkar —For requesting the G.I.P. and the B.B. & C.I. Railway Authorities to take stringent measures to eradicate the beggar nuisance in the suburban trains.

75-77. From Mr. Cooverji J. Shah—For (75) requesting the Commissioner to invite separate tenders for vegetarian and non-vegetarian foodstuffs to be supplied to the Municipal Hospitals (76) obtaining a report from the Commissioner as to the existence, etc., of Tawda shops and factories round about the Dongri New Market and (77) representing to Government the hardships caused to the Grain Dealers and the public by the adoption of a 'Phara' of 13 'Pailies.'

78. From Mr. Mathooradas Tricamjee, seconded by Dr. J. N. Choksy—For requesting Government to undertake legislation for increasing the number of elected seats at ward elections from 86 to 97 and for distributing them between the existing 7 Wards on the basis suggested by them.

79-80. From Mr. B. G. Parelkar —For requesting the G.I.P. Railway Authorities (79) to enforce the rule prohibiting passengers from standing in the doorway and riding on footboards of carriages and (80) to take steps to relieve certain inconveniences caused to passengers on the Harbour Line at Sewri and Dockyard Road Stations.

By Order of His Worship the Mayor,
D. V. NADKARNI,
Municipal Secretary.
Municipal Corporation Office,
Bombay, 1st May, 1937.

5361.

SHA HURGOVAN ANANDJI DESAI'S FREE BOARDING INSTITUTION.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED so as to reach the undersigned on or before TUESDAY the 1st June, 1937, from High Caste Hindu male students, who have passed their School Leaving Examination or such other Examinations as would qualify them for prosecuting their studies further in Technical subjects at the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute or the subjects of Commerce, Medicine, Veterinary Science and such subjects as are taught at the Bombay School of Art and who desire to prosecute their studies but cannot do so owing to want of means. Applications from those who want to study for the ARTS AND SCIENCE DEGREES OF THE UNIVERSITY are NOT invited this year.

As admission is refused after certain dates by various Institutions and Colleges, applicants desiring to prosecute their studies in the Institutions and Colleges teaching the subjects mentioned above should submit their applications direct to the authorities concerned in due time and also apply to this Office on the prescribed form and intimate immediately when admission is obtained.

Printed forms of applications can be had by sending an envelope containing applicant's full address with one anna postage or on personal application.

APPLICANTS ARE STRICTLY FORBIDDEN FROM BRINGING ANY PRESSURE OR RECOMMENDATION PESONALLY ON THE TRUSTEES BY LETTERS OR OTHERWISE VIOLATION OF THIS WILL BE A DISQUALIFICATION.

MANILAL K. DESAI,
B.A., LL.B.,
Secretary,
Sha Hurgovan Anandji Desai's Charities Trust Office:
Corner Pinjrapole Street,
Bombay 4.

8349.

Digitized with financial assistance from the Government of Maharashtra on 17 April, 2017

Public Notices.

S. S. "FUKUYO MARU"

CONSIGNEES OF CARGO per the above steamer are hereby informed of her arrival here on 29th April, 1937, from Japan via ports en route and requested to present Bills of Lading for counter-signature without delay. Applications for survey should be made in writing to the undersigned within 7 days after discharging and prior to removal of cargo from the Landing Shed. Consignments of Tallow shipped per M. S. "SYDNEY MARU" from Wellington and Auckland have also arrived per this steamer.

N. MATSURA,
Manager,
Osaka Shosen Kaisha.

THE SCINDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY, LIMITED.

TWENTY-FIVE SHARES CERTIFICATES Nos. 194806 to 194815 and 353305/19 of the above Company standing in the name of Mr. S. M. Cooper and 25 Share Certificates Nos. 145181 to 145205 of the above Company standing in the joint names of Mrs. Armaity S. Cooper and Mr. S. M. Cooper are lost or mislaid. Any claim in respect of the said shares should be notified to the Office of the Company, Sudama House, Ballard Estate, Bombay within eight days, otherwise duplicate certificates will be issued to the abovenamed.

NAROTTAM MORARJI & CO.,
Agents.

5347.

SALE OF A VERY VALUABLE BUNGALOW AT KANDIVLI.

OFFERS IN WRITING for the purchase of a very valuable bungalow situate at Khimji Khajuria Road bearing No. 18 with land admeasuring about 12271 sq. yards belonging to the estate of the late Seth Gordhandas Khetsey are invited by the undersigned so as to reach them by the 15th day of May, 1937. Further particulars can be had from the undersigned.

Dated this 30th day of April, 1937.

MADHAVJI AND CO.,
Attorneys for the Executor of the last Will of Seth Gordhandas Khetsey, deceased.
33, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

5363

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.
(Central Technological Institute, Bombay Presidency) Matunga, Bombay

New Admissions.
Session 1937-38
DIPLOMA COURSES

1. Mechanical Engineering.
2. Electrical Engineering.
3. Textile Manufacture (Cotton).
4. Technical & Applied Chemistry.
5. Sanitary Engineering & Plumbing.

Each course is of four years' duration divided into eight terms of six months each. Fees Rs. 60 per term for bona fide Bombay Presidency candidates; Rs. 85 for others. Admission on Entrance Examination to be held on 14th June.

SHORT COURSES

Classes held on Saturday mornings:—

1. ENGINEERING APPRENTICE CLASSES—For men working in Engineering Works—Two years' course, comprising four terms. Fees Rs. 20 per term.
2. TEXTILE APPRENTICE CLASSES—For men working in mills. Two years' course. Either Spinning or Weaving Fees Rs. 45 per annum.

Entrance Examination for new admissions to the above classes will be held on Saturday 29th May.

3. ELECTRICAL WIREMEN'S CLASSES (Class II)—Instruction in Marathi as well as English. Six months' course. Fees Rs. 20 New Class starts on 5th June.

(Class I)—Instruction in English only. Fees Rs. 25 Six months' course. Held at the New Bombay High School, Girgaum Road, Bombay, on FRIDAY evenings only. New class starts on 4th June.

4. RADIO COMMUNICATION CLASSES (Elementary)—For men engaged in Radio trade and amateurs. Course of about 4½ months. —Classes held on Mondays and Thursdays evenings only. Fees Rs. 25 Entrance Examination on June 14th. New classes start on 17th June.

For forms of application and further particulars apply to the Principal and Secretary, enclosing a STAMPED AND ADDRESSED ENVELOPE for each of the different courses or classes mentioned above.

5357.

Public Notices.

VICTORIA JUBILEE TECHNICAL INSTITUTE.

APPLICATIONS ARE INVITED for the following posts:—

1. Teaching Assistant—Mechanical Engineering Department.
2. Teaching Assistant—Electrical Engineering Department.
3. Teaching Assistant—Sanitary Engineering Department.
4. Teaching Assistant—Technical Chemistry Department.
5. Teaching Assistant—For English and Economics (preferably with knowledge of Cotton and Engineering Economics).

Salary scale Rs. 110—10—170. One year's probation. Condition to join immediately.

Apply in tabulated form giving the following particulars:—

1. Post applied for;
2. Name in full;
3. Address;
4. Age;
5. Domicile;
6. Qualifications—
   (a) Educational,
   (b) Teaching experience,
   (c) Practical experience other than teaching.
7. Present employment.

Candidates called for interview will have to bear their own expenses.

Copies of testimonials will not be returned.

Separate application should be made for each post.

Applications with copies of not more than 3 recent testimonials should be forwarded by Post to the Principal and Secretary, V. J. Technical Institute, Matunga, Bombay 19, so as to reach him not later than 17th May, 1937.

GEO. W. BURLEY,
Principal & Secretary.

30-4-'37. 5358.

TENDERS FOR PAPER AND STATIONERY

SEALED TENDERS ARE INVITED for the supply of papers for the Press and stationery articles for the use of Government Offices for one year from 1-8-1937.

Tenders should reach the undersigned before 9-0 hours on 31st May 1937, superscribed on the envelope, "Tender for paper and stationery".

Copies of specifications and conditions of supply (in duplicate) can be had on any working day during office hours (i.e. 7-30 to 10-30 hours) on payment of Rs. 5/- (five) only in cash or by money order only.

Baroda, dated 28th April 1937.

B. T. KALE,
Manager,
State Press & Stationery Dept.

5360.

Legal Notices

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION

Suit No. 784 of 1935

PRITAMLAL VRIJBHUKHANDAS PAKVASA Plaintiff.
Vs.
JEHTABHAI HARIDAS Defendant.

PURSUANT to Decree Absolute for Sale, dated 24th day of June, 1936, the following immovable properties will be sold in one lot by Public Auction by the Commissioner of this Honourable Court at his office in the Court House on WEDNESDAY, 5th day of May, 1937, at 3 P.M. (S.T.)

FIRSTLY.—All that piece of freehold land, together with the building standing thereon, situate on the Eastern side of Doongri Street, Bombay, admeasuring 212 square yards or thereabouts bearing Collector's Old No. 700, New No. 3173, Old Survey No. 17-18 and New Survey No. 2476 and Cadastral Survey No. 251 of Mandvi Division and Municipal B Ward No. 1149 and Street No. 379.

SECONDLY.—All that piece of Pension and Tax land but now redeemed together with the buildings standing thereon situate at Doongri Street, admeasuring 150 square yards or thereabouts and bearing Municipal B Ward No. 1148, Street No. 381 and Land Revenue Old No. 700, New No. 3173, Old Survey No. 17 and 18 and New Survey No. 2476 and Cadastral Survey No. 251 of Mandvi Division.

For Further particulars and conditions of Sale, application should be made at the Office of the said Commissioner or at the Office of Messrs. TYABJI DAYABHAI & CO., Attorneys for the Plaintiff abovenamed at No. 41 Hummum Street, Fort, Bombay.

Dated this 25th day of March, 1937.

(Sd.) G. R. Khairaj.
Commissioner.

5346.

Legal Notices.

NOTICE

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that at the Auction Sale held on the 18th day of April, 1937, under instructions from Messrs HARIDAS AND CO. Attorneys for the Mortgagees Messrs Bilasrai Joharmal and Brijlal Ramjidas and on account and at the risk of the Mortgagors Amratlal Amarchand and Manilal Amarchand and others, our clients Messrs Thacker Desai and Co. were the highest bidders and declared to be the Purchasers of the under-mentioned property.

ALL Persons having any claim against or to the said property by way of inheritance, mortgage, sale, gift, lease, lien, charge, trust, maintenance, easement or otherwise howsoever are hereby required to mak the same known in writing to the undersigned at their Office, 77 at Medows Street, Fort, Bombay, within 14 days from the date hereof, otherwise the sale will be completed without reference to such claim and the same, if any, will be considered as waived.

The Schedule of the Property above referred to:—

ALL that piece or parcel of land or ground together with the structures standing thereon, situate, lying, and being at Ghatkopar in the Registration Sub-District of Bandra, Taluka South Salsette in the Bombay Suburban District, bearing the following Numbers:—

S. No.	Pot Hissa.	Area.	Assessment.
175A	i	0-7-3|4	0-14-0
	Kharaba	0- -1|4	
	2 & 3	0-6-3|4	0- 8-0
		0- -1|2	
	4	0-5-3|4	0- 5-0
		0- -1|2	
	5	0-2-1|4	0- 2-0
		0-1-1|2	
	6	0-10-1|2	1- 2-0
		0- -3|4	
	7	0-11	1- 0-0
		0-2-3|4	
	8	0-3-3|4	0- 6-0
		0-14	
9 to 16 & 17|1		0-27-3|4	2-14-2
		0-2-1|2	
175A	Paini	0-2	0- 1-0
	2	0-1|2	
	4|1	0- -1|2	0-0-11
		0-1-1|2	
	7	0- -1|2	Nil.
		2-9-1|4	7- 5-1

Less 1290 Square Yards belonging to Mathuradas Dayal and now his son Virji Mathuradas Dayal on which a Bungalow No. 73A stands.

Dated this 29th day of April, 1937.

AMIN & DESAI,
Purchasers' Attorneys

5359

Auction Sales

SORABJEE COWASJEE & Co.

SALE by the undersigned of Household Furniture, Frigidaire, etc. at their Sale Rooms at 123, Medows Street, on Wednesday the 5th May 1937 at 3 P.M. (S. T.) the property of a European Gentleman comprising:—

Drawing room suite with loose cushions, book case, glass cabinet, screen, carpets, writing table, dining table and chairs, frigidaire, almirahs, dressing table, chest of drawers, electric stove, water heater, cooking utensils, etc.

By order of the parties concerned:—

Mother-of-pearl inlaid drawing room suite in six pieces, artistic drawing room cabinets, show cases, zunda cupboard, dining table and chairs, teak and iron bedsteads, chest of drawers, dressing tables, card table, hat stands easy chairs and similar other household articles.

SORABJEE COWASJEE & CO.

N. Y. K LINE

Passage Rates from Bombay

	SINGLE Cabin £	SINGLE T'st £	RETURN Cabin £	RETURN T'st £
Colombo	7-0	5-0	12-12	9-0
Singapore	19-0	12-0	30-0	18-0
Hongkong	26-0	17-0	46-16	30-0
Shanghai	30-0	19-0	50- 0	30-0
Kobe	35-0	22-0	50- 0	30-0
Yokohama	36-0	23-0	50- 0	30-0

Reduced Through Rates to San Francisco Los Angeles, Vancouver and Seattle on application

Revised Passage Rates from Colombo

		London £	M'Seilles £
1st	A	69-0	64-0
	B	66-0	61-0
	C	54-0	49-0
	D	49-0	44-0
2nd	A	44-0	40-0
	B	34-0	30-0
	C	31-0	27-0

Reduced 3rd class Students' Rates from Colombo to Europe on application

For particulars of passage and sailings etc., please apply to:—

NIPPON YUSEN KAISHA
Lloyds Bldg., Bombay Road, Bombay
'Phone No 22041. Telegrams: 'YUSEN

Speeding Up Rural Drive

Gandhi Seva Sangh Adumbrates Comprehensive Plan Of Village Service

The following resolutions were passed at the Third Annual Conference of the Gandhi Seva Sangha held recently at Hudli.

1. This conference is of opinion, that although the main object of the Gandhi Seva Sangha continues, as before, to be the promotion of the constructive programme, such as the Khadi, etc., still the time has come when some change should be made in the following resolution made by the Karyavahak Samiti on 28th August, 1936, namely: "That the Sevak and Sahayogi members of Gandhi Seva Sangha cannot stand up for Assembly elections as long as they continue to be Sevak or Sahayogi members"; and consequently authorises the Karyavahak Samiti to permit, if it deems proper, any member to enter the Legislative Assemblies.

2. (a) This conference is of opinion that the following be substituted for the present definition of the term 'Sahayak Member' in Art. IV of the Constitution:

"(e) A Sahayak shall render regular financial assistance or contribute lump sum donations to the Sangha, the adequacy of which will in each case be left to the honour of the donor".

(b) This conference is of opinion that those Sevaks or Sahayogi members who are unable to spin 1,000 yards of yarn per month as required by the Constitution should resign their membership.

(c) The Conference is of opinion that the following words be added at the end of clauses (c-iv) and (d-iii) of Art. IV of the Constitution, that is to say, "unless prevented by physical disability."

(d) Inasmuch as some of the members of the Sangha are not present at the conference, and no due notice of the above changes was given to the members as required by the rules, it was resolved that the resolution should be deemed to have been passed after giving the absentee members an opportunity to express their opinion on the proposed changes by a circular.

3. Resolved that the following words be added at the end of Art. XIII of the Constitution:

"Provided that the President may for proper reasons exempt any member from sending the quarterly reports or permit him to send a half-yearly or yearly report."

4. In the opinion of the Sangha there is in our country a very great scarcity of water both for drinking and irrigation purposes. Consequently, the digging, cleansing and keeping in good condition of wells, tanks, etc., and the contribution of funds, materials and personal labour for that purpose, may well be regarded as an important duty of our times. The Sangha, therefore requests all its members as well as the people to take interest in this work and to render it all kind of assistance.

VILLAGE SERVICE PLAN

5. This conference recommends to the village workers—

(a) that for the next few years, they should undertake the following programme of village-service, namely, the construction and repair of village roads, maintenance of proper conservancy arrangements in the villages by introducing trench or other kinds of latrines and urinals, the digging and cleansing of well, tanks, etc., and to the extent of their means, improvement of village life by creating clean sport grounds, orchards, gardens, etc., that attempt should be made to obtain the co-operation of as many local inhabitants as possible in carrying out this programme; that, at times, a few days' special programme may be devised in which the village workers and enthusiastic inhabitants of neighbouring villages may be invited to co-operate therein by turns.

The workers are advised to maintain proper registers of such work so that when we meet again in 1938, it may be possible for us to report the number of village roads made or repaired, latrines and urinals constructed, wells and tanks dug, maintained and cleaned, the gardens, orchards, sport grounds laid out, the number of local and other workers and men and women of all ages that took part therein, and the money and materials used and the way in which they were collected, etc., and (b) that Medical assistance and village schools should be regarded as supplementary activities to this programme.

ENCOURAGE HINDI

6. (a) The conference congratulates Sjt. Appa Saheb Patwardhan and others who, by passing the first examination in Hindi have by their personal example encouraged the cause of the national language, and requests the workers of Gujarat, Bengal, Orissa and South India to follow their example.

(b) This conference requests the Congress and other all-India Institutions to introduce the practice of preparing their constitutions, resolutions, etc., as also the speeches, statements, etc., of their Presidents and other leaders in Hindi or Hindustani.

(c) This conference resolves that the Hindi translation of the present constitution of the Gandhi Seva Sangh be regarded as the original constitution, and authorises the Karyawahak Samiti to examine and correct the present translation.

NATIONAL EDUCATION

7. Whereas time has come for re-examining fully the problem of National Education, this Conference requests the Gujarat Vidyapith to convene a small committee or conference of teachers selected from the several National Vidyapithas and schools and of other workers and have the different problems connected with national education examined by them, and prepare a practical scheme for the guidance of National Educational institutions.

BE ONE WITH HARIJANS

8. Whereas the object of the Sangha is to fulfil the constructive programme of the Congress from the religious stand-point, it is the duty of the members of the Sangha that in such matters as the removal of untouchability, they should, by coming into direct contact with the Bhangi and other Harijans show them and others that they make no distinction whatever between Harijans and non-Harijans; for example they should bring Harijans, into their homes, give them the same hospitality as to others, seek opportunities of dining with them, keep a Harijan companion, bring up a Harijan boy in their home, visit Harijan locality and render them service in various ways, and take part in their vocations in order to show that their profession are not mean.

"GOSEVA" PLAN

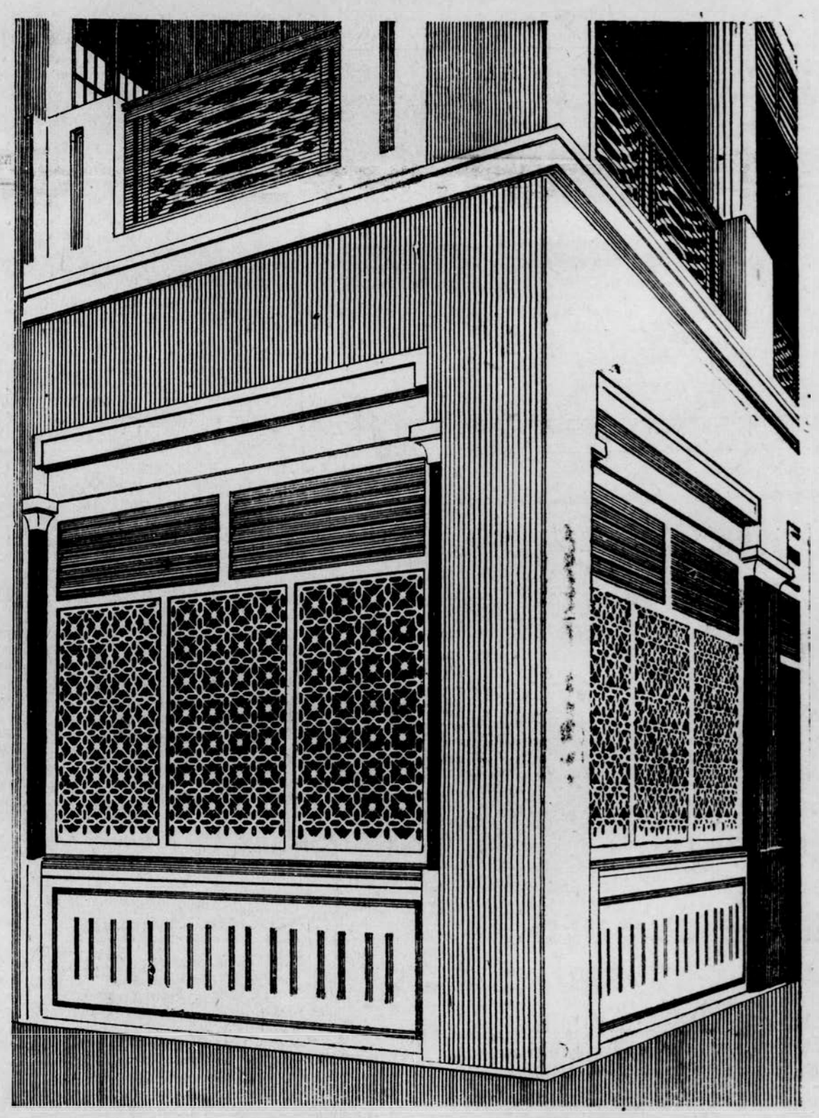
9. Whereas the material and moral uplift of India is one of objects of the Sangha and whereas in the protection of the cattle wealth there is clear 'Ahimsa' as well as a material gain of millions the attention of the members is drawn towards "Goseva". It is the duty of the members that they should as far as possible learn the science of keeping and breeding the cow and endeavour to protect the cow wealth to the extent of their capacity; and that they should at least attempt as much as they can to consume the cow milk and its products in preference to that of the buffalo and other animals, and propagate the use of cow's milk.

K. E. M. Hospital Dean Warns Philanthropists

The Dean, K. E. M. Hospital, Bombay, desires to bring to the notice of the public that he found a certain person taking round a list for subscriptions to generous people stating that a large sum of money was required for buying an artificial limb for a patient who was once treated in the K. E. M. Hospital. With a view to collecting a large amount he confessed to making false entries in the subscriptions list about having received subscriptions from persons giving fictitious names. He was able to persuade two J.Ps. to sign his appeal which for the sake of effect, bore the photo of the unfortunate lady, vouching for the correctness of the statements made in the appeal.

Varying sums of money in response to this appeal were contributed by Government officials and responsible members of the public, who in their kindness of heart had apparently done so in good faith but without a reference to the Hospital authorities. As sufficient funds exist in the Poor Box Charity Fund of the K. E. M. Hospital for the purchase of the necessary requirements of such a nature for the use of patients Dr. Jivraj N. Mehta would like it to be known that subscription lists of the type are unauthorised and should be at once discouraged; and further that if such lists are brought to any one, a reference may please be made to him and thus stop the public from being duped by unauthorised collectors in the name of helpless patients.

Decorative Concrete Windows In a Private Residence



In the days of the Mogul Emperors, windows were made of marble and owing to the high cost, their use was limited.

In these days, attractive windows can be made in concrete at an outlay of about Re. 1/- per sq. ft. and we see them in use in nearly every house.

Free Coupon

Cut this Coupon along the dotted line and send it to us.

To
The Concrete Association of India,
P. O. Box 138, Bombay.
Please send me a Bulletin on Jalli Works
Name .....
(Profession) .....
Address .....
B.C.

TO-DAY ON RADIO

Empire Broadcasting

GSH 21.47 Mc/s (13.97m.), GSG 17.79 Mc/s (16.86m.), GSF 15.14 Mc/s (19.82m.).

p.m.

7-15 Big Ben. The Football Association Cup Final. A commentary by George Allison and Ivan Sharpe, from the Empire Stadium, Wembley. 9-15 Light Orchestral Music. 9-25 'Responsibilities of Empire'. 3. A talk by the Right Hon. Winston Churchill, C.H., M.P. 9-40 The News and Announcements.

Bombay Programme

VUB 350.9 metres, 855 Kc/s.

8-0 a.m. A Violin Recital. A VUB Artist. 8-15 Urdu Songs. Gulamally Currim. 8-30 Talk (Hindi): "Famous Women of Hindustan." No. 2. Padmini. By Dr. D. R. Prem. Hindustani Songs. Gulamally Currim. 9-0 Marathi Selections.

1-0 p.m. Available Market Rates and Announcements. Leoo Goutkin's Russian Trio. Leo Goutkin Violin. Rudolph Kougel Cello. Michel Beno Piano. 6-0 The News in Marathi. 6-5 Light Classical Music. Manoramabai Parwatkar. 7-0 To the Bhumijan A programme arranged for the villager. 8-0 Talk (Marathi): "Fads and Fusses." Food for Babies. By Dr. G. M. Bhatt. 8-15 Hindol. Marwa. (The VUB Indian Orchestra). 8-30 Commercial News and the News in Hindi. 9-0 Talk (English): "The Week in Sport." By Frank Tarrant. 9-15 The News. 9-30 A Violin Recital. Gretel Sommer Violin. E. Klein Piano. Sonata in D Major Handel. Adagio, Allegro, Larghetto, Allegro. Praludium for solo violin in E Major Bach. Praludium Allegro Pugnani-Kreisler. "Libesleid" Kreisler. 10-0 Record Review. By R. A. Babonau.

Calcutta Programme

All transmissions will be on VUC 370.4 metres, 810 Kc/s and 49.10 metres 6.109 Kc/s.

(Add 24 minutes to all timings for Calcutta time.)

12-36 "Musical Moments." Supported by full Orchestra. Calcutta Weather Bulletin for Ocean and Rivercraft. 1-36 Song Recital Kumari Ashalata Chowdhury Modern Bengali Song. Kumari Ramola Das Gupta Bhajan. Subal Das Gupta and Sudhira Sen Gupta Duet. Bhajan and Kirtan. Mr. and Mrs. Das Gupta. Comic Sketch. 2-6 Talk: "Woman's Status Through the Ages." No. 3. Abarodh Bashini. By Jyotirmoyee Ganguli. 2-21 "May Blossoms." A Feature Programme. Produced by Sucharita Devi. 5-6 The Beighton Cup Hockey Tournament Commentary on the Final from the C. F. C. Ground. 6-6 Bengali Song. (Old Style). Bhabatosh Bhattacharya. 6-21 Classico-modern Song K. C. Dey. 6-36 "Indumati." Written by Sm. Suprabha Devi. 7-36 Talk: "Law for Laymen." No. 3. By Jatindra Mohon Dutta. 7-51 Light Bengali Songs. Maya Banerjee. 8-6 The News and Weather Report (In Bengali). 8-21 Thumri (Hindustani). Benode Ganguly. 8-41 Gazal and Dadra (Hindustani). Indubala. 9-1 Commercial News and Weather Report (In English). 9-6 The News and Announcements. 9-21 Two Short Sketches. 9-36 Dance Music. From "Prince's" Restaurant.

Delhi Programme

VUD 340.13 metres, 882 Kc/s.

7-0 a. m. Air Orchestra. Shudh Bhairon. 7-10 G. A. Joshi. Classical and Light Music. 7-45 Sarod. 7-50 Afzal Hussain. 8-10 Zohra Jan. 8-40 1st News Bulletin (Hindustani). 8-50 1st News Bulletin (English.)

6-30 p.m. Air Orchestra. Durga. 6-40 G. A. Joshi. Classical and Light Music. 7-15 Sitar. By Haider Husain Chughtai. 7-30 "For Villagers Only." (Time Signal and Delhi Market Rates at 8-0 p.m.) 8-15 Talk (Hindustani): "Odds and Ends." No. 5. By Shaukat Thanvi. 8-30 Air Orchestra. 8-40 Zohra Jan. Thumri Desh. Dadra. 9-15 2nd News and Weather Report (Hindustani). 9-30 2nd News and Weather Report (English). 9-45 Talk (English): "The Mystery of Mahabharat." No. 4. Mahabharata as the Battle of Life. By Principal [illegible]. 10-0 Play (Hindustani): "Mirzaji." (Dramatised from M. Aslam's book of the same name.) Performed by Air Artists. 10-30 Indian Music. (Recorded).

Peshawar Programme

VUP 200 metres, 1,500 Kc/s.

7-0 a.m. "Morning Melodies." (Recorded.)

6-30 p.m. "Khagare Atare." (An hour with villagers). 7-35 Khyber Radio Orchestra. Gujri Todi. 7-45 Talk (Hindustani): "Facts about the Frontier." No. 3 The Girl Guides. Movement. By Shrimati Karam Devi. 8-0 Inayat Hussain. Basant Paraj. 8-15 Umrao Zia Begum. Ghazal. 8-25 Dance Melodies. On Sarenda. 8-30 Umrao Zia Begum. Film Songs. 8-45 Dilber Raj. Persian Ghazal. 8-52 Mohd. Nasir. Pushto Song. 9-0 Umrao Zia Begum & Inayat Hussain Duets. 9-15 The News and Weather Report (Hindustani), 9-30 the News and Weather report (English) 9-45 Khyber Radio Orchestra Bahr; 9-55 Inyat Husain, Thumri; 10-5 Umrao Zia Begum, light music; 10-15 Khambavati, on Star; 10-20 Umrao Zia Begum, Popular song.

Java Programme

(WL. 29m., also W 25, 27 & 31m.).

4-30 Gymnastics. 4-45 Gramophone music. 5-00 Time signal.—Gram. Music (contd.) 9-00 Opening. 9-03 Popular Titbits. 9-40 Divine Service. 10-00 Time signal—weather forecast. 10-05 classical music. 10-30 Lunch music. 11-30 Popular programme. 12-20 The new (repeated). 16-00 Time signal—opening announcement. 16-03 Afternoon concert. 17-00 The news. 17-20 Eick-wat-wills. 18-10 Recitation. 18-30 Military band. 19-15 Classical music. 20-00 Popular programme. 20-20 Dance music by Chappy's Hungarian Orchestra.

Phohi Programme

(WL. 16.88m.).

6-35 Latest news from Holland. 6-50 Broadcast by the Rom. Cath. Broad. Assn. 1. March. 2. Talk. 3. Gramophone music. 4. Political talk. 5. Mission news. 6. News from Holland. 7-50 Amsterdam Exchange. 8-00 From week to week talk by L. Aletrino. 8-20 Gramophone records. 8-25 Meeting of the Phohi club. 8-45 Gramophone records.

"ONLY ON SMALL SCALE"

Gaming House Conductor's Plea At Dadar Court

Sakharam Babaji, Tukaram Bhoga and Changia Raoji, arrested on 11th of January last in the Bombay Tramway Company's Chawls, Suparibaug Road by Sub-Inspector Sawant on gaming charges were convicted at the Dadar Police Court.

Shanker Babaji was fined Rs. 500 or 1 month's rigorous imprisonment and the other two to a fine of Rs. 10 or 1 week's rigorous imprisonment.

The accused pleaded guilty to the charges.

Sakharam confessed he was conducting the business on a small scale and he was deputed to it by an unknown man.

Sergeants Get Down From Car

Another man Veljee Mowjee, arrested in dramatic circumstances by Sub-Inspector Vasavada and Sergeant Ballantine nearly a year ago was sentenced at Dadar Police Court to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment under the Gambling Act.

The Police Officers who were driving in a car at the time saw a crowd near a lamp-post in Telang Road and stopped the car.

On seeing them, the crowd took to heels and the accused who was trying to pick up a slip from a cap kept on the road was arrested.

The plea of the accused that Sutta slips or the note book was not seized from his hand and that he was only returning from a water-tap in a 'wadi' was rejected by the Magistrate.

The accused admitted a previous conviction under the Gambling Act.

AROUND THE COURTS

BOMBAY, Friday.

Said by the police to be a notorious character, who had escaped from lawful custody, Mohomed Hussein was remanded in custody till May 14 at the Third Presidency Magistrate's Court, Esplanade, today.

[illegible]ed Hussein was arrested yesterday on charges of housebreaking, theft and escaping from lawful custody. It is stated, he had escaped from Nasik Road Central Prison while undergoing imprisonment of transportation for life.

An interesting point of dispute was raised by Sub-Inspector Patankar when the case, in which Sobhagchand Nagirchand, Laxmibai Kisan and Kalpa Rambhilawan were charged with living on earnings of prostitution, came up before the Girgaum Police Court to-day.

The accused were arrested by the Vigilance Branch at Gamdevi on April 16 last.

Mr. M. N. Talpade counsel for Laxmibai represented that another girl was also arrested with his client and was sought to be remanded to the Children's Home. On his representation, she was remanded into the Shraddhanand Women's Home at Matunga.

Incinsistency in Names

He now requested the Court to permit her to be taken away by her husband, who had turned up from Uran.

Sub-Inspector Patankar objected saying that there was an inconsistency as the name of her husband given by the girl did not tally with the name of the person who claimed her.

Pending settlement of the point in the Court as represented by Mr. Talpade the accused were ordered to be bailed out till May 5th at the Girgaum Police Court.

That death was caused by shock and haemorrhage from multiple homicidal stab wounds was the verdict returned by the Bombay Coroner's jury at the inquest held to-day on Ramdularibai, who was found murdered with her paramour in a room at Old Satta Gally on April 12.

The jury added a rider stating that on circumstantial evidence they hold that the wounds had been inflicted by means of a clasp knife by Kalicharan Ramprasad, who absconded from Bombay. He ought to be prosecuted for murder.

It was stated by a police officer of the Princess Street Police Station that enquiries showed that Kalicharan Ramprasad who was residing in the same room was on [illegible]nimical terms with Brijbahadur. It appeared that on the night of April 11, there was a quarrel between Kalicharan and the dead man, which culminated in the double murder.

Mohan Ramdhan deposed that he had known both the deceased for the last three or four years Kalicharan and Brijbahadur often quarrelled over Ramdularibai.

On the morning of April 12 he was roused from his sleep by one Durya Devkaran who told him that he had heard a cry from the room occupied by Brijbahadur. The witness shouted out for him. Not getting any response, he went upto the room and found it locked. He did not take notice of it as he had been told by the deceased that he was going to vacate the room.

It was later in the day that he heard that Police had opened the room and that Brijbahadur and Ramdularibai had been murdered.

An inquest was held to-day on the body of S. Ernest Chard (36), a European salesman, residing at Victoria 3rd Cross Lane.

The brother of the deceased stated that, Ernest was a salesman in Gestetner Ltd. He had gone on a business tour and was expected back during the day some time yesterday. Witness went to the house of the deceased at 8 p.m. to see whether he had arrived. He took his wife to his (witness's) house as she was very unwell.

FELL FROM WINDOW

This morning at about 2-30 he received information that his brother had fallen down from the window and that he was removed to the hospital.

He went to J. J. Hospital, and he saw him in a semi-conscious condition. He died this morning at about 5-30 a.m.

The inquest was adjourned to May 4 for further evidence.

Bhopal At Health Resort

H. H. the Nawab of Bhopal is taking a short cure at Bath, the well-known spa in the West Country, England.

AMATEUR CINE ENTHUSIASTS

(From A Correspondent.)

The recently formed Amateur Cine Group of the Motion Picture Society in Bombay, are now looking for a suitable house at which they can equip with a projection room and various apparatus. At a committee meeting in Green's Hotel on Thursday night, Mr. H. E. Ormerod, the Chairman, presiding, it was decided that the first two meetings should be held in temporary premises, but that later on the question of obtaining and equipping their own home should be considered, when it became known what amount of money became available for this purpose.

The committee decided to meet once a month for the present and to ascertain the feeling of members on this point at the first meeting which was fixed for Friday, May 14, in the B.E.S.T. Projection Room in the new air-conditioned offices at 6-30 p. m. A programme committee was appointed to settle details of this meeting.

It was reported to the committee that several life members and over 60 members have already joined and a special recruiting committee was appointed as follows: Mr. D.J. Patel, Mr. M. Bartley, Mr. K.S. Hirlekar, Mr. V.G. Motwane, with the Jt. Hon. Secretaries Dr. P.V. Pathy and Mr. T. Evans. Dr. S.B. Yodh was elected Vice-Chairman and Mr. Fazulbhoy Treasurer. Mr. Fazulbhoy offered his projection room at Film City whenever this might be of use.

MAY DAY CELEBRATIONS

To-day's Programme Of Demonstrations

May Day will be celebrated in the city to-day by two mass meetings one at Chowpatty and the second at Lalbaugh. The Bombay Provincial Trade Union Congress Committee, The Bombay Provincial Congress Committee, The Bombay Committee of the National Trades Union Federation, The Kisan Propaganda Committee and the Press Workers' Federation are the important organisations that have joined together to celebrate the May-Day.

AT CHOWPATTY

A mass meeting will be held at Chowpatty to-day (Saturday) at 6-15 p. m. when Mr. N. M. Joshi, M.L.A., will preside. Smt. Mani Ben Kara, Messrs. S K Patil, Indulal Yagnik, R S Nimbkar, Yusuf Meherally, V B Karnik, Lalji Pendse. Dhole and J. Bukhari and others will speak. A procession of workers from the North Brook Gardens will join the meeting at Chowpatty.

AT LALBAUGH

A mass meeting of workers will be held at Lalbaugh at 5-30 p.m. when Com. R. A. Khedgikar, M.L.A. will preside. Messrs. S H Jhabvala, S V Parulekar, S P Bhise, B T Randive, C K Narayanaswami, Wamanrao Kulkarni and others will speak.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

Annual General Meeting And Social Gathering

The Second Annual General Meeting of the Social Workers' Society was held on 25th April, at the office of the Adult Education Association. Mrs. B. P. Seervai was voted to the chair. The Annual Report and the statement of accounts were adopted, and the following managing committee for the year 1937, was elected. President, Mr. R. P. Masani, M. A., Vice-President, Miss Kapila Khandwalla, M. A., Hon. Treasurer, Mr. S. S. Shetty, Jt. Hon. Secretaries Miss P. N. Nariman, Mr. A. E. Syed. Members, Miss. K. C. Mehta. Miss N. F. Wadia, Mr. C. G. Vakil and Dr. Datar.

The meeting was followed by the Social Gathering of the members and the guests, when there was light refreshment and music. Mr. K. F. Nariman, speaking, praised the social service rendered to the poor people of the city by the society, and referred to the international spirit of the members for helping the Abyssinian Medical Relief Fund. Mr. Nariman appealed to public spirited citizens to help the society which is very much in need of funds for its activities.

MILITARY LORRY CRASHES

KARACHI, April 29.

A serious sequel to a dust storm accompanied by hail and rain which occurred in Hyderabad is reported by the correspondent of a local paper.

According to this report a military lorry carrying soldiers was caught in the storm and crashed into a three, a number of soldiers being injured.

No confirmation, however, is at present available here.—A. P.

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What would she do? If two generations of older, wiser mothers could answer, they would say, "Don't experiment—give him Virol".

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"Here with a loaf of bread beneath the Bough. A Flask of Wine, a Book of Verse — and Thou Beside me singing in the wilderness — O, Wilderness were Paradise enew."

Wines of IRAN

Wines akin to those rare, precious vintages which inspired Omar Khayyam's immortal verse are yours to enjoy to-day. Wines of Iran—wines of memorable merit from sunny, fertile vineyards—wines to delight the most critical connoisseur—are now obtained by us direct from the Government cellars at Teheran. Make your choice from this variety . . . .

		Rs. as.
MEYKADEH—Teheran		
SHAHANI (Medicated)	No. 34	.. 4- 0
(Repairs shattered nerves)		
Superior Dessert	No. 33	.. 3-14
(White Sweet Wine of exquisite bouquet)		
Red Dessert Wine	No. 31	.. .. 3- 8
VIN FORT DEMI SEC	No. 30	.. .. 3- 4
(A Red Sweet Wine—fully matured and possessing a charming bouquet)		
Dessert Doux	No. 32	.. .. 4- 8
KAZVINKA (Brandy of Iran distilled from special Grapes)	No. 40	 6-14
MASTIQUE	No. 50	 6-14
CHERRY BRANDY	No. 47	 6-14
ORANGE ARAGH	No. 48	 6-14
LEMON ARAGH	No. 51	 6-14
QUINCE ARAGH	No. 54	 6-14
PURE GRAPE ARAGH	No. 55	 6-14

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City & Suburbs

LOCAL ENGAGEMENTS

To-day

Hindu: Chaitra Vad 6, 1993
Muslim: Safar 19, 1305
Parsi: Avan 28, 1306
Hightide: 2-30; 15-38
Lowtide: 8-31; 21-46
Sunrise: 6h. 11m.
Sunset: 7h. 1m.

S S Kaiser-i-Hind with mails for London sails at 1 p.m.

SREE GEETA DISCOURSES

Under the auspices of the Astika Samaj, Vidwan Nedunderu Sreenivasacharya Swami, a disciple of His Holiness Sreemad Andavan of Sreerangam, will give a series of sixteen to twenty discourses on Sreemad Bhagavad Geeta every Saturday at the Samaj Hall commencing from to-day (Saturday) at 4-30 p.m. (S.T.)

DOUBLES TENNIS TOURNAMENT

The Finals of the Doubles Tennis Tournament will be played between G. M. Dalaya and S. Coreley versus S. R. Samuel and Abbas to-day (Saturday) afternoon commencing at 5-30 p.m. on the N.N.H. Tennis Court. Mr. J. C. Maitra will preside.

MAHILA KALA MANDIR

The opening ceremony of the first Arts and Crafts Exhibition will be held to-day (Saturday), at 5 p.m. (S.T.) at the Bombay Education League's High School Thakurdwar. Mrs. Vatsalabai Vithalrao Ghate will preside and inaugurate the opening ceremony.

OFFICIAL AND PERSONAL

Mr. and Mrs. F. Low lunched at Government House on Friday.

Lady Brabourne attended a farewell "At Home" given by the National Indian Association and Women's Work Guild Association at the P.V.M. Gymkhana on Friday.

A PLEASURE TRIP TO NOVHA ISLAND

Persons desiring to participate in the above trip organised by the Kanara Brotherhood, are requested to be present at the Gateway of India, punctually at 2-30 p.m. (S.T.) on Sunday (May 2).

"BOHRA YOUTH LEAGUE"

Under the auspices of the above League a lecture is arranged to-day (Saturday) at the League's Hall, Abdulrehman Street at 9-30 p.m. (S.T.) when Mr. Sitaram, J. Sharma Editor of the 'Praja Mitra Kesari' will deliver a lecture on "The War of Spain" and Mr. Taiyebbhai Roowala will preside.

GRAND VARIETY "VIKATAM"

Comic and mimicry performance, by Vidwan T. V. Ramaswamy Sastrigal of South India fame at Byramjee Jeejeebhoy Hall, Matunga, on Sunday, 2nd inst. at 4-15 p.m. (S.T.)

SEASON-PASS

At Dhobie Talao Tram-Shed a season pass issued, in name of Miss Celine Almeida, for one month from Kurla to Charni Road (via Dadar) was found on 28-4-37 (Wednesday) at 4-30 p.m. It can be recovered from the Secretary to the Editor, any time between office hours.

AMUSEMENTS OF THE DAY

WELLINGTON—"Jawahir-e-Hind" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
EXCELSIOR—"Strangers on Honey Moon" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
REGAL—"Wings of the Morning" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
ROXY—"Pujarin" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
CAPITOL—"Michael Strogoff" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
CENTRAL—"Tukaram" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
PATHE—"Bulldog Drummond" Daily at 3-30, 6-30 and 10 p.m. Sunday morning show at 10 a.m.
OPERA HOUSE—"Prem Kahani" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
WEST-END—"Dolls of Clay" Time as usual.
EMPIRE—"After the Thin Man" Daily at 4, 6-30 and 10 p.m.
MINERVA—"Atma Tarang" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
KRISHNA—"President" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-45 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.
IMPERIAL—"Jagat Kesari" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-30 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3 p.m.
MAJESTIC—"Begunah" Daily at 5-30, 8 and 10-35 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-45 p.m.
PLAZA—"Tarzan Escapes" Daily at 6-30 and 10 p.m. Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 3-30 p.m.
LAXMI—"Pirate Treasure" Time as usual.
KOHINOOR—"Manzil" Daily at 5-15, 8 and 10-30 p.m Matinee, to-day and to-morrow at 2-30 p.m.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS

Steamer "Clan Macnaughton" left Suez on Thursday morning April 29.

SOUTH INDIAN BHAJANA SAMAJ

To-day (Saturday) at 9 p.m. Harikatha Kalakshepam on 'Sita Kalyanam' by Mr. R. Raghunatha Patrachariar.

Sunday 9-30 a.m. to 12 noon Kalyana Utsavam. 6-30 p.m. Procession with Nathaswaram by Mr. Rajanna and party.

ARYA SAMAJ LECTURES

The welknown Arya Sanyashi Swami Sarvadanand has arrived in Bombay. The Girgaum Arya Samaj has arranged the following lectures:—To-day (Saturday) at Matunga Arya Samaj at 6-30 p.m. on Sunday at Fort Arya Samaj 9-0 a.m. and at Girgaum Arya Samaj 6-30 p.m.

SOCIAL WORKERS' SOCIETY

The members of the Social Workers' Society will visit Dharavi Village tomorrow (Sunday). The members will meet at Mahim Station at 8-15 a.m.

BAND AT ESPLANADE BANDSTAND

The Band of the Bombay City Police will play a programme of music at the Esplanade Bandstand, Bombay to-day (Saturday) commencing from 6 to 8 p.m. (S.T.)

BHULESHVAR CONGRESS COMMITTEE

An ordinary and a special meeting of the Managing Council of 'C' Ward District Congress Committee will be held on Sunday May 2 at 8-30 a.m. (S.T.) at the Committee Office Chhotalal Bhuvan, Kalbadevi Road.

A SHOT IN THE NIGHT
A GIRL'S SCREAM!

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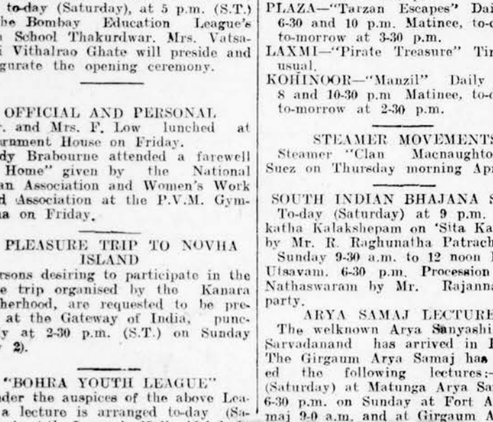

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CHOLERA ON THE INCREASE

Virulence Of Disease In Ranebennur And Shirala

Health conditions in the Bombay Presidency, for the week ending April 24:—

The presidency cholera figures for the week were:—226 attacks and 91 deaths against 164 attacks and 76 deaths in the previous week. Ahmednagar district reported 94 attacks and 34 deaths against 73-37 in the previous week; Satara 58-28 against 36-22; Dharwar 48-19 against 40-11; Nasik 22-8 against 11-4; Poona 3-1 against nil and Sholapur 1-1 against 1-1.

In Dharwar District Ranebennur taluka (44.17) and in Satara District Shiralapeta (51-24) have reported the majority of cases.

PLAGUE.

Seven cases and 1 death from plague were reported during the week against 9-8 in the previous week. Dharwar district had 4 attacks and no deaths against 5-4; Kanara 2-0 against 3-3 and Satara 1-1 against 1-1.

SMALL-POX TOO.

Small-pox figures for the week are:—Kolaba district 80-4; East Khandesh 63-10; Panch Mahals 52-3; Nasik 51-16; Ratnagiri 47-7; Satara 33-3; Surat 15-1; Belgaum 14-0; Broach 11-4; Thana 11-0; Poona 10-0; Ahmedabad 9-3; Sholapur 5-1; Ahmednagar 4-0; Kanara 3-0 and Bombay City 44-18. Total 452 attacks and 70 deaths against 251-45 in the previous week.

CEREBRO-SPINAL FEVER.

Nine attacks and 6 deaths from cerebro-spinal fever were recorded in the Presidency during the week against 15 attacks and 14 deaths in the previous week. Bombay city recorded 5 attacks and 5 deaths and Ahmedabad town 4-1.

Additional Holiday For Coronation

The Government of Bombay have declared Thursday, May 13, to be an additional public holiday under the Negotiable Instruments Act on account of the Coronation of Their Majesties in London.

DR. H. DE SA SILVER JUBILEE PRIZE

The Bombay Obstetric and Gynaecological Society has selected the following subject for the Thesis for the above prize for 1937-38: 'morbidity and mortality of mother and child in breech labour with local statistics.' For further particulars, write to Hon. Secretaries of the Society, Raj Bhuvan, Sandhurst Road, Bombay 4.

ARTS AND CRAFTS EXHIBITION

The opening ceremony of Mahila Kala-Mandir's First Arts and Crafts Exhibition at the Bombay Education Leagues High School, Thakurdwar today at 5 p.m. will be performed by Mrs. Vatsala Bai Vithal Rao Bhate.

TALK ON DHARMA

Sjt. Dharmananda Kosambi will give a talk on "Dharma" in Marathi on Sunday the 2nd inst. at 8-30 a.m.

INDIAN INDUSTRIES FAIR LTD.

As usual, The Indian Industries Fair Ltd., has arranged for a Committee Stall in its 3rd Exhibition for the convenience of the Manufacturers who wish only to exhibit their products. The Indian made articles from the bonafide Manufacturers will be received on the Exhibition Grounds (behind Marine Lines Station) between 9-0 a.m. to 12-0 noon and 3-0 p.m. to 6-0 p.m. from the 2nd May.

The Moffussil Exhibitors are requested to send the samples by Railway Parcel, Freight Paid.

The B.E.S. and T. Co., has also kindly arranged to keep the "B" Route Busses Running till 11-0 p.m. from the 7th May. The Bus Stage is on Queens Road, at the Junction of the 1st, Marine Street and Queens Road, near the Railway Bridge.

LECTURE ON MUSIC

Under the joint auspices of Bombay Kannada Sangha and Asthika Samaj, a lecture on 'Karnataki and Hindustani Music' with demonstrations on Violin, Harmonium and Veena will be given by Prof. B. S. Rao of Sarada Music School, in the Asthika Samaj Hall, Matunga to-morrow (Sunday) at 8-30 a.m. Mr. N. Krishnamurthi, (disciple of Vainikapravania Venkatagiriappa, Palace Vidwan of Mysore) will preside.

The lecture will be followed by discussion.

MATUNGA ARYA SAMAJ

Under the auspices of Matunga Arya Samaj a public meeting will be held at Matunga Arya Samaj Mandir to-day (Saturday) at 7 p. m. (S.T.) under the presidentship of Dr. Kalyandas J. Desai, when an address will be presented to Rajaratna, Rajamitra, Pandit Atmaramji, the Hon. Kulpati, Baroda Kanya Mahavidyalaya.

NATIONALISM v. WORLD PEACE

That "Nationalism is a hindrance to World Peace" will be the subject of a public debate to be held at the Nagapada Neighbourhood House, New Nagpada Road, Byculla, on Sunday the 2nd May at 10-30 a. m. Mr. Sattar Gandhi will move the proposition while Mr. Gulam M. Mehkre will lead the opposition.

Nadkarni Cup Football

Dewjee's Kanara XI To Meet Young Goans In Final

GEORGIAN SPORTING GO DOWN IN SEMI-FINAL

BOMBAY: Friday.

The Dewjee's Kanara XI qualified themselves to figure in the Final of the Nadkarni Cup Football Tournament on Sunday, when they will meet the Young Goans 'A'. They defeated the Georgian Sporting by a close margin of 2 goals to 1, at the Cooperage, this evening.

INTERESTING GAME.

Before a fairly large number of spectators, the Dewjee's Kanara XI met the Georgian Sporting Club in the second semi-final of the Nadkarni Cup Football Tournament at the Cooperage this evening, and after an interesting game, the former came out winners by an odd goal in three.

The game opened with level exchanges and neither side could gain any advantage over the other till the 10th minute from the start a fine combined movement between the Georgian forwards resulted in their only goal, Shiva, their right-wing heading in nicely to give his side an early lead.

This made the Kanara men work hard and exactly ten minutes later, they succeeded in their desparate efforts to draw level when Kookra, their outside-left, scored from a near range.

With the score at one goal all, the rival teams were now attacking in turn, though the Georgians had slightly the better of the play and they should have forged ahead again, but for the fine goalkeeping by Seetaram, in the Kanara's goal, who brought off one or two excellent saves.

At half-time the teams stood at level with one goal each to their credit

DEWJEE KANARA'S BETTER DISPLAY.

The Dewjee men resumed strongly and hardly a minute after the change of ends, they raided the Georgians' goal and Kookra, their left-wing, scored the winning goal, which was the result of a misunderstanding between the opposing full-backs. Immediately after this the winners were awarded a penalty, but they failed to convert it to advantage.

The Kanara men had improved a great deal in this half. They gave a much better display and fully deserved their victory. They continued pressing their opponents most of the time, giving them hardly any chance to gain their lost ground.

Midway through this half, Kunder, the winners' inside-right, got a good opportunity when following his solo effort, he had a hard shot, which hit the woodwork and the ball returned to play.

The play was confined to midfield for the remaining period except for a few break-aways by the winners' forwards, who could not add to their score and retired winners by 2 goals to 1.

The result:—
DEWJEE KANARA XI 2 goals.
GEORGIAN SPORTING 1 goal.

The Teams:—
DEWJEE KANARA XI:—Seetaram; Kotian and Mandon; Narayen, Sallan & Kanchan; Pushparaj, Kunder, Suvarna, Shriyan and Kookra.
GEORGIAN SPORTING:—Kisen; Yeshwant and Shankar; Kamlia, Dadoo and Montolia; Shiva, Devram, Mari, Karunaker and Raghunath.
The Referee:—Mr. Ranganatham.

Final On Sunday

Young Goans 'A' v. Dewjee Kanara XI. Kick-off at 5-45 p.m.

TALK OF THE SUBURBS

(BY A SUBURBAN MAN.)

Since last week the Suburbs has only one topic: The 9-Day Fete. Those who have been to it make it a point to go there every night, for the Japanese Garden is too much of an enticement to resist.

The 'Maze' as was expected has proved a popular pastime and is nightly crowded with young and old groping their way out—often a case of the blind leading the blind.

The 'Aquarium' of course needs no commendation, it fully merits the praise it gets and will get. The 'Scientific Exhibition' too has exceeded my expectations. A casual visitor would expect merely charts and models of the Human anatomy and perhaps a few tricks of chemical magic; but the show put up at the Fete bids fair to competing with the exhibition held recently at the Royal Institute of Science in Bombay. Many of the expensive models have been lent by the St. Andrew's High School, Bandra. an East Indian Institution. Of these the 'Orrery' (costing over Rs. 500) which is an exact replica of the entire universe with all the planets and their satellites is the best. There are other working models: The Burglar Alarm, The Fire Alarm, The Telegraph and the Flush. In the Chemistry section the 9-Day Fete Scientific Exhibition has even improved on the R.I.S. one. The "Blushing Lady" is now the "Blushing Bride" and the 'Cat' changed into the 'Tiger' has been utilised for building a "Race Transformation Plant" (with apologies to Herr Hitler)—as the placard reads. This experiment shows a white bridegroom being transformed into a negro before the very eyes of the spectators. The Phesphene Smoke Rings, is an experiment few scientists would dare to perform outside the walls of a laboratory; and to see mere students successfully conduct such a dangerous experiment is enough to satisfy the most exacting visitor that he has received the full value for his anna entrance.

The Physiological department was introduced only on sufferance; but the demonstrators say people are not yet tired of knowing more about themselves. No wonder G.B.S. said that the proper study of man is man.

The 'Wax Models' are drawing larger crowds every day and so is the 'East Indian Village.' There is a rumour that the Fete is to be extended for another three days; but I would warn my readers not to take any chances. The 9-Day Fete is a 'nine day festival' and a second visit is a better choice than no visit at all.

ANNUAL BILLIARD TOURNAMENT.

The G. I. P. Railway Institute, Bandra, held their Annual Handicap Billiard Tournament, the final match of which was played on Wednesday last. This year a very good number of members competed and a keen interest prevailed throughout the whole Tournament.

The semi-finals was played on Tuesday last, between Mr. F. D'Souza +25 and Mr. D. Rana—75 which the latter won by a big margin. The finals was played between Mr. S. Rodricks—60 and Mr. D. Rana—75, who thus won the game (Rana 425 and Rodricks 282).

HIGH SCHOOLS PROGRESS.

St. Andrew's High School, Bandra, one of suburbs oldest educational Institute has made rapid progress. The report for the year 1936-1937 makes very interesting reading, and it is gratifying to note its various activities that have made it a popular educational Institute of the suburbs.

GOLD MEDAL FOR T. D. BODA

Madhavdas Amersy High School Prize Distribution

(From Our Correspondent.)

ANDHERI, Friday.

The third prize distribution gathering of Seth Madhavdas Amersy High School took place last night in the school compound, when Seth Jivanlal Chimal presided.

While giving a review of the activities of the school Mr. C. J. Bhatt the principal said their matriculation results were quite satisfactory.

An interesting programme of "Garba" dances, music, physical feats and club drill with electric torches was arranged on the occasion, and its drill teacher Mr. Chandrakant Mavani gave a demonstration of knife throwing and allowing a six cylinder motor car to pass over his body.

The school gives a gold medal for good conduct, efficiency, punctuality etc. every year, and this year the honour has been won by Master T. D. Boda.

The Ramji Assar Vidyalaya, English School, Ghatkopar

A Modern School run on Public School lines and magnificently equipped with up-to-date equipment and having a very well qualified staff of B.T.s and S.T.C.s under the Principalship of C. N. Patwardhan, Esqr., M. ED., M.R.S.T.—opens Std. VII in June 1937. Parents and guardians should apply for further details to the Principal.

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The Bombay Chronicle

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1937

THE NEXT STEP

The Congress Working Committee has, by its resolution on the constutional deadlock, achieved two notable tasks. First, it has made its demand for an assurance from the Governor clear beyond any possibility of equivocation. There is no longer any room for any misunderstanding about the demand, whatever some people may think about the demand itself. Secondly, the Working Committee has no longer left any room for the plea that the assurance sought is beyond the powers of the Governor to give. Finally, while rightly taking up a firm dignified stand, it has left the door wide open for any negotiations that Government may desire on the basis of its resolution. Those who contend that the Congress is "intransigent" do not realise how far it has moved towards a constitutional regime. Apart from its decision to enter the legislatures, its subsequent one to accept office, though on conditions, is a long stride towards constitutional agitation. A third notable move in the some direction was made when Gandhiji, with his knowledge of the mind of the A.I.C.C. members, publicly stated that the Congress entry into the legislatures and its readiness to accept office were not to "invite" deadlocks from within but to strengthen itself and work its constructive programme specified in its manifesto, though Congress would ever be ready for a deadlock if the Governor asks for it. These are notable concessions. For Congress to go further would be treason to its basic policy of non-co-operation and its pledges to the country. What have Government done to bring about a peaceful settlement beyond making vaguer promises than those which they have made before—and broken?

Merchants' Support

Though the door is still open for negotiations on the basis of the Working Committee's resolution, we doubt if Government will at present make use of the opportunity offered them. Whatever they do, it is clear the country is on the side of the Congress. That is demonstrated by the public meetings held all over the country. It is most significant that the Committee of a body like the Indian Merchants' Chamber has adopted a resolution like the following:

"The claim of British statesmen that the Government of India Act secures responsible Government to the people the Provinces, is inconsistent with the exercise of special powers and responsibilities reserved for Government to the people in the Indian National Congress for an assurance that the Governors shall not use their special powers of interference in the constitutional activities of the Ministries, expresses the general feeling of the people of India and as such has the wholehearted support of the committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. The Committee feel that the present *impasse* is likely to affect trade and commerce of India, and hope that the Governors will give the necessary assurances and put an end to the same by meeting the demand of the Congress."

If the Governors of the provinces where the deadlock exists have any doubt about the public opinion, let them summon the legislatures and see things for themselves. We are sure the resolution reflects the mind of the entire business community in the country.

Denounce The Ministers

The Working Committee uses very mild language when it describes the formation of the "interim" Ministries as "unconstitutional and repugnant to the conception of autonomy and in total defiance of the overwhelming public opinion." Such Ministries are a fraud on constitutional usage and its perpetration is a measure of the lengths the Governors would go in evading the constitution by the exercise of the special powers. The Working Committee rightly calls upon the public to denounce these "so-called Ministers" and challenge them to face the legislatures and justify their conduct." The day the legislatures meet will see the doom of the Ministries and the latter are in no mood to hasten it. It seems certain that the Ministers and the Governors will strive by all possible means to undermine the discipline of the Congress and the people's loyalty to it before they are compelled to summon the legislatures. It is, therefore, the duty to all Congress workers not only to maintain but even to extend and strengthen its hold on the people through the constructive work commanded by the Working Committee. To secure larger majorities for the Congress at the next general elections, which must come much sooner than one expects at present, would be a long stride towards convening a Constituent Assembly.

.... Toujours L'audace!

Mr. Jinnah has made the confusion, in which he has been obstinately wallowing, worse confounded. He has really become an instructive study in the psychology of a human ostrich who hops about from one bit of shifting sand to another. It does not occur to him that he is a bundle of contradictions which are as obvious as they are ridiculous. He speaks of himself and the All-India Muslim League as if they had "sovereign authority"—to use his phrase—on behalf of Muslims when he and his League have been rejected almost everywhere. He talks of vital political differences with the Congress. We quite agree with him there. But in the name of logic and even ordinary commonsense how can Mr. Jinnah deny the right, possibility and even the fact of a large body of Muslims having "vital differences" with the Muslim League and, being, on the other hand, in agreement with the political and economic objective, policy, and programme of the Congress? And in the name of logic and even ordinary commonsense how can Mr. Jinnah deny the right of Muslims to join the Congress and the right of the Congress to invite them? Yet Mr. Jinnah does both!

But it is needless to go over the whole of his statement, save in one particular respect. Mr. Jinnah has for long been giving glimpses of his solidarity with what he described in his League Manifesto as Muslim "reactionaries"—as a matter of fact his League is strongly dominated by them. His latest statement definitely makes him the counterpart of an "Indian Liberal." Indeed he has appealed openly to "the better-minded Hindus." These "bpetter-minded" Hindus are found in institutions like the National Liberal Federation and the Democratic Swaraj Party. Let him—taking along with him "the better-minded" Muslims—approach these institutions. He has much, that is "vital," in common with them and it would be very easy to form with them a "United Front" of equals for fighting "the utopias" of, not only Jawaharlal but of so many other Muslims too. Only he should give up the ridiculous and illogical pretence of being the sovereign authority of the mass of the Muslim community.

Culpable Neglect

In setting forth its objections to the recent Indo-Japanese Trade Agreement the Indian Merchants' Chamber has done well to condemn, in particular, the Government of India's utter neglect of the claims of the small industries of India which are given little or no protection against the ruthless competition of Japan. The Agreement, as Mr. Govindlal Shivlal, the President of the Chamber, observed in his address at its first quarterly general meeting, "has given a blank cheque to Japan to inundate the Indian market with her cheap wares and cripple, if not kill, the Indian industries." Mr. Govindlal is perfectly right in his explanation of such a plight, that "the negotiations were not conducted by the real representatives of the country, but by the representatives of the Government of India." That should teach businessmen, one and all, the lesson that there is no salvation for Indian trade and industry unless Government are made fully responsible to the people of the country.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE

Need For Co-operative Marketing

BY DR. M. B. GHATGE, PH. D.

India, being a peasants' country with heavy pressure of population on the land, has to face many agrarian problems of which the most profitable system of marketing farm products is of great importance. This problem is of immediate concern in the present existing state of agricultural prduction in India. The size of holdings has decreased and fragmentation has increased resulting in increased competition and in the decrease of the volume of produce sold by each unit producer.

The function of marketing as between producer and consumer consists mainly, though not wholly, of the distribution of products. This combines the functions of physical transport of goods and transfer of title. These functions may be performed by producers or consumers independently on their own account or may be undertaken by other persons belonging to neither of these classes.

Middlemen

This last group is generally known as intermediaries and usually consists of brokers and middlemen, commission agents and merchants who specialize in the supply of such services. It cannot be denied that this development is largely the outcome of the separation of the consuming and producing areas. The division between them is increasing day by day. It has very aptly been said by Professor Clerk that 'Had these producing and consuming areas been the same, the present complexity of marketing could not have come into being.' The producer and the consumer would have negotiated with each other directly and settled their bargains. The cost of marketing, which has kept on increasing with the increase in the distance between consuming and producing areas, and also its rigidity, are determined by the intermediaries.

Co-Operation

Necessity is the mother of invention. The adverse effects of unrestricted competition inspired people to form voluntary associations. It is for this reason that we find organisations either of the joint stock type or of the co-operative type in all the groups mentioned above, producers' organisations, consumers' organisations and organisations of trading intermediaries.

The distinction between marketing through the agency of independent middlemen and co-operative marketing requires a clear cut explanation. The differences are rather of control than of actual methods used because co-operative marketing is intended to perform similar services through an organisation controlled by its adherents, patrons and operated in their interest. The ultimate purpose of any business is to gain some advantage for the persons engaged in it. This is usually found to relate directly or indirectly to some price advantage. In the case of a co-operative marketing association, this may result from lower prices to the consumer, higher prices to the producer or lower prices for goods purchased for re-sale by the merchant. The main objective of the ordinary type of business organisation is to obtain profit for its owners from the operators of the organisation itself. Members of co-operative associations on the other hand hope to secure a price advantage through their control of marketing. Such advantages may result either from higher or lower prices by the absorption of profits commonly accruinng to middlemen or from the lowering of expenses by means of improved merchandnsing methods. The term co-operative marketing, however, is commonly used in a restricted sense to mean the association of agricultural producers for the marketing of their products or the co-operation of final consumers in purchasing the goods which they use. It is sometimes further limited to mean only the association of producers as contrasted with consumers' co-operation.

Producers' Organisation

Co-operative voluntary associations of producers were started in the middle of the nineteenth century. Denmark led the way in starting producers' co-operative societies. All countries have now developed such organisations to a smaller or greater extent. They were commenced mainly for meeting the needs of production. They supplied credit, short and long term, and the other needs of members for production purposes. But, in the sphere of marketing farm produce, such efforts are recent except in Denmark and the movement was ,practically negligible before the Great War.

(Continued on Page 7 Col. 3.)

Our European Letter

(From Our Own Correspondent)

Lansbury-Hitler Interview

Real Reason For Berlin's Mild Tone

PRAGUE, April 23.

The visit of Lansbury to Hitler this week has received much attention in the European press, an attention it may be added, mixed with a good deal of amusement. The amusement part of it has been added by some of the statements made by Lansbury after the interview with Hitler. No exaggerated political significance was given to the meeting, though it would be wrong to state that it was looked upon as entirely without any.

Lansbury's Naivete

In the measurement of political importance, comments suggest that Lansbury's influence was really not great even during the time he held office and to-day it is much less when he occupies neither official nor party post. The visit has added to Lansbury's reputation to a sort of "faith" and a type of "naivety" which often figure in his political moves. Lansbury has been "struck" by Hitler, so he has declared. He has been impressed by Hitler's keenness for understanding. He has been considerably convinced of Hitler's care for peace. Lansbury has been touched by Hitler's attention to him, by the enquiries made by Hitler about the state of his leg after the accident and by the care shown by Hitler in seeing to his being comfortably seated. In the two hours and a little more that the British Socialist leader was with Hitler, the former must have also forgotten many things.

Berlin's Mild Note

Apart from a lighter side, inevitable in press reflections about a meeting between two persons like Lansbury and Hitler in the light of social philosophies come to be associated with them, the meeting has received an attention on account of its falling at a period when the internal tightness has considerably gained in Germany and in important circles in Germany there is closer recognition of the difficulties of expansionist plans associated with Eastern Europe with the advance of various consolidation currents relating to this part. These have added in ways to the concern of Britain, linked with estimation of the impress of German tension under an existing state tending to extend its weight in other directions, especially with the staying of an uncertainty connected with Italian stand. Commenting on Hitler's declarations to Lansbury, given out as having made a great impression on the latter, one important daily writes:—"We do not believe that the visit of the elderly idealist has melted the heart of Hitler. It is the hard fact of an economic rigour that has led Berlin to strike a mild note for the while." Meanwhile, Lansbury has supplied a good publicity stuff. In the German press itself much reserve is kept about the interview, a reserve associated with waiting for reactions abroad.

Germany And Soviet Union

The reports of a move towards a German-Russian understanding that had appeared newly in certain quarters are now denied in Berlin and contradicted in Moscow. The official Russian "Izvestia" in a leading article refers to such reports as being circulated for "certain purposes" the suggestion being, probably above all, of a desire to give a shake to Franco-Russian agreement. Political quarters in Moscow, it is viewed, consider that only an extremely surprising domestic situation in Germany is capable of making Herr Hitler alter his attitude towards Soviet Union and any such development is also held, according to certain papers, as putting Russia in a strong position in regard to negotiations.

Bhopal Visiting Pistany

The Nawab of Bhopal who has newly arrived in England, I gather, has decided to visit for rest and cure, probably in July, again Pistany the world famous spa in Slovakia. The Nawab in company with Dr Ansari had already visited once before this spa well-known as a cure station for particularly, rheumatism, sciatica, neuralgia, gout and different kinds of muscular pains. It would appear that the Nawab of Bhopal has just ordered from England to have conveyed by aeroplane six packets of volcanic mud from Pistany for treatment of a strained hand.

Nahas Pasha For Karlsbad

Nahas Pasha, the Egyptian Premier, after the Montreaux Conference, it is reported, is to visit Karlsbad for a fairly long stay. Karlsbad and Marienbad, the famous Bohemian watering stations and health resorts, in the summer months, are two of the most international of centres of the world, bringing visitors from all concerns. They also attract a number of diplomats and politicians from various parts.

FRANKLY SPEAKING

LEGALISTIC INTERPRETATION.

The Sind Legislative Assembly deserves congratulations on electing a tried legislator like Mr. Pahalajani as its Speaker. The Governor lectured the Assembly on Thursday in a patronising manner, which was due to his consciousness of enjoying dictatorial powers. He exercised such power in refusing to call on the leader of the party which is the largest in the Assembly to advise him about forming the ministry. And he justified his conduct by saying: "I am not bound to recognise for that purpose any group or association or other conglomeration of members which does not constitute an absolute majority in the Assembly." Mr. R. A. Butler may not regard this as a narrow or legalistic interpretation of his powers, but the people will think differently. In the absence of a strong Congress Party in the Assembly the Governor obviously feels that he can do many things with impunity.

JUTE STRIKE APPEAL.

By a happy coincidence the resolution passed by the Congress Working Committee and the appeal issued by Dr. Tagore for helping the heroic workers of the jute mills in Bengal, have been published simultaneously. The strike, which has been running for the last twelve weeks, has now reached mammoth proportions, nearly two lacs of workers being affected. It is obvious that the bigger the extent of the strike, the bigger the consequent hardship and suffering of the workers and their families, and Dr. Tagore stresses mainly the humanitarian aspect of the situation in the moving statement he has issued. "Humanity demands," observes the Poet, "that those who bear the burden of the society should be protected and looked after by the society itself." Dr. Tagore, however, may well have spared himself the hopes that the Minister under the new Constitution would see that justice is done to the strikers. For the Huq Cabinet has proved itself perfectly impotent to safeguard the elementary rights of the workers. Indeed, Mr. Huq and his colleagues seem to have decided to follow the traditions of the bureaucratic predecessors in this respect at least. The resolution adopted by the Working Committee rightly condemns the various repressive acts of the Police and the military, and the prohibitory orders passed against the workers. The situation, which is already grave, is bound to worsen rapidly unless the employers and Government revise their present policy. The struggle has assumed national importance, and it is the duty of all public-spirited persons to respond promptly to the appeal of the Poet.

FEEDING THE POOR.

The Governor of Bombay has issued an appeal to the philanthropists of Bombay City for funds to feed the poor in connection with the forthcoming Coronation. Feeding the poor is a much wiser way than to waste public money on mere illuminations; and Government and local bodies, if they must spend anything on the occasion on illuminations, will do well to cut down the expenditure on the item to the lowest possible minimum. Will the Governor and the Government servants receiving fat salaries contribute generously to the fund for feeding the poor?

DISCREDITABLE ATTITUDE.

The Standing Committee of the Bombay Corporation has, as was only to be expected, stultified itself on the question of a minimum salary to Municipal employees. And it has done so with a vengeance. Mr. A. P. Sabavala had made out an unanswerable case for a minimum wage of, at least Rs. 25 per month, though we see no reason why Rs. 30 should not be the minimum. The comfortable gentlemen of the Standing Committee repected it. Some members are for an increase in the case of those whose pay did not reach a maximum of Rs. 25 and for a system of increment so that all grades would be able to reach Rs. 25 per month. Among these members were men like Dr. S. P. Mehta and the Police Commissioner. Yet these appeals were also ignored. The Standing Committee's attitude of indifference towards the difficulties and needs of the poor is, as we have said, not surprising. But what a credit it is to Bombay!

"A Homoeopath Publicly Accepts The Challenge"

To The Editor of The "Chronicle".

Sir,—I read with interest the letter of the "Interested" in your issue of the 29th April 1937 and hereby openly declare that I am prepared to treat free at my cost any chosen ten chronic cases rejected as incurable by famous Allopathic specialists and I promise a cure in at least seven out of those ten cases so offered. I am accustomed to treat only chronic cases of a year's duration and over and I do not offer to treat acute phases of diseases. I openly challenge "Interested" and others of his opinion to grant me this facility publicly so that names of the patients, their history and the course of progress under my medication may be made public in this paper under the supervision of a committee and I suggest that the Editor of this paper, Mr. Brelvi, should be appointed the president of this committee. I have openly accepted the challenge of the opponents of Homoeopathy and the failure to come forward now, will publicly discredit these scoffers of Homoeopathy. I must say here that my methods of treatment will not be allowed to be subjected to any criticism of any allopath whatever his merits, as the results alone will prove either the efficacy or the fallacy of my claims as a Homoeopath and my methods of application of remedies.

My medicines will be administered in infinitesimal doses and not crude form. Will "Interested" and other opponents of Homoeopatny have their say now, through the columns of this paper so that the necessary arrangements can be made for demonstrating the merits of Homoeopathy in India, though my ill-informed friend gives the public to understand that the so-called challenge of allopaths was not accepted by allopathically trained Homoeopaths in France. At least it may then be said that Indian Homoeopaths are bolder and more confident of their powers than their French brethren.

I have great respect for the Allopathic Science of treatment but I hate the nonsensical jingoism and egotism of Allopaths without rhyme or reason.—Yours, etc.

"HOMOEOPATH".

The Hon'ble Minister, Mr. Jamnadas M. Mehta, "was profusely garlanded by the secretaries of the local Hindu Mahasabha and the Anjuman-i-Islam."

—Anglo-Indian Report.

Ye gods of communalism your name is "Power."

* * * *

Thus a Madras Anglo-Indian paper: "Fortunately, thanks to the wisdom of Mr. Gandhi, the Congress has not banged the door against further parleys."

Never thought, did you, that any Congressman ever possessed any wisdom?

But do we detect in Anglo-India hint of doubt as to the wisdom of Zetland and Butler? Has demoralisation definitely set in?

* * * *

"Is it," said the Sind Governor to Provincial M.L.A.'s minus Congressmen, "too much to ask you that you should embark on this voyage of discovery with unbiassed minds and open eyes."

Yes it is. With those present there was never any question of a voyage much less of unbiassed minds and open eyes. They discovered the treasure trove long ago.

* * *

As to Congressmen, well Congress did propose to embark on a voyage but found innumerable gubernatorial rocks guarded by Imperial Britain within the three-mile limit itself.

* * * *

"He (Chaudhry Khaliquzzaman) had also advised Mr. Jinnah to hold the annual session of the League in Lucknow because he could not for a moment think of co-operating with the present League which was dominated by "reactionaries."

—"Statesman."

The traitor, to expose the Sovereign Authority of Muslims like this!

* * * *

In the latest of his coherent, well-argued and consistent statements Mr. M. A. Jinnah has transferred his appeal for recognition as an equal to "the better mind of Hindus."

This is much better. As alter ego suggests Mr. Jinnah's path, which he is now beginning to discern leads to the Camp of Liberals, Democratc Swarajists and so on. He should lose no time in approaching them along with similar better minds among Muslims and leave the worse or lesser minds alone.

* * * *

Mr. Jinnah says he did not accuse Jawaharlal with functioning as a dictator.

We are glad Mr. Jinnah didn't mean what he said.

* * * *

But—prepare for a mild shock—what Mr. Jinnah did mean was that Jawaharlal was "talking as if he were a sovereign authority."

Yes it is Mr. Jinnah deprecating assumption of "sovereign authority." Mr. Jinnah, who always poses to dictate with "sovereign authority" on behalf of the Muslims of the whole of—well, we do not need to go over it province by province.

But can you beat it?

* * * *

The Muslim League, Mr. Jinnah declares protestingly, is not a "religious group" but "a political organisation."

Don't see much difference between a "religious group" and a "political organisation" based on religious identity—unless Mr. Jinnah means that the Muslim League is nothing to do with the religion of Muslims.

* * * *

SOVIET SCORES AGAIN

Russians Win Easily In International Violin Competition

—Headlines.

What, inspite of fiddling being the unique hobby of that distinguished Roman, Benito Mussolini?

* * * *

"Calcutta: April 29.—In view of the present strike situation, the Commissioner of Police, Calcutta, has banned all processions, meetings and other demonstrations on the occasion of May Day celebrations."—A. P.

This is the generous, sympathetic Mr. Fazlul Haq's additional present of salt and pepper to make the workers' 'dal-bhat' spicy.

* * * *

Manager: "That's a very old-fashioned coat you wear in the office."

Employee: "Yes, sir, it is a bit out of date. I bought it the last time I got a rise."

London To Go Without Buses?

Men Determined To Strike: Critical Situation

LONDON, April 29.

London bus strike to-morrow night is now practically inevitable in consequence of the breakdown of negotiations to-night.

With only twenty-four hours remaining before the London bus strike decision becomes operative the men's leaders were again summoned to the Ministry of Labour following a two-hour conference between Mr. Leggett, the Government mediator and Lord Ashfield and his colleagues of the London Transport Board.

The two parties to the dispute have not met since the Ministry intervened, but separate talks have now lasted for a total of 21 hours.

The men express determination to cease work to-morrow unless their demands are met and the position is regarded as critical.

The Boards buses carry five million passengers weekly and about 5,000 buses are on the streets.—Reuter.

CAPITULATION CONFERENCE PROGRESSING

MONTREUX, April 30.

The atmosphere of the Capitulations Conference perceptibly brightened upon the return of the French delegate Detessan and the Conference he had with Egyptian Finance Minister.

It is announced that complete agreement has been reached on all outstanding points the details of which will be communicated to the Conference to-morrow to enable the latter to conclude drafting the general convention and judicial reorganisation.—Reuter.

LABOUR VICTORY IN WANDSWORTH

LONDON April 30.

Labour won the seat in the Wandsworth by-election due to the death of Sir Henry Jackson, National Conservative.

Result:

Major H. L. Nathan (Labour) 12,406

Roland Jennings (Conservative) 11,921.

SIR A. CHAMBERLAIN'S SUCCESSOR

LONDON, April 29.

The by-election at Birmingham due to the death of Sir Austen Chamberlain resulted as follows:—

Higgs (Conservative) 12552 votes.

Crossman (Labour) 9632.—Reuter.

Americans Not Satisfied With Gold Policy

WASHINGTON, April 29.

The gold purchase resolution was moved by the Republican, Hamilton Fish.

After the debate it was referred to the Appropriate Committee where its speedy internment is expected. Nevertheless the resolution provoked a debate in the House, reflecting the dissatisfaction in many quarters as regards the administrations of gold policy.—Reuter.

"Red Max" Murderer Sentenced To 10 Years

PARIS, April 29.

Roger Vernon (36), alias Charles Lacroix, was found guilty of the murder of "Red Max" Kassel in London in January 1936 and sentenced to ten years' imprisonment in Devils Island whence he had previously escaped.

Suzanne Bertron who was charged with aiding and abetting the crime was acquitted.

Kassel's body was found under a hedge near St. Albans.—Reuter.

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Lucorrhea and menstrual disorders within 8 days.
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KOTHARI MANSION,

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KING'S PRIVY PURSE

Civil List Committee's Recommendations

LONDON, April 30.

It is understood that Civil List Committee report recommends 110 thousand should be granted for the King's Privy Purse, which is the same as previous in reigns, an increase in the allowances of the Duke of Gloucester from 25 thousand to 35 thousand.

Princess Elizabeth should receive 6,000 until aged eighteen. Princess Margaret Rose be granted 6,000 when she reaches eighteenth birthday.

If a son is born to their Majesties Princess Elizabeth's allowance should be the same as Princess Margaret Rose's namely 6,000 when aged eighteen.—Reuter.

CRICKET SEASON IN ENGLAND OPENS

LONDON, April 30.

The following are the fixtures for the opening day of the English County Cricket Season, commencing to-morrow:—

Lord's.—M.C.C. vs. Yorkshire.

Manchester.—Lancashire vs. Derbyshire.

Swansea.—Glamorgan vs. Kent.

Worcester.—Worcestershire vs. Sussex.

Oxford.—Oxford University vs. Gloucestershire.

Cambridge.—The Seniors' Match.

The New Zealanders will play their first match of the present English tour, at the Oval on May 8, against Surrey.

AUTOMOBILE WORKERS VICTORY

DETROIT, April 30.

The Union of Automobile Workers has won the right to represent all Packard Motorcar Company employees including non-union members by vote of over 4|1 in an election conducted by the National Labour Relations Board.

It is the first election held in a motor car factory since the enactment of the Wagners Act which "inter alia" provides this medium for determining the sole bargaining rights.—Reuter.

FROM SPANISH WAR FRONT

(Continued from Page 1.)

two and a half hours. The Velasco took off the officers.

The Santander authorities immediately dispatched fishing boats, which are at present picking up the survivors. It is officially claimed that the "Espana's" guns were manned by Germans whose fate is not yet known.—Reuter.

INSURGENT STEAMER SUNK

BILBAO, April 30.

The insurgent cruiser "Espana" was sunk whilst the aircraft was coming to the assistance of the British cargo boat "Brotra," at which the insurgent destroyer "Velasco" fired twelve shells in order to prevent the cargo boats entry into the port.—Reuter.

PROTECTION FOR EVACUATED PEOPLE

LONDON: April 30.

In response to an appeal from Basque, authorities for Naval protection for the evacuated old people, women and children, the British Government asked for assurances that evacuation would be a purely humanitarian measure with no political complexion. An assurance, which the British Government considers satisfactory, has now been received and the British Navy will protect on the high seas Basque ships evacuating such persons.

The British Consul at Bilbao will superintendent the embarkation of refugees and ascertain that they are confined to genuine old persons, women and children.

WALL STREET STILL WORRIED

Govt. Move To Lessen Effect Of Foreign Operations

LONDON, April 30.

Wall Street yesterday was still worried regarding the foreign situation. Foreign selling, with operators' anxiety in connection with the gold position, is in no way alleviated by continued heavy shipments to the United States.

RESTRAINING FACTOR

Another restraining factor is constituted in advices from Washington indicating that Government agencies are considering some action to protect small traders and lessen the effect of foreign operations in American Stocks and Commodities. Conjecture as to the likely steps to this end included the surveillance of "hot money" problem.—Reuter's Special.

AGRICULTURAL PRODUCE

(Continued from Col 6)

It acquired enormous momentum thereafter. The development of such societies is still in its infancy in India. The Indian producers being mostly scattered in many villages have not got the bargaining strength and stability which a co-ordinated society generally possesses. Small local organisations do nothing beyond displacing middlemen up to the wholesale market. They merely provide the farmer with means of direct access to the wholesale market. Even such associations are very few in India taking into consideration the vast population. They often collapse because small organisations are as much at the mercy of the vagaries of the market as the middlemen whom they seek to displace. Small organisations according to the Committee on Stabilisation of Agricultural Prices in England have merely taken a place in the system but have left it unaltered.

Co-ordination.

There does not seem any necessity to point out that economic waste in India is far too great in every sphere of production, distribution, and consumption and that there is a vast field for improvement. Every one must realize that improvement can only be achieved through co-operative efforts as a result of which leakage would be stopped and necessary economies effected. But, in the face of the failure of certain co-operatives and owing to the non-co-ordination of effort, a feeling of despondence as regards their usefulness has arisen. The existing weakness can be got over by co-ordination and centralization of societies by commodities. If such a procedure has benefited agriculturists in the West why should it not benefit Indian agriculturists likewise? Human nature and human difficulties all over the World are generally the same at root.

Centralization cannot be achieved unless all join hands in that lengthy process of carrying goods from the producer to the consumer. Indeed success in co-operative and large-scale producers' organisations must invariably depend upon the loyalty of members. The sacred fulfilment of contract not only gives volume for trading but also its associated advantages in efficiency in management, regularity of supply and control of prices. There must be need for the services to be performed, enough capital to finance the business adequately, economical and efficient management and effective business methods for the success of any marketing organization. The spread of literacy and co-operative education will help to solve this problem easily and quickly.

CORONATION RUSH IN LONDON

LONDON: April 30.

London is rapidly filling up with visitors for the Coronation.

The streets are more crowded and the traffic more congested even than for King George's jubilee.

Between May 1 and May 10, the inward rush of Coronation visitors will reach its peak. In that period 21 of the world's largest liners will arrive in Southampton bringing visitors from the ends of the world. Most of them will immediately flock to London where they will spend the time before the Coronation, buying clothes, walking in the street, watching the workmen busy night and day decorating the buildings and putting up enormous poles which carry festoons of flags and illuminations.—Reuter.

It is assumed in London that Gen. Franco will not object to the scheme. The British Admiralty confirms that "Espana" has been sunk.—Reuter.

Communal Riot In Madras

Trouble At Perambur Spreads To Other Parts

MAYOR APPEALS FOR PEACE

MADRAS, April 30.

The Hindu-Muslim fracas which started on Tuesday midnight at Strahans Road, Perambur, is gradually spreading to the neighbouring areas. This morning in Choolai, a mill area, some disturbances were reported and the police had to hurry to the spot and prevent serious consequences. The Hindu employees of the Choolai mills, it is stated, expressed unwillingness to work under a Muslim foreman and the police had to take precautionary measures to avoid any further trouble.

The day opened with stray assaults on either side in the Strahans Road area and the police had to rush to the spot many times and make lathi charges. One Abdul Sattar, a middle-aged Muslim, it is alleged, was assaulted by a number of Hindus at Demellos Road and somebody is alleged to have poured sulphuric acid into his right eye with the result that he became blind in one eye.

19 PERSONS FINED.

About 19 persons arrested in connection with the riot were sentenced to-day to pay fines ranging from Rs. 5 to Rs. 10 and were also bound over to keep peace for a period of two months.

About 50 huts were burnt last night at Strahans Road but it is now definitely stated that the fire was due only to an accident.

PEACE EFFORTS.

With a view to ease the situation both Hindu and Muslim leaders including Mr. K. Sriramulu Naidu, Mayor, Mr. Abdul Hameed Khan, ex-Mayor and several city fathers went to the area of disturbance and advised the people to keep peace.

To-day being the prayer day for the Muslims, the situation became tense and the police patrolled all round the mosques to prevent any mishap. Nevertheless both parties freely indulged in stone-throwing at places of worship of either community and the police help had to be requisitioned every now and then.

50 INJURED.

After 12-30 in the noon about 50 persons were injured and taken to General Hospital. Some of the wounds were inflicted with knives. Police ambulance cars were kept ready opposite the Perambur police station. A doctor with First Aid appliances attended to the injured persons

Prominent Hindu and Muslim residents of the locality have issued an appeal to the two communities to cease to misunderstand each other and lead a life of harmony and concord.

The Commissioner of Police, the Deputy Commissioner and other police officials are patrolling the area and keeping a vigilant watch.—United Press.

POONA TEMPLE SATYAGRAHA

Democratic Swaraj Party's Support

POONA April 30.

The executive of the Democratic Swaraj Party, Poona Branch, passed a resolution showing sympathy and lending its support to the Sonya Maruti Temple satyagraha. The conduct of Satyagraha' shows that it is being supported by prominent members of the Democratic Swaraj Party helped by Sanatanists and Hindu Sabhaites.—United Press.

HARIJAN OFFER TO CASTE HINDUS

Will Join Satyagraha If Conceded Right To Worship At The Temple

POONA, April 30.

A new situation has arisen in connection with the present Satyagraha at the Sonya Maruti temple as a result of the offer of the local Harijans to support the Satyagraha as a movement to demonstrate Hindu rights if the depressed classes are conceled the right to worship at the temple.

While Mr. P. N. Rajbhoj has sent a letter to the Trustees of the Temple offering the support of his community if Harijans are allowed to worship in the temple on the same footing as other Hindus. Congress leaders have issued a statement with a view to "test the sincerity of the professions of those now doing satyagraha in the name of Hindus for their elemental rights."

The statement, which is signed by Messrs. Jedhe, Gadgil, M.L.A's. Marathe, the Secretary of the Maharasntra Harijan sevak sangh, and others say that the time has now come to ascertain the real intentions and attitude of the local Democrats and Hindu Sabhaites who are conducting or have joined the Satyagraha ostensibly to assert Hindu rights. They ask: "what about the primary and most elementary right of the Harijans? Has it been conceded? And will it be? The leaders want to know if the Satyagraha is only to assert the privileges of the vested interests of the temple or to demonstrate the right of the Hindu community as a whole. They feel that while there is a clamour for Hindu rights, the right of the depressed classes has been ignored and demand an unequivocal answer.

The Satyagraha at the Sonya Maruti Temple continued to-day. Among the four arrested and bailed out to-day were Mr. D. V. Gokhle President of the Poona Branch of the Democratic Party, and a volunteer from Nasik.

The total arrests since Sunday are 34.—A. P.

EXHIBITIONIST WINS 1000 GUINEAS

LONDON: April 30.

One thousand Guineas run at New Market over a distance of one mile resulted as follows:—

EXHIBITIONIST ..... 1.

SPRAY ..... 2.

GAINSBOROUGH LASS .... 3.

Starting Prices:—10|1 Exhibitionist, 100|6 Spray, 10|11 Gainsborough Lass.

Twenty ran.

The race was won by half head.

Winner was trained by Lawson.—Reuter's Special.

SIR V. SASSOON'S LUCK

LONDON, April 30.

At New Market, Sir John Jarvis' filly, Gainsborough Lass, which is entered for the Derby, started a 10/11 favourite in 1,000 Guineas and only finished third, the winner being Sir Victor Sassoon's Exhibitionist at 10/1.

The second favourite ridden by fifty-two-year-old Steve Donoghue who has never won this race previously.

The winner covered the mile in one minute and 44 seconds which is fourfifths of a second faster than the 2,000 Guineas. Gainsborough Lass had every chance but failed to stay.—Reuter.

Bannu Happenings Call For Immediate Action

FRONTIER CONGRESS PARTY OFFICIALS' APPEAL TO GOVT. AND PUBLIC

DERA ISMAIL KHAN, April 29.

Lala Bhangu Ram Gandhi, M.L.A., Secretary of the Congress Party in the Frontier Assembly, has issued a lengthy statement regarding the Frontier disturbances, in which he says:—

RAIDS GALORE.

"The situation in the settled districts of the N.W.F.P. is getting serious every day. Raids are becoming the order of the day and the British subjects are being kidnapped like anything. The impression that a section of the British subjects is directly or indirectly helping the raiders is somehow or other gaining ground. The circumstances in which the raids are being committed and the ways in which the property is being looted, give further strength to this view.

"Unfortunately, there is no dearth of such persons who want to make capital of the affair of things and the result is that the relations between the different communities residing in this province are getting more and more strained.

APPEAL TO GOVT. AND PEOPLE.

"Dr. Khan Sahib, leader of the Congress Party in the Frontier Assembly has done well in drawing the pointed attention of both the authorities and the people in a public speech recently delivered by him at Peshawar, to the state of affairs when he said that "no body could sit idle after seeing what is happening in the district of Bannu, from where people were being kidnapped."

"It is high time for the authorities and responsible persons residing in the affected areas to realise their responsibilities and do their utmost to mitigate that trouble and the anxieties of the poor villagers, especially the Hindus."—United Press.

Jawahar's Burma Visit Likely To Be Banned

CALCUTTA, April 30.

The Simla correspondent of the "Amrita Bazar Patrika" says that, pending receipt of replies from the Provincial Governments on the advisability of taking any action against Pandit Jawaharlal's forthcoming visit to Burma and the repercussions likely to follow from this step, the Government of India has provisionally decided to pass a prohibitory order against Pandit Jawaharlal's visit to Burma.

The "Patrika" correspondent further learns that both India and Burma Governments are perhaps apprehensive that, if Pandit Jawaharlal is allowed to visit Burma when the separation has just been effected, there might be a serious upheaval in Burma nullifying the entire effects of the separation.—United Press.

"INCORRECT AND UNFOUNDED"

SIMLA: April 30.

Official circles at Simla characterise the Press message that the Government of India have provisionally decided to pass a prohibitory order against Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru's visit to Burma as wholly incorrect and unfounded.

It is mentioned that, as the new Constitution Act has been in force and Burma has been separated, prohibition, if at all there should be any, would come from the Burma Government, which also is improbable at the present stage of the political situation in the country.—United Press.

The Insurgent Communique recording the occupation of Guernica and the capture of three commanders and 400 prisoners, says that the whole east bank of the river from Guernica to the sea is now occupied.

It attributes the destruction of the richer part of Guernica and Eibar to the retreating Reds.—Reuter.

HIGHER WAGES FOR ITALIAN WORKERS?

Mussolini's Intimation To Central Co-operative Committee

ROME: April 30.

Wages up to 1,500 lire monthly will be raised from 10 to 12 per cent. from May 9, according to an intimation made by Signor Mussolini to the Central Co-operative Committee.

Wages above 1,500 lire will participate in the benefit to that figure. The increase is necessitated by the continued rise in the cost of living which is estimated to have risen over 60 per cent. since 1935.

May 9 is the first anniversary of the proclamation of the Italian Empire to be celebrated by the nation.—Reuter.

Contribute Your Mite For People Of Spain

SOCIALIST PARTY'S APPEAL FOR LIBERAL DONATIONS

"The National flag on a red back-ground will be sold in Bombay to-day," write the Secretaries of the Bombay Congress Socialist Party in a final appeal to Bombay citizens to respond to the appeal for funds which will be divided equally between the Spanish people and the spread of Socialist propaganda in this country.

"May Day is the day which Socialist Parties throughout the world," continues the appeal, "call on their supporters and sympathisers to demonstrate their belief in the cause. To-day the forces of Socialism and Fascism have met in a death-like embrace in Spain in a conflict which may decide the fate of political and social freedom and democracy the world over.

"We in India cannot remain indifferent to this conflict and eminent Indians like Pundit Jawaharlal Nehru, the Congress President, Dr. Rabindranath Tagore and Mrs. Sarojini Naidu have appealed to the people of India to give concrete expression to their sympathy for the Spanish Government and people in their fight against Fascist intervention by contributing liberally to the funds raised for the purpose. If we want Spain to be spared the fate of Abyssinia we cannot ignore this appeal.

"Our appeal to the people of Bombay is to buy a flag to-day and pay generously for it."

Those who desire to help in the sale of flags are requested to report for duty at one of the following wards centres at 8 a.m. this morning or as soon after as possible:—

A Ward:—"Congress Socialist" Weekly office, Janmabhoomi Press, 139, Medows Street, Fort.

B & C:—C. Ward, D.C.C. Office, Kalbadevi Road.

D & E:—C.S.P. Office, Congress House, Girgaum.

F & G:—C.S.P. Labour Centre, Lalbaug Maidan, Parel.

Socialist Party And Collection For Spain

Mr. H. B. Tripathi writes:—

In a statement appearing on the 29th in the local papers, the Socialist Party says that the fight in Spain is between Fascism and Socialism. The fight in Spain is rather between democracy and reaction.

Everybody is anxious to help any party which collects funds in aid of Spanish United Front, but the Party has stated in the papers that a portion of the collection will go to the Party. In my opinion, this will harm the cause of collection for Spain. Has the Party no status to collect funds for itself in its own name? Is it proper to exploit situations like this?

TWO KILLED AND 18 INJURED

Marriage Party In Motor Accident

ELLORE: April 30.

A marriage party proceeding by motor bus to Dwarka Tirumalai Temple for Palakol met with a fatal accident to-day.

Their bus dashed against a culvert and overturned on the grand trunk road, resulting in two of the party, including a woman, being killed and 18 injured.—A.P.

WHAT ABOUT THEIR FUTURE?

CHILDREN MARRIAGE ENDOWMENT and EDUCATIONAL ANNUITIES of

NEW ASIATIC LIFE INS. CO., LTD.,

Will Protect Their Future

Managing Agents:—BIRLA BROS. LTD.,

BOMBAY, MADRAS, DELHI, CALCUTTA.

Merchants' Support To Congress Stand

Indian Chamber Chairman's Quarterly Review Of Situation In Country

"If the substance of the demand (of the Congress) is to be met by His Majesty's Government, the question of the form it should take, would not, I believe, present a formidable difficulty. It cannot be denied that the Governors could be authorised by the Secretary of State to declare that the intention of His Majesty's Government is that the Governors' powers are only of the nature of a constitutional veto and are not to be exercised by them except in accordance with the constitutional usage and practice Governing the working of Responsible Government in the Dominions."

Thus observed the Hon. Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal presiding at the Quarterly General Meeting of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, Bombay, held on Friday evening.

OBNOXIOUS MANOEUVRE.

The President made serious allegations against the British shipping interests in "manoeuvring" for advantage, in such a matter as the Indo-Japanese Trade negotiations, and considered that the present move for a joint Conference of British and Japanese shipping interests was the result of such a manoeuvring. He thought that this move was "obnoxious."

Seth Gordhandas G. Morarji, Vice-President of the Chamber in his speech hit out against the Federation of Indian Chambers of Commerce and Industry and said: "While the rest of the Nationalist India thinks of progressing on democratic lines, the Federation thinks in terms of retrogression and reaction and has brought forward a constitution which might, in certain of its aspects, do credit to Delhi or Whitehall."

The Hon. Raja Bahadur Govindlal Shivlal, President of the Indian Merchants' Chamber, presenting the Report of work done during the first quarter ended March 31, said:

"An issue of major importance, that has of late been exercising the public mind, is the constitutional deadlock which has arisen in consequence of the Governors' failure to give the guarantees required by the leaders of the Congress Party. This subject, of course, claims the first place in the review I propose to present to-day on some of the questions in which you are interested.

WHAT CONGRESS WANTS

"The assurances that the Congress now demands are of a very different character from the assurances which have been given in the past to this country by men of benevolent intentions and magnanimity. In addition to good-will, sympathy and helpfulness, the Congress wants a definite constitutional convention to be set up so that the responsibility of the Ministries be real and effective over the whole field of provincial administration in the same sense as it is in the United Kingdom or in the Dominions. In this demand the Congress is bound to receive full support from every section of Indian public in an ever-growing measure. People of India believe that they alone are the repositories of the power of Government of this country and if Parliament divests itself of the incubus of the responsibility for the Government of this country, it will avoid further bitterness and strife between the two nations and pave the way for harmony and understanding. Parliament, I hope, will realise that it can frame a constitution of sham responsibility but cannot succeed to force the people of India to work it. In the six advanced provinces, the constitution, in the making of which every precaution, that the wit of man was capable of devising, was employed by the British politicians, has in its very bloom toppled down like a house of cards. It testifies to the failure of the authors of the constitution to bring their minds to understand India's aspirations. To persist in this spirit is to pursue the path which widens the gulf.

"Your Committee have been watching the developments with deep interest and have, after close consideration, passed the following resolution at their meeting held yesterday:—

SUPPORT TO CONGRESS

"The claim of British statesmen that the Government of India Act secures Responsible Government to the people in the provinces, is inconsistent with the exercise of special powers and responsibilities reserved for Governors. The demand of the Indian National Congress for an assurance that the Governors shall not use their special powers of interference in the constitutional activities of the Ministries, expresses the general feeling of the people of India and as such has the whole-hearted support of the Committee of the Indian Merchants' Chamber. The Committee feel that the present 'impasse' is likely to affect trade and commerce of India, and hope that the Governors will give the necessary assurances and put an end to the same by meeting the demand of the Congress."

INDO-JAPANESE AGREEMENT.

Continuing the speaker referred to the recently concluded Indo-Japanese Trade Agreement and said: "What pains me most is that, despite the strong fight which your Committee and several organisations put up on behalf of small industries, all the miscellaneous sections of industries have practically been left uncared for by this Agreement, which has given a blank cheque to Japan to inundate the Indian market with her cheap wares and cripple, if not kill, the Indian industries. There is no provision made for meeting the competition of the ready-made garments which are imported in large quantities. Perhaps, it cannot have been otherwise, as the negotiations were not conducted by the real representatives of the country, but by the representatives of the Government of India, and the non-official delegations was called in twice to give their views."

"OBNOXIOUS" MOVE.

Characterising the recent move towards holding a conference of Japanese and British shipping interests, regarding carrying trade between India and the Far East, as "obnoxious," the speaker observed: "Your Committee drew the attention of the Government of India sometime back to the undesirable manoeuvring of British shipping companies to have a finger in the pie in connection with the Indo-Japanese trade negotiations in order that these negotiations might be turned into being profitable for them. The suggested Conference appears now to be a result of that manoeuvring and British shipping will have a fair and easy way through the intervention of the Government of India getting its own terms settled with Japanese shipping. All the while Indian shipping remains in the oblivion, and no one thinks of inviting its representatives to take part in the Conference. What one feels all along has been that the interests of this country are sacrificed not only to further the interests of British shipping, by dividing the carrying on of trade between British and Japanese shipping to the exclusion of Indian shipping. It was British shipping and British shipbuilding that destroyed Indian shipping and Indian shipbuilding, and not satisfied with this handiwork they evidently do not want any revival of either Indian shipping or Indian shipbuilding, and no revival of these can take place unless we get power—I mean political power—in our hands in this country."

INSURANCE BILL

Proceeding, he said that vast importance attached to the Insurance Bill pending before the Central Legislature, as it was meant to safeguard the rights and privileges not only of the insuring public but also of the Indian insurance companies as against foreign ones. He appealed to the commercial community to study the Bill closely and formulate their recommendations.

ATTACK ON FEDERATION

Seth Gordhandas G. Morarji said:—

"The Federation of Indian Chamber of Commerce and Industry has completed a decade and with a view probably to celebrate its tenth anniversary, introduced many radical changes in its constitution. I have not been in close touch with the affairs of the Federation, but from what I have been able to gather from the report of its working and from the revised constitution which was adopted at the last annual session, I am afraid that, while the rest of the nationalist India thinks of progressing on democratic lines, the Federation thinks in terms of retrogression and reaction and has brought forward a constitution which might, in certain of its aspects, do credit to Delhi or White Hall. The Federation was not established merely with a view to £ s. d., nor with a view to keep the power in the hands of large capital, but there were ideas behind it, in the minds of those who originally worked for it and started it, which aimed at building up a commercial nationalist India just as the Congress was building up a political national India. In the critical times ahead, any narrow vision and outlook is out of place; and all have to stand shoulder-to-shoulder and in common unison to take away economic power from foreign hands, which should possess it not, and not to quarrel among ourselves for powers which, by themselves, mean nothing."

A SERIOUS QUESTION

Referring to the Indo-British Trade negotiations he said, that the British Government abolished the import duty on pig iron thereby practically depriving the Indian pig iron of any special favours or advantages when sent to the United Kingdom. "It is a serious question," he added, "whether while the two Governments are in negotiation one of the parties to the contract can take a step 'ex parte' without consulting the other." Again Lancashire had taken hold of the wrong end of the stick with regard to imports of cotton into United Kingdom and tries to make out that the import of cotton was due to some particularly generous and pro-Indian impulse on her part. The parity of Indian cotton favoured it in Liverpool and even then the purchases which Lancashire made of Indian cotton were nothing as compared with what it did of American cotton

UNJUSTIFIABLE ACTION

Referring to the writing-off of the borrowing from the Depreciation Fund and unpaid Contribution to General Revenues in the Railway Budget, the speaker pointed out: "Several people were horrified at the mere mention of the term of repudiation of debts used by the Congress some years back, though the term itself was hedged round with several safeguards. This writing off on the part of the Railways the sum of Rs. 62 crores is nothing, if not repudiation. . . The Wedgwood Committee was specially appointed to consider the question of Railway finances and this writing off of Rs. 62 crores even before the Report of that Committee was published was an indefensible and unjustifiable action.

It may also mean that when the Statutory Railway authority, which would be completely an autocratic body, comes into power, it may not find its hands fettered in the way of expenditure because of the loan of more than Rs. 62 crores hanging on its head, and so obviously the Railway Authority will be at liberty to undertake any costly schemes it likes without the shadow and obsession of a big debt hanging over its head. Government have tabled a resolution with regard to this question, modifying the original resolution regarding depreciation fund and payment by the Railways to General Revenues. Before long the Wedgood Committee may submit their report and the business community will be enabled to arrive at a decision after consideration of all these things."

DUFFERIN CADETS.

After strongly criticising the present state of affairs existing in the matter of training cadets on board the I.M.M.T.S. Dufferin, he said: "I am not surprised that influential members of that Body (Governing Body) feel that the time has now come when the Government of India should run this ship departmentally rather than seek the co-operation of the members of the Governing Body to make it a success. I must, therefore, sound a note of warning that unless the public opinon make the Government of India withdra the changes that they have made in the Prospectus and act promptly and immediately in consonance with their past promises and assurances, the very object for which the Training Ship is started will be defeated and an Indian personnel for the sea service which is very essential for the building up of an Indian Mercantile Marine will not come into existence."

Sir R. M. Chinoy assured the business community that the Federation would safeguard the interests of commerce and industry of all sections in the country.

The Report was adopted.

The two French Airwomen, Madame Claire Roman (right) and Mlle. Alix Lucas Naudin (centre), on their record-breaking flight from Paris to Pondicherry, arrived at Bombay on Friday, at 8-30 a.m. The picture shows them at Juhu Aerodrome, with Madame Emile Vanura, wife of the French Vice-Consul in Bombay.

"FLOUTING" VERDICT OF ELECTORATE"

Ghatkopar Kirol Municipality Votes For Coronation Celebration

(From A Correspondent)

GHATKOPAR, Friday.

A special meeting of the General Board of the Ghatkopar-Kirol Municipality was held on Wednesday morning under the presidentship of Mr. C. J. Hansoti to consider the notes and suggestions of the President in connection with the celebration of the King's Coronation.

Nine out of ten members were present. Mr. J. K. Vaishnav asked permission of the Chair to move an adjournment of the meeting to discuss an urgent matter of public importance arising out of the workers' strike at Ghatkopar and the Magistrate's ban on assembly of more than five persons at any place at any time which is likely to disturb the normal working of the public of Ghatkopar

MOTION DISALLOWED

The president disallowed the motion on the ground that it was neither a matter of urgency nor importance nor did it concern the Municipality.

The president then moved his resolution from the Chair to the effect that the Municipality to send a message of loyalty and congratulations to the King on Coronation day and that the Municipal buildings be illuminated and that the Harijan employees of this Municipality be given sweets and to contribute Rs. 100. to the local Celebration Committee, the total amount not exceeding Rs. 200 and to get the Collector's sanction if necessary.

Mr. F. N. Kirolwala (nominated member) seconded the above resolution

Mr. Vaishnav moved the following amendment:—

"In view of the unbending and highly imperialistic attitude of the Government in respect of the new constitution in six provinces out of the eleven where the Congress is in majority, this body is of the opinion that it cannot take part in or organise the celebration of His Majesty's Coronation on 12th May not as a mark of disrespect to the person of the King Emperor but as a mark of Indian Nation's indignant protest against the manner in which the unmistakable verdict of the millions of the Indian electorate has been flouted by the persons in charge of the Indian Administration".

Mr. P. L. Mody seconded the amendment, and the same was accepted by the Chair.

MUNAVAR OPPOSES IT

Mr. Syed Munavar (nominated member) speaking to oppose the amendment said that he could very well understand the sentiments and the spirit expressed in the amendment, but he felt that this was a matter of higher politic and should be left to outside politics. He appealed to Mr. Vaishnav to withdraw the amendment and allow the original resolution to be passed.

Mr. P. L. Modi then spoke in support of the amendment and regretted that a staunch fighter of labourer's cause like Mr. Syed Munaver should not have a single word of sympathy in support to Mr. Vaishnav's adjournment motion for the cause of labourers. He also criticised the suggestion of spending rate payers' money after illuminating the Municipal building.

Mr. Ranchhoddas Ganji spoke in support of the resolution and opposing the amendment.

Mr. J.P. Parekh then spoke supporting the amendment, made it clear that the said amendment did not in any way mean the slightest disrespect to the person of His Majesty as suggested by one of the members but that the same was as a protest against the matter and method by which the Government flouted the National aspiration and electorates' verdict.

Mr. Vaishnav having briefly replied to the critics, the President put the amendment to vote which was declared lost four voting for and five against. The original resolution was then put to vote and declared carried by 5 against 4. The meeting was then dissolved.

Brother's Gruesome Find

FEROZEPORE, April 28.

A person belonging to the village of Tobawala near Malout, who had been looking out for his brother for the last eleven days, was horrified to find the dismembered body of his brother without arms and legs, lying in a ditch near Malukpore Canal.

The deceased is supposed to have been involved in a love affair with a woman, to which her relations resented, and they are alleged to have waylaid and killed him.—United Press.

H. P. T. College Nasik

The Hansraj Pragji Thackersey College of Nasik has constructed a suitable bungalow for the residential accommodation of 8 Lady-students of the College. The building is close to the Principal's quarters and all the amenities necessary for the comforts of students have been provided.

Another ground and first floor structure has just been completed which will accommodate 25 more male students. The total Hostel Accommodation is sufficient for 100 students.

Release Of Communal Clash Accused

PATNA, April 30.

Two compromise petitions having been filed and moved to-day before Mr. Justice James of the Patna High Court in the Criminal revisions, one on behalf of 12 Muslims and the other on behalf of 6 Hindus, His Lordship has ordered that the sentences already undergone by the accused persons be maintained and all the accused be released forthwith.

The accused were sentenced to 3 months' rigorous imprisonment each in connection with the communal disturbances at Aurangabad, Gaya, during the last Dashara festival.—United Press.

(Continued from col. 7).

at Tank on April 28. They failed to produce their hostages, pleading that their young men were under the influence of Din Faqir. They were ordered to appear again at Tank on May 3 and were told that should the hostages not be forthcoming, Government intended to blockade portions of their country.

Yesterday the Bhitannis handed in 48 hostages and the remaining two are expected shortly.

They also surrendered one kidnapped Hindu.

Enemy gangs are directing to renew attention to the destruction of bridges and culverts on roads in Waziristan, but there are no fresh incidents to report. About 150 Tori Khel Wazir families have arrived in the Spinwam area to take sanctuary.—A.P.

Dhana Bhitannis Give Hostages

Govt. Forces Advance In Khaisora

KIDNAPPED HINDU SURRENDERED

Enemy Afford Excellent Targets To Aircraft And Artillery

SIMLA, April 30.

It is understood that the casualties incurred by the enemy during the night attack on the 2nd Indian Infantry Brigade at Biche Kashkai on the night of the 27-28th were heavier than previously reported, states to-day's Commu nique on the Waziristan situation.

However, fuller details are not yet available.

48 HOSTAGES

After an interview with a Jirga the Bhitannis have handed over 48 hostages to Government and have also surrendered one kidnapped Hindu.

The night of the 28-29th was quiet at Damdil, Tochi and Jaler Camps. The Biche Kashkai Camp was sniped but we had no casualties.

GOVERNMENT'S ADVANCE

At 5-30 in the morning yesterday the 2nd Indian Infantry Brigade (under Brigadier Noyes) left Biche Kashkai camp with the object of reconnoitering the high ground about Manzai Saghza. This is a village about two miles south of Dakai Kilai (on the Lower Khaisora) and at the head of one of the Nalas which run into Pasta Aigad. The country in this area is very broken with scrub-covered hills and deep ravines. A feint was made north of the Khaisora river, which induced the enemy to believe that the Brigade intended to advance on Dakai Kilai. As soon as the enemy realised the true direction in which the Brigade was advancing they began to move from the north to south of the river and in doing so presented good targets, of which full opportunity was taken by our aircraft and artillery.

ENEMY CASUALTIES

The Brigade moved to its final objectives up a long ridge and by 10-30 a.m. had secured a general line of high ground from Manzai Raghza to a point about a mile south of Dakai Kilai. As the advance continued increasing opposition was met with. The withdrawal to Biche Kashkai was closely followed up and again the enemy afforded many excellent targets to our aircraft and artillery, particularly on one occasion when a party of about 100 of the enemy launched an attack on one of our piquets. It is believed that the enemy suffered heavy casualties. Several enemy dead were seen on the hill-sides and one abandoned rifle was found. The two close-support aircraft were later increased to three and operated continuously with the troops and had many opportunities of attacking and inflicting loss on the enemy.

FORCED LANDING

During the day one of our aircraft had a forced landing east of Khaisora Camp. The aircraft was destroyed but the Tochi rescued the crew and salved all guns, bombs and ammunition. The withdrawal of the 2nd Indian Infantry Brigade to Biche Kashkai Camp was successfully accomplished in the afternoon.

GOVT.'S CASUALTIES

Our casualties (subject to confirmation) were:—

Killed:—Four Indian other ranks.

Wounded: Fourteen Indian other ranks.

It was reported yesterday morning that a tribesman attempted to assassinate a British officer at Mir Ali. The officer shot the assailant dead and was himself unharmed.

JIRGA INTERVIEWED.

A Dhana Bhitanni Jirga was interviewed at Bakhmal Ahmadzai in the Bannu District on April 26. The Jirga was not fully representative. They were reminded of their responsibilities and called to account for various hostile acts committed recently. They excused themselves, laying the blame on the Mullah Din Faqir of Bhittani and on members of other Waziristan tribes, who had entered their country. The stoppage of their Maliki allowances was announced and they were ordered to hand in hostages and any kidnapped Hindus. All loyal Khassadars were ordered to assemble at Bakhmal Ahmadzai yesterday and the Jirga was informed that any absentees would be dismissed. The Maliks were hopeful that they would be able to expel the Mullah Din Faqir.

The Jirga was again interviewed

(Continued in Col. 5.)

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Application For Injunction Against Speaker's Election Rejected

Governor's Old Appointment Can Continue Reforms Era Says Judge In Reply To Goswami's Argument

CALCUTTA, April 29.

Mr. Justice Lort Williams at the Calcutta High Court to-day dismissed with costs the application of Mr. T. C. Goswami, M.L.A., for an injunction against the election of the Speaker of the Bengal Assembly.

Delivering judgment His Lordship said that it was admitted that letters patent had been issued creating the office of the Governor of Bengal under the Government of India Act. It was also admitted that no commission had been issued under the Royal Sign manual (appointing) Sir John Anderson to the office of Governor of Bengal.

It was further admitted that Instruments of Instructions passed under the Royal Sign manual had been issued to Governor of Bengal dated March 8, 1937.

This provided that the Governor with all due solemnity shall cause the commission under the Royal Sign manual appointing him to be read and published in the presence of the Chief Justice or in his absence any judge of the High Court of the province

It further provided that the Governor should take the oath of allegiance and the oath for due execution of office and due and impartial administration of justice, which oath the Chief Justice, or any other judge of the High Court shall tender and administer to him.

ALLIGATIONS ARE TRUE

His Lordship said that it was admitted that Sir John Anderson had not taken either of these oaths as provided in the instrument of instructions With regard to the Provincial Legislature section sixty provided that it should consist of His Majesty represented by the Governor and in provinces like Bengal two chambers.

His Lordship agreed with Mr. Bose, (Counsel), in his argument which showed that the Governors' position under the new Act was very different from its position under the old Act because under the new Act he himself was part of the Legislatures, as His Majesty the King was part of the Legisla-Legislature.

His Lordship pointed out that Act expressly provided that the Section 65 provided that every Provincial Legislature should choose two members of the Assembly as Speaker and Deputy Speaker, and a sub-section provided that when the Speakers' office was vacant his duties shall be performed by a Deputy Speaker or by such member of the Assembly as the Governor would appoint.

Sir John Anderson accordingly appointed Mr. Eric Studd, a member of the Assembly, temporarily as the Speaker to preside over the first meeting on April 7.

Cannot Argu

In His Lordship's opinion the answer to the whole of Mr. Bose's argument that none of the acts either of summoning the Legislature or of the appointment of Mr. Studd, were valid because Sir John Anderson was not the Governor of Bengal within the meaning of the act of 1935 was provided in section 321, the meaning of which to His Lordship's mind was quite clear.

The suggestion taken as a whole so far as it affected the question in the present application in His Lordships opinion was comparatively easily construed because of the emphatic words at the end of the sub-section. His Lordship could not agree with Mr. Bose's contention that the office of the Governor of Bengal under the Act of 1935 was not the office corresponding to the office of the Governor of Bengal either in Council or with ministers created under the previous Act

As regards the preliminary points raised in the affidavit in opposition to effect that the suit was unmaintainable His Lordship understood that the contention was based to some extent upon the provisions of section 53 (2) of the Act and upon the other provisions. His Lordships conclusion was that the application be dismissed with costs.—A. P.

WEATHER FOILS RECORD BREAKING FLIGHT

RANGOON, April 30.

Typically monsoonish weather prevailing on the Burma Coast since last night interfered with Mr. Broadbent's attempted record breaking flight.

Mr. Broadbent left Rangoon at 3-25 p.m. for Akyab, but returned here at 6 p.m. owing to bad weather. He hopes to take off early to-morrow morning for Calcutta if weather permitting.

WILL LIVE AND DIE WITH CONGRESS

C. P. Harijan M. L. A. Refuses To Join In Working Reforms

(From Our Correspondent)

NAGPUR: April 29.

"I will live and die with the Indian National Congress".

This spirited reply was given by Mr. Rameshwar Agnibhoj, member of the Provincial Legislative Assembly, when he was approached by two different Harijan groups.

Mr. Hardas of Nagpur on behalf of the Ambedkar Group requested Mr. Agnibhoj to join their group to work the constitution and to take the full advantage of the Reforms. No reply was given to Mr. Haridas's request.

Mr Thaware, Assistant General Secretary of the All-India Depressed Classes Association, urged him for a meeting of the All-India Harijan M. L. A.'s to consider the question whether they should remain aloof or join the Congress Party, where they are in a majority. Mr. Agnibhoj thinks that they favour only the opportunist points of view.

Mr. Agnibhoj had received no letter from Mr. Gavai but in view of his decision to work with the Congress Party in the Legislative Congress Party in the Legislature Mr. Agnibhoj does not care whoever approaches him.

ANTI-IMPERIALIST CONFERENCE

To Be Held In Lucknow In June

LUCKNOW: April 29.

It has been decided to hold a provincial anti-imperialist conference in Lucknow sometime in the month of June next. This decision was taken up at a meeting held in Lucknow, attended by a number of local organisations including Congress Socialist Party, Muslim Ahrar Party, E. I. Railway Union, Transport Workers' Union, Paper Mill Workers' Union and the Lucknow Textile Workers' Union.

A sub-committee consisting of Mr. Mohanlal Saxena, M.L.A., Mr. Chandra Bhangupta, Mr. Shiva Sharma, Ghazi Munney Khan and Mr. B. K. Mukherji has also been formed to necessary arrangements for the conference.—United Press

RAJEN BABU RETURNS TO PATNA

PATNA: April 30.

Babu Rajendra Prasad arrived here from Allahabad this morning. He stays here to-day and leaves for Warisaliganj to-morrow to preside over the Gaya District Political Conference to be held there

Thereafter, he will proceed to Bhagalpore to arbitrate in a suit between Mst. Lilasing, widow of the late Mr. Dipnarain Singh and his daughter in respect of the deceased's intestate properties.

Rajen Babu will return to Patna on May 5.—United Press.

Mr. M. S. Aney unveiled on Wednesday evening a portrait of Mr. Damodar Bhide in the building of the Hanuman Vyayam Mandal at Amraoti.

French Fliers Reach City

Propose To Establish Shortest Route Between France And French India

BOMBAY, Friday.

Madame Claire Roman and Mlle. Alix Lucas-Naudin who left Paris on the 20th instant in their Salmson by-plane arrived in Bombay this morning at 8-45 and was received by the French Consul Monsieur Frederic Chalant, Monsieur Emile Vanura (Vice-Consul), Madame Vanura and others.

They left Karachi yesterday morning at 10-8 on their way to Pondicherry but due to engine trouble they were forced to stop at Ahmedabad for the night from there they took off this morning.

presentative they said that they encountered bad weather from the start and specially from Italy to Syria after which they had trouble with the petrol pipe all the while. Both Madame Roman and Mlle. Naudin are experienced pilots and they piloted the machine in turn.

Madame Roman was a participant in the International Air Speed Race for women for The Helen Bouchet Cup held in Paris in 1935 and 1936 and on both occasions she came second. She has to her credit various other aerial distinctions also. They have no mechanic and all mechanical jobs are done by Mlle. Naudin. Since leaving Paris they have covered about 20,000 kilometers up to now.

They said that it was not their intention to establish any record because their machine was not fit for that job, but it was their intention to establish a shortest possible route between France and French India.

Though they stopped at places in India only for a few hours, they were very impressed with the beauty of the Indian landscape and the charming manners of the people It is their first visit to India After refuelling they took off for Secunderabad at 10-15 and they intend to spend the night there and to-morrow morning to proceed to their destination Pondicherry.

Regarding their return flight they said that, if weather condition permitted they might fly to Calcutta, otherwise they would return through Bombay to Paris within a fortnight

Their machine has a cruising speed of 95 to 100 miles per hour and their engine developing 130 h.p. and it is very small size when compared to machines which are generally used for such long distance flights.

At Pondicherry the fliers will be the guests of the Governor-General of French India.

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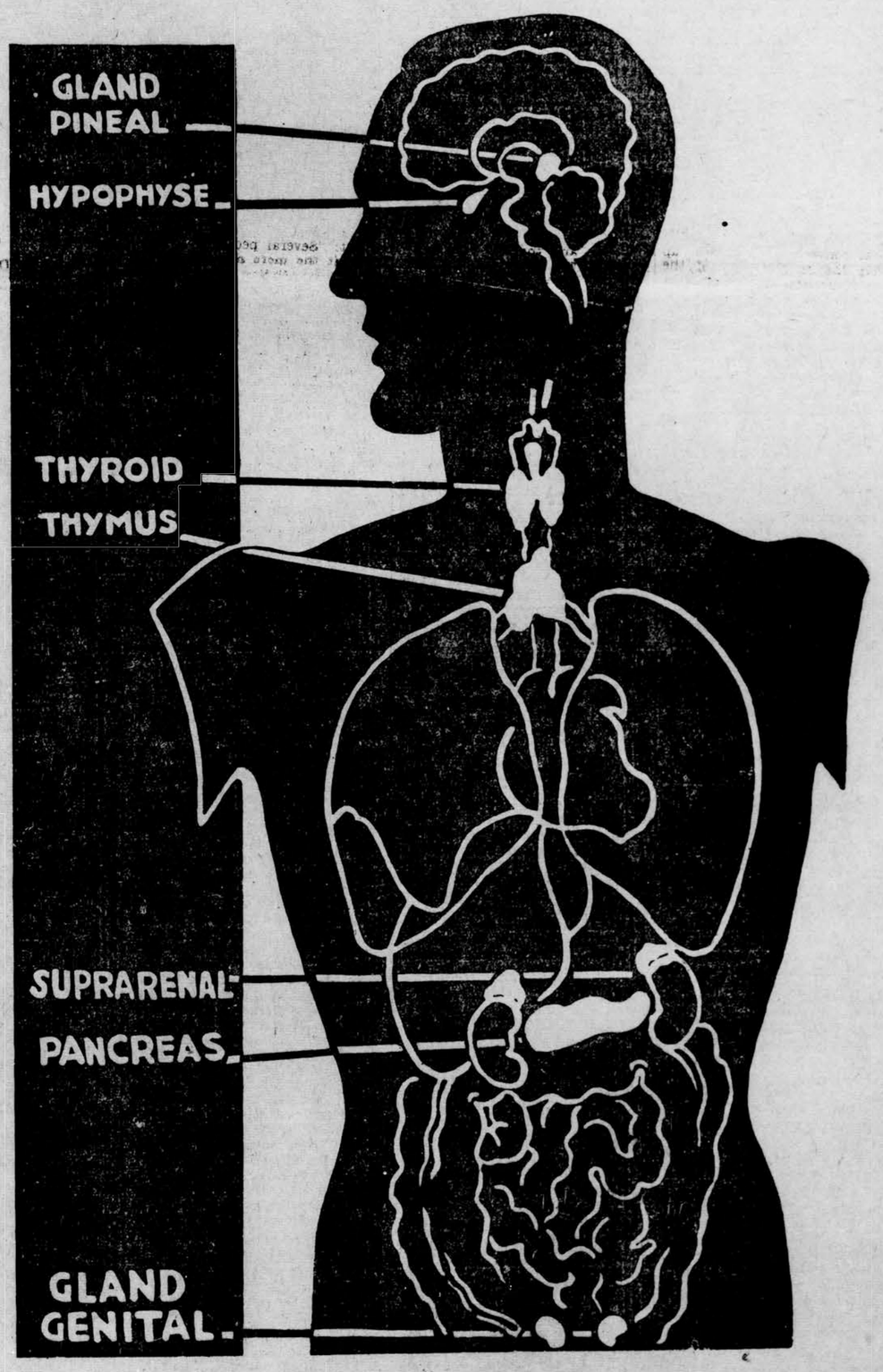

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FILM FARE FOR THE WEEK

"Bulldog Drummond" At The Pathe—"Michael Strogoff" At The Capitol—"Wings Of The Morning" At The Regal—"After The Thin Man" At The Empire—"Strangers On Honeymoon" At The Excelsior—"Tarzan Escapes" At The Plaza

"Bulldog Drummond" at the Pathe this week.

"THE THIN MAN"

William Powell And Myrna Loy At The Empire

The mixture of comedy and drama which W. S. Van Dyke unfailingly injects into a mystery picture is evident again in his latest effort, "After the Thin Man," the Metro-Goldwyn-Mayer film, which opens to-day at the Empire Theatre with William Powell and Myrna Loy in the starring roles.

Sequel to that memorable masterpiece of cinema mystery, "The Thin Man," this was written by the same author, Dashiell Hammett, and surrounds the inimitable stars with a sparkling cast of favourites, including James Stewart, Elissa Landi, Joseph Calleia, Jessie Ralph and Asta, the remarkable wire-haired terrier of "The Thin Man."

Returning from their New York venture to their home in San Francisco, Nick and Nora, of the remembered original, crash into mad excitement in San Francisco The story carries you into the aristocratic atmosphere of historic Nob Hill and by way of contrast into the singular maelstrom of Chinatown. There is murder, of course, and if anyone in the audience identified the killer in advance he kept it strictly to himself.

William Powell, as the ace detective, Nick Charles, excels his performance in "The Thin Man," and Myrna Loy reaches a new high as his worried wife. The supporting cast is excellent throughout and the story is entirely up to the standard of Dashiell Hammett who ranks among America's foremost mystery writers.

Hunt Stromberg was the producer, with W. S. Van Dyke directing. Van Dyke is an enthusiast for mystery fiction and accordingly has handled the story with real feeling.

"The Thin Man" was one of the ranking box office pictures of its time. Its sequel, judging from audience reaction at the Empire Theatre promises to take an equal position.

"Michael Strogoff" at the Capitol this week.

'BULLDOG DRUMMOND' IN ACTION-PACKED FILM

To-day At The Pathe

Captain Hugh Drummond, better known to the world as "Bulldog Drummond," master sleuth and soldier-of-fortune, opens this evening at the Pathe in the latest and by far the breeziest of the famous series, "Bulldog Drummond Escapes."

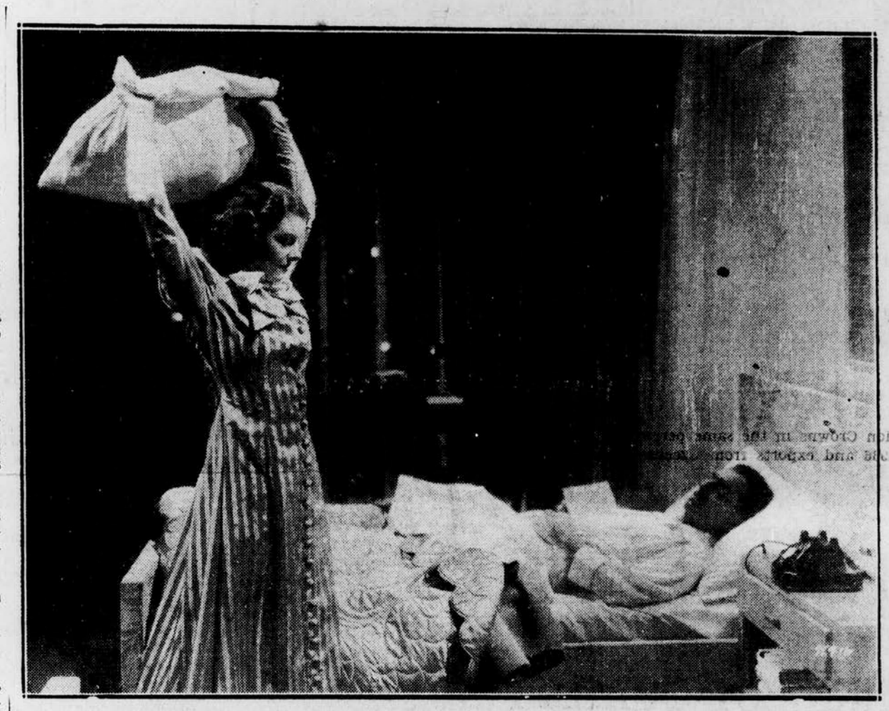
Drummond, played by Ray Milland, drops into London out of the fog in his latest opus, and immediately finds himself chin deep in mystery. He solves it, sees that the miscreants get their just deserts and wins the girl—all in eight action-packed hours.

His old pal, "Algy, is portrayed by Reginald Denny, and Inspector Nielson of Scotland Yard, his friendly enemy, is excellently enacted by Sir Guy Standing. The girl in the case is charming Heather Angel, and the villain is that most villainous of screen villians, Porter Hall—this time with a bread!

Summoned to the inspector's home to discuss a new mystery which is baffling London, Drummond stops in a foggy moor to investigate a scream. He finds a dead man and a beautiful girl and before he knows what's what the girl gets into his car and speeds away.

He discovers later that she is his next-door neighbour, where she lives with Hall and an assortment of other weird characters against her will. Things begin to happen thick and fast after Drummond decides to investigate, culminating in a mile-a-minute climax wherein the whole mystery is broken in one fell swoop, with two murders solved, a third prevented, a kidnapping frustrated and a band of counterfeiters rounded up.

Milland handles the role of Drummond to perfection. The film is treated in light-hearted manner and makes excellent entertainment for the entire family We should like to see more Bulldog Drummonds with Milland in the title role.



"After The Thin Man" with William Powell and Myrna Loy at the Empire.

"WINGS OF THE MORNING" RADIANT COLOUR AND A NEW STAR

At The Regal

Brought to the screen in all the life-like beauty of natural Technicolour, "Wings of the Morning" the flaming romance of a lovely fugitive fleeing from strife-torn Spain will open to-night at the Regal Theatre. Annabella, a new and alluring sensation of the screen, is starred with Henry Fonda and Leslie Banks in the film, which presents the world-famous tenor, John McCormack A thrilling mixture of drama, spectacle and surprise, the Twentieth Century-Fox release achieves remarkable effects through its natural, perfected Technicolour as life-like, and beautiful that you'll think you've never seen colour on the screen before. The spectacular changing of the Guard at Buckingham Palace, home of English Kings; the most sensational Derby ever run, with Jockey Steve Donoghue riding his most thrilling race; John McCormack, beloved Irish tenor, singing the songs of Ireland that have made him famous—these are a few of the moments that make "Wings of the Morning" a film at once beautiful and breath-taking. As different and alluring as her unusual name, the lovely Annabella appears first in a prologue, showing her as Marie, a gypsy princes. She marries Leslie Banks, the Earl of Clontarf, who dies on the hunting field five months later, and learns when she returns to the gypsies, that her marriage has brought a curse on her descendants for three generations. As the great-granddaughter of that gypsy princess, Marie appears in modern times, fleeing from a Spain torn by revolution. Safe in Ireland, Marie seeks a trainer for her horse, "Wings of the Morning" so that she may win the English Derby and a dowry that will enable her to marry the fiance she left in Spain. Henry Fonda as Kerry Gilfallen, a young Irish trainer, falls in love with Marie and agrees to train her horse, though he has a Derby candidate of his own. He gives a party for Marie, at which John McCormick sings, and when the girl's jockey breaks his leg, it is Kerry who volunteers the services of his hue. This Kerry does although he realises that a Derby victory, and a dowry, will probably take Marie away from him forever. Although seeming victory comes to Marie in the most sensational Derby ever run the curse of the gypsies has yet another stroke of misfortune for her, and it is Marie's great-grandmother whose last earthly gesture comes to the rescue in a startling conclusion that removes the curse forever and makes possible the union of Kerry and Marie. Stewart Rome, Harry Tate and Irene Vanbrugh are also featured in the cast. Harold Schuster directed the film, which is based on stories by the late Donn Byrne. The 20th Century-Fox release was produced by Robert T. Kane.

"STRANGERS ON HONEYMOON"

At The Excelsior

A head-strong girl who marries a tramp out of bravado, and their subsequent adventures, forms the theme of "Strangers on Honeymoon," the new Gaumont-British comedy-thriller now shown at the Excelsior.

"Strangers on Honeymoon," which co-stars Constance Cummings and Hugh Sinclair, is based on the novel by Edgar Wallace entitled "The Northing Tramp." The entire action takes place in America and Canada and the director, Albert de Courville, has brilliantly re-created the American scene and atmosphere for the screen version.

Constance Cummings plays the role of October Jones, who is due to marry Sam Wasser. On the day of the ceremony Wasser gets drunk and offers October the choice of marrying him or a tramp, also drunk. In a fit of pique, October chooses the tramp and marries him.

A strange honeymoon follows. The tramp, now sober, won't believe he has married October, and when pursuers stop their car, he escapes into the country alone. October finds herself in the town jail.

The tramp returns and rescues her, and from this point they become involved in a grim game of hide-and-seek involving a mysterious English woman, Elfrida, played by Beatrix Lehmann, and her two hired assassins, played by Noah Beery and David Burns. October learns that the tramp's real name is Lord Elliott Quigley and that he is trying to prevent Elfrida from securing a valuable land deed.

The chase leads them, hotly pursued, across the border to Canada. Here, in the home of Quigley's uncle, Sir Gregory Andrews, the last act of the drama is played out; Elfrida is found drugged, two gunmen join the fray, and only the arrival of the police sees justice done, the crooks captured and October and Quigley left to resume their honeymoon in peace.

Thrills and comedy are cleverly blended in this fast-moving story, and Constance Cummings and Hugh Sinclair give brilliant portrayals as the couple who marry in haste and honeymoon among murderers, crooks and gunmen. Supporting roles are played by Edmund Breon, Maurice Freeman, Jack Arnold, Anne Tucker McGuire and Butler Hixon.

"Strangers on Honeymoon" at the Excelsir this week.

"MICHAEL STROGOFF"

At The Capitol

An adventure picture offering a wealth of excitement, a tender romance, some of the most spectacular scenes ever photographed and entertainment which should find favour with father, mother, sister and brother comes to the screen of the Capitol Theatre from to-day in the above picture. Besides its remarkable pageantry of drama and action, this noteworthy version of Jules Verne's story introduces a new candidate for American picture laurels in the magnetic person of Anton Walbrook. The International stage and screen favourite offered a performance which skyrockets him into the ranks of our own top-notch screen celebrities. Carefully woven into the plot and extraordinary enough to justify paeans of praise on their own account are the tremendous panoramic scenes of the Russian army pitted against the barbaric Tartar hordes in two different battle episodes. These scenes far surpass anything of the kind ever filmed, and they alone would make the picture well worth seeing for their sheer, breath-taking effect. As millions who have read the famous story will recall—and here, for one, is a film version of a book that faithfully follows the original plot "Michael Strogoff" concerns itself with the perilous journey of its hero across Siberia and through hostile Tartar patrols to reach a besieged Russian army at Irkutsk with the Tsar's orders for the campaign. A beautiful woman spy is on his trail, a Russian Girl befriends him; he is trapped, battles river pirates, is captured and tortured by the Tartars, but with the aid of the loyal girl, attains his mission and a thrilling revenge over the Tartar leader. For all its straightforward simplicity, "Michael Strogoff" reaches absorbing heights in its steady accumulation of dramatic tension, and in many ways it is a refreshing change from the conventional type of action film. Margot Grahame gives an excellent performance as the spy who, too late, tries to save Walbrook from the Tartars. Elizabeth Allan is charming in the role of the friendless girl whose shy romance with the courier provides the love interest, and Akim Tamiroff, as the traitorous Russian leading the Tartar rebellion, turns in a brilliantly convincing piece of Villainy. Fay Bainter, Eric Blore, Edward Brophy, Paul Harvey, Paul Gulfoyle and Wm. Stack are outstanding among the supporting players.

"TARZAN ESCAPES"

At The Plaza

Children and the unsophisticated will appreciate the news that the one and only Tarzan is continuing his adventures for the screen, his latest effort "Tarzan Escapes" at the Plaza (Tilak Bridge, Dadar) from to-day again features Johnny Weissmuller in the title role with Maureen O'Sullivan as his loving wife.

In its own way this film is entertaining enough, there is the same spectacular photography of animals and the same neivete which have been characteristics of both the other Tarzan epics, but one can hardly help remarking on the fact that Tarzan's vocabulary is almost as limited as it was three years ago except when it suits the producers to picture him as understanding most complicated dialogue and ideas. His love scenes with Jane (Maureen O'Sullivan) however, remain in the "Me Tarzan, You Jane, I love" stage. These discrepancies aside however, the film offers more than a fair share of thrills, and a rather less than more creditable plot.

Benita Hume sets out in the jungle to find Maureen O'Sullivan, her cousin who has been left a fortune by an eccentric relative. They are led by a villanious white hunter whose servant, Herbert Mundin, is the chief source of amusement in the picture. The party brave the assorted dangers that the African jungle has to offer which range from wild animals to wilder savages, and succeed in finding Maureen and her mate. But the white hunter wants to capture Tarzan and is quite willing to sacrifice the women to the savages if they will help him. The savages not being amenable to the theory about humour among thieves, retaliate by capturing the whole party and putting them to torture. They are only saved by Tarzan who has escaped from the cage of super-tempered steel into which the hunter had tricked him.

And Maureen and Tarzan are left in the jungle until the next Tarzan adventure occurs to M.-G.-M. producers. Chitax the chimpangee is completely satisfying his very clever and uncannily amusing. The human actors battle successfully against the unconvincing vagaries of the plot.

Henry Fonda in "Wings of The Morning" at the Regal.

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"Denial Of Right Of Worship"

Bhopatkar Urges Hindus To Organise And Insist On Their Just Claims

POONA, April 30.

Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, Leader, Democratic Swaraj Party, and the legal adviser to the Trustees of the Sonya Maruti Temple, has issued a lengthy statement to the Press on the Sonya Maruti Temple dispute clarifying several points. In the course of the statement Mr. Bhopatkar says:—

"I must make it plain that recently I saw the Hon'ble Sir D. B. Cooper, the Chief Minister, and Mr. Irwin, the Home Secretary in my capacity as the legal adviser of the Trustees of the Shri Sonya Maruti temple with a view to acquaint them with the facts and merits of the case.

I am deeply thankful to them for having given me full and patient hearing, and for having expressed their sympathy and appreciation if the Hindu points of view

However, it seemed to me that the general policy of the Government and particularly in matters involving questions of public peace and tranquility, to rely upon the opinion of the officer on the spot and to stand by his orders was felt as a great stumbling block in the way of even the highest authorities revising expeditiously the said orders, howsoever unjust or improper they may be."

Long Standing Right.

Continuing Mr. Bhopatkar says: "It is admitted on all hands that the Hindus have had the long-standing right to worship the deity and perform "hari kirtans" to the accompaniment of music from the "Hanuman Jayanti" day down to the "Akshaya Tritiya," day, which correspond this year from 25th April to 13th May. It is also admitted that according to the Hindu notions and sentiments, no religiously valid worship could be performed unless it is accompanied by the usual music.

In fact, a Hindu worship without music is no worship at all in the eye of the Hindu religion, and to deny the Hindus the right to play music at the time of worship is in essence a denial to them of the right of worship itself."

"But it is urged that in so far as the Sonya Maruti is concerned," adds Mr. Bhopatkar, "the opening of the Laxmi road has considerably altered the old situation, and consequently, the old rights require to be re-defined, Frankly enough, I confess to my inability to grasp this argument, which seeks to make the rights of a community dependant upon the opening or closing of a municipal road.

Total Prohibition.

"The total prohibition of music, and carrying it to the absurd length of holding the sounding of the small bell permanently fixed in the temple itself as an infringement of the order is what really passes my comprehension. To me the idea underlying the order seems to be that if there is to be prohibition of some sort or kind, then, the Hindus being temperamentally meek and law-abiding, why not go the whole hog and pronibit them "in toto" by issuing an order to that effect, howsoever absurd it may be?"

"Does not this attitude, in all conscience, indicate the truth of the old adage; "Nangese Khuda darata hai," and an abdication on the part of the Government and its officers of all their power and good sense in favour of rowdyism, and a cruel reminder to the Hindue, that their very meekness and law-abiding nature is their greatest vice, which, instead of evoking the right sentiments in the official mind, renders them as so many objects of contempt and ridicule?"

Present Order.

Concluding Mr. Bhopatkar says: "One could have understood the District Magistrate issuing an order reconciling, more or less, the conflicting claims of the two contending parties. But one cannot but stand against at the present order denying to the Hindus even the right of worship through the total prohibition of music.

"In conclusion, as a Hindu, I request my Hindu brethren to sink all their little differences, if any, to realize in its true perspective

INDO-CZECH TRADE

Steady Improvement

(From Our Correspondent.)

PRAGUE, April 23.

Indo-Czechoslovakian trade for the first quarter of this year, figures relating to which are just published, shows an improvement in regard to both directions as compared to the corresponding term of the previous year. Imports from India to Czechoslovakia in the first three months of 1937 are represented in value by 91 million Czechoslovak Crowns as against 53 million Crowns in the same period of 1936 and exports from Czechoslovakia to India by 37 million Crowns as against 16 million Crowns. This development has been fairly systematic in the three months of the present year. Imports from India, as a matter of fact, have been on the rise fairly steadily the last three years, though they remained till recently without any similar tendency in regard to exports from Czechoslovakia, which for a while has been a matter of some attention among concerned circles in Czechoslovakia. The improvement that has commenced to set in newly in regard to exports, it would appear, is closely bound with the economic advance marked by organisational and monetary changes that have considerably added to the competency of Czechoslovak products in the world market. It is satisfactory to note that Czechoslovakian market has continued an expanding one for Indian products. The issue of India's trade with Czechoslovakia is deserving of special mention since statistics as generally made available do not give a full picture of this trade and because Czechoslovakia is a significant market for Indian products and one capable of further development in more directions than one on a mutually advantageous course. The latter is of close significance at present when Czechoslovakia as a leading industrial unit and an important buyer of raw products has entered on a course of economic revival.

Examination Of Book Packets

The Director-General, Posts & Telegraphs writes:—

The instructions contained in Clause 61 of the Post and Telegraph Guide are to the effect that a book packet must be posted without a cover or in an unfastened envelope, or in a cover which can be easily removed for the purpose of examination without breaking any seal or tearing any paper or separating any adhering surfaces. A packet posted without a cover may not be fastened or otherwise closed in such a manner as to prevent easy examination. It has been found that a large number of book packets are received in the post in wrappers, with the postage stamp affixed partly on the wrapper and partly on the contents. This does not allow easy examination of the contents without tearing the stamp.

The public are therefore requested not to affix postage stamps in this manner but to affix them wholly on the wrapper or wholly on the article contained therein. They are warned that book packets closed in such a manner as to prevent easy examination are liable to be taxed on delivery at letter or parcel rates of postage whichever may be less.

CONDITION OF RESTORED ASHRAMS

Bardoli Gardens Look Like Jungles

(From A Correspondent).

BARDOLI, April 27.

All the Ashrams in the Bardoli Taluka have been restored now when the famous Swaraj Ashram of Bardoli was given back on the 23rd instant. Sjt. K. M. Patel and Sjt. K. V. Mehta, the trustees, took possession of the property. A list of details regarding damage done to the buildings and of the things lost was made in the presence of the local authorities. After that Ashrams were handed over, the flag salutation ceremony was performed; the ceremony ended with 'Mahatma Gandhiji-ki Jay.'

Most of the buildings of the Ashram had big cracks, the garden had turned into a veritable jungle and gave a very wild appearance.

To put the Ashram again in order the trustees will have to spend about Rs. 3,000.

In Sarbhon Ashram which was restored on the 24th instant, the furniture of the Ashram, free dispensary was all missing.

When Madhi Ashram was restored on 26th instant, Sjt. Morarbhai Patel, M.L.A., a prominent leader of the Taluka, personally came down to see things for himself. Both the buildings of the Ashram were in a very bad condition Even the authorities were afraid of entering the rooms. Everywhere cracks and shattered walls were seen

A heap of 32,000 bricks which was kept in compound to build the well was found missing.

For the Ashrams of Vedchhi and Kumbhia which were restored on 20th instant, the trustees will have to spend about Rs. 3,000.

CONVICTION ORDER REMAINS UNSERVED FOR 3 YEARS!

Interesting Case From Mysore

(From Our Own Correspondent.)

BANGALORE (By Mail).

An interesting case has just been brought to light wherein some accused remain unserved with their conviction order for a period of 3 years and five months after the passing of the judgment. Five residents of Closepet Taluk were arrested on a charge of alleged kidnapping a minor girl and the Bangalore Assistant Sessions Judge convicted all the five accused on 18-11-1931 to various terms of imprisonment varying from 3 years to 6 months On this the accused preferred an appeal to the Mysore High Court. Till the judgment of the appeal in the High Court all the accused were released on bail. On 10-7-33 the High Court of Mysore upheld the Lower Court's conviction. But alas the accused remained ignorant of this judgment and remained unserved of this conviction for a period of 3 years and 5 months. On 3-12-36 the Police suddenly served the conviction order of the High Court passed 3 years and 5 months back and arrested the accused and remanded them to jail.

PETITION TO POLICE.

Meanwhile in this period of their liberty all the accused were, it is alleged, residing in their own villages and were in easy access to the Court for serving of their conviction order. But they were destined to be free. Anyhow there was the anxiety pricking the accused of their impending arrest. The third accused could not curb his anxiety. He wrote a petition to Inspector-General of Police enquiring him of what had become of their conviction and in case of their being arrested he would postpone the marriage of his brother which he was anxious to perform. Promptly came the reply from the I. G. of Police stating that he had no knowledge of the conviction of the accused. Matter rested there till the beginning of this year—when they were arrested and removed to jail to serve their sentences.

At the beginning of this year a petition was filed to the Government wherein the illegal way of the arrest of the accused was effected, viz., arresting them after a lapse of 3 years and 5 months after the delivering of the judgment.

The Government considering the petition order for the release of all the accused and accordingly they were released yesterday.

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London Sports Letter

UNIVERSITY AND COUNTY CRICKET PROSPECTS

Robins Pays Tribute To "Magnificient Australian Team"

(From Our Sports Correspondent.)

LONDON, (By Air Mail).

As the new cricket season approaches county officials view the future with anticipation of more success on the field and hope for increased taking at the turnstiles.

ROBINS BACK IN ENGLAND.

R. W. V. Robins, England Vice Captain in Australia with the M. C. C. team returned to London about a week ago without much adb. He slipped back so quietly in the country that until yesterday his arrival was notice. Robins is not sure whether or not he will be able to captain Middlesex again this season. When questioned on the point he said: I have a lot of work to do, but more important from the cricket point of view is whether I will be fit. My bowling hand was injured in Australia and I do not expect to know before the end of May if it will permit me taking part in any cricket. So far Middlesex have not made any arrangements about the captaincy in the event of Robins not being available. Mr. P. F. Warner, the new Middlesex President, said that he hoped the hand which handicapped Robins and the side so much in Australia will get better. Middlesex appreciates his immense value as a captain and a cricketer to the county. Few people in London realise how badly Robins was hurt in Australia. Not only was the finger broken, but the top was almost severed and the ligaments were severely torn.

AUSTRALIAN TEAM.

In the opinion of Robins the Australians will be a magnificent team when they come here next year and they will be well worth watching. He is convinced that much of the success of Australian cricket is to be traced to the concrete pitches on which the youngsters play from an early age. "In any Australian park", he said, "you will see ten or twenty concrete pitches laid down. The youngsters are taught to play on it, with the result that they have the ball coming through accurately and quickly from the start. They all play beautifully off their back foot, and hook well.

The bowlers are compelled to keep a length or else suffer heavy punishment and they catch well. If it rains they can play a few minutes after it stops, and so get their cricket always under good conditions. At home many of youngsters have to play on bad wickets, or are prevented from playing at all because the pitches are unfit. I am sure that is the secret of Australia's success."

Robins was full of praise for Don Bradman, whose batting once he got out of his bad patch was simply "incredible". Badcock, he thinks, is one of the best young cricketers he has ever seen. O'Reilly's bowling was so accurate that Robins believes he did not bowl a couple of full-tosses all through the Tests, while Ross Gregory reminded him of Herbert Collins. Finally Robins said that he had never played in Test matches in which there had been such a friendly atmosphere. "I did not hear the slightest suggestion of any trouble. I think the better team won, but we did have some cruel luck. The last Test was played in terrific heat, that played havoc with the fast bowlers and necessitated the players changing at each interval. Once we lost the toss in that match I did not think we stood much chance.

They are calling young Dudley Nourse, South Africa's Bradman. At least he is being hailed in his province of Natal as the next best batsman in the world after Don Bradman, and his record in this season's Currie Cup matches certainly justifies such praise. I have just received a report from a friend in Natal which shows that in four innings Nourse obtained 666 runs for the remarkable average of 222. His scores were 260 not out, 135, 31 and 240. Nourse certainly has this in common with Bradman. He is a born cricketer. He has had little or no coaching. Even his famous father. Dave Nourse, who was born at Croydon and played for Surrey before he played for South Africa, has really thought fit to give him any advice as to how he should make his strokes. I. J. Siedle, who visited England with the last South African team, also did well, I find, for Natal in the Currie Cup matches. He obtained three centuries and made 207 against Western Province at the same time as Nourse was making his 240. This was the first time two double centuries had been made in one innings in South African cricket.

GOLF IN LONDON STREETS.

A golf match is to be played through the streets of London, from Piccadilly to the Bank. The wager is that the players will not "get round" in less than fifty strokes, says the "Golf Monthly". No windows must be broken and no one hurt. At the right hours and in the right conditions it should be possible—by way of Leicester square, the Strand, and Fleet-Street—to reach the Bank in thirty strokes. In 1919 a golfer drove off from Piccadilly Circus, and going by way of the Strand, Fleet Street and Ludgate Hill, "holed out" at the Royal Exchange. Time he chose was 8 a.m. on a Sunday.

KISAN CONFERENCES IN AMRAOTI

Peasants Assure Support To Congress In Case Of Re-Election

AMRAOTI, (By Mail).

The Secretary of the District Congress Committee. Amraoti writes:

The last Assembly elections have created a great stir among peasant masses. The entire country side has been aroused by Congress propaganda.

Thinking that this is the most opportune situation in which to launch a campaign of peasant organisation, the Congress and Congress socialist workers of Amraoti have undertaken a comprehensive programme of Kisan propaganda. Kisan Conferences in the remote countryside in different parts are being held, where Kisans from neighbouring villages flock to listen and participate in the meetings. The Conference opens with an introductory speech by some Congress worker who explains the Congress Agrarian programme. Slowly speaker after speaker from among the peasants rise up; they open their lips after the silence of centuries and relate in plain words their harrowing tales. They are earnest and hopeful as the Congress has kindled hopes in them.

KISAN CONFERENCES

Beginning from the 6th April so far, seven Kisan Conferences have been held in the taluq and by the middle of the next month, about an equal number will have been held. On the 6th April the first Conference was held at Lonse presided by Mr. V. D. Brahma, Advocate. The second Conference on the 7th at Dabha was presided over by Mr. J. S. Akarte, pleader of Mersi. On the 10th April at the Rahatgaon Conference Mr. Chikate of Daryapur presided. On the 12th at Nathoda Sukleshwar Dr. Gopalrao Kelkar of Mana presided. At Anjangaon Bari Conference on the 17th, Mr. G. V. Sarnaik, pleader of Amraoti presided. At Marki on the 25th April Dr. Soman presided and at Asra on the same day G. B. Deo, pleader of Chendur presided.

KISAN ENQUIRY COMMITTEE.

At the end of each conference an Enquiry Committee of 2 or 3 persons to enquire into and report the local conditions and grievances of the peasants in that locality was formed. These persons were chosen from among the Kisans themselves. When the programme of Conferences is over the members of these Committees will meet at Amraoti and constitute themselves into the Kisan Executive for the Taluq, and will carry out the work of organising Kisan Sabhas in the District.

The following resolutions were passed at the conferences.—

1. This Conference wholeheartedly supports the Agrarian programme formulated by the Indian National Congress at its Faizpur Session.

2. The Conference brings to the notice of the Government, conditions of poverty and indebtedness of the peasants and calls upon the Government to take immediate steps to give effect to the following demands:—

(a) Land Revenue to be considered tax on income instead of rent on land and be assessed according to the graduated system above net income of Rs. 500.

(b) The customary rights of peasants and workers to secure forest produce must be safeguarded.

(c) No money in shape of subscription be forcibly realised.

(d) Tacavi Loans be distributed at Rs. 5 per acre to the actual tilling farmers, without any favouritism.

(e) Peasants to be given protection from harassment by Patel, Patwari, Police and Tahasildar.

(f) Coercive measures should not be resorted to in the collection of Land Revenue.

(g) Legal provision to be made to assure minimum wage to agricultural workers.

WANTED LEGAL PROTECTION

3. With a view to secure just and satisfactory relations between the lessors and the lessees of land, this Conference recommends that law may be enacted and the lessor be granted legal protection in case—

(1) The contract between the lessor and the lessee is found to be unjust and oppressive for the lessee and that undue advantage has been taken of the poverty and need of the lessee, the lessee may be given the right of modifying the same contract.

(2) In case of natural calamity the lessee be given proper remission.

SUPPORT TO CONGRESS.

4. This Conference fully supports the anti-Imperialist struggle carried on by the Congress and strongly condemns the action of the Government and the interim nominated Ministers for flouting and trampling upon the declared wishes of the people and the electorate. It further calls upon the peasants to support Congress in case re-elction takes place.

CENTRAL BANK'S BRANCH AT ALLEPPEY

Travancore Dewan To Perform Opening Ceremony

("Chronicle Special.")

It is understood the authorities of the Central Bank of India are contemplating the establishment of more branches in South India. Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawalla inaugurated the bank's Jubilee year by launching a bold policy of expansion. The Central Exchange Bank of India whict has raised the status of the Central Bank internationally is the first fruit if the new policy. Along with this, branches were opened in Cochin, Ernakulam, Coimbatore, Madras and Jamshedpur. Now it is proposed to open a branch in Alleppey (Travancore). Branches in Tuticorin and Bangalore are also under contemplation.

DEWAN TO OPEN.

The branch at Alleppey will be opened by Sir C. P. Ramaswami Iyer, Dewan of Travancore on May 14. This is the first time that the Central Bank commences direct operations in Travancore State. Alleppey is a thriving commercial centre chiefly engaged in the export of Malabar products like pepper, cashewnut, coffee and coir products.

It will be recalled that ever since he assumed Dewanship of Travancore, Sir C. P. Ramaswami was busy with the plan of starting a Central State Bank for Travancore. With this idea, he invited high officials of the Reserve Bank to discuss its possibilities. The scheme is still under negotiation. But Sir Sorabji Pochkhanawala has taken this timely opportunity to start a branch in Travancore State. Unlike in Cochin, there is no invitation from Travancore, and the branch is started on the bank's own initiative.

USURIOUS RATES.

In his previous visits to South India, Sir Sorabji has made a thorough study of banking conditions in South India. While the cry of "Cheap money" is persistent in Bombay and Calcutta, banking conditions in remote parts of South India assume usurious proportions. It is because, many of the so-called banks in Cochin and Travancore are "Chitfund" institutions. Since they have only limited capital, they attract deposits by offering high rate of interest, and in turn make the needy pay exorbitantly

Sir Sorabji has found that by transferring cheap money to needy areas in South India, he can not only hasten the advent of normal banking conditions, but also make the position of the Central Bank impregnable. The branches in Madras and Cochin have been a success within such a short time that the line is clear for opening more branches.

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OUR READERS' VIEWS

Racial Bar In I. M. S.

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—The racial discrimination now introduced by the Defence Department Resolution published in the "Gazette of India Extraordinary" dated March 25th, 1937, is an insult to Indias in general and to the Indian medical profession in particular; and sheer injustice to the Indian members of Indian Medical Service. The Lee Commission was mainly responsible for giving statutory recognition to the racial discrimination against Indians in their own country; and the prejudice of the independent medical profession and the apathy of the leaders in this matter, is responsible for allowing the matters to drift from bad to worse year after year. The much-vaunted argument, that Britishers in this country want and wish to be treated only by British medical men is now an anachronism; and I think both the public and the Government of Bombay do not subscribe to this view. I have got great regard for European members of the I. M. S., having had the privilege of knowing intimately some of them; I therefore, feel that even the enlightened Europeans of the I.M.S. would dislike any racial discrimination against the Indian collegues of their service holding King's Commissions.

It need not be repeated that many Britishers in Great Britain willingly prefer to be treated by Indian medical men practising in England. Many Europeans would gratefully remember the expert medical help given to them in this country by the Indian medical men, and probably would neither wish nor claim anything better. Instead of going to the European General Hospital, Europeans have often chosen and even insisted on being treated in the hospitals meant for Indians and manned entirely by Indian medical men. Government of Bombay have appointed some Indians to the staff of the St. George's Hospital, where European patients are treated by these Indian medical men. It may not be known to many, that even His Excellency the Governor and his enlightened predecessors have, when required, put themselves under the treatment of expert Indian medical men; and I cannot conceive that the dignity and prestige of any European in this country could be considered to be more exclusive and higher than that of the King's representative in this Presidency. It is an irony of events that the Government of India should have chosen this occasion on the eve of the inauguration of the so-called Reforms under the 1935 Act, to encourage racial discrimination against Indians in their own country in a service maintained out of Indian Exchequer.

A close study or even a casual reading of the Government 'Communique' on the I.M.S. re-organisation and the official replies given by the Army Secretary in the Assembly and by His Excellency the Army Member in the Council of State during the debates on the adjournment motions, would leave every impartial person unconvinced about the Government case; and their position appears to be best expessed in the words of the celebrated European statesman, who, while negotiating peace terms with the vanquished foe, when arguments failed, said, reason and justice may be on your side but the guns are on my side.—Yours etc.,

B. G. VAD.

Muslims And The Congress

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—By refusing to accept offices without the requisite assurance we have revealed to the world the sham that the Constitution is. But it is not enough.

Our struggle for self-government and self-determination must continue, and it is possible only when we are determined and united

Determined we may be, but I am ashamed as an Indian to confess that we are not united. On account of a misunderstanding which can be easily removed, the Mussalmans are keeping aloof from the Congress. To the Muslims nothing is dearer than their thirteen and a half centuries old religion, and if the Mussalmans are given a guarantee by the Indian National Congress that their religious susceptibilities will be respected all the communalists and religious fanatics combined will not be able to keep the Muslims away from the Congress. The interested communalists, religious fanatics and reactionaries had been mis-representing the Congress all these days and have misguided the Muslim masses. Here is a golden opportunity for the Congress leaders, big and small. Hindus and Muslims to step forward and repair the mischief done The memory of the past dissensions can easily be abolished by an embrace of brotherhood. I say all this because the present communal tension in the country is a hinderance to our march to National Independence.

I would suggest that if necessary Congressmen must keep aside their other programmes, go to the villages, and impress upon the minds of those teeming millions of Muslim agriculturists that the Congress is for all, and that the Hindus and Muslims are in the same boat, they must sail or sink together.

I am not asking the impossible if I request Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, our President, to undertake a whirl-wind tour of India carrying the Congress message to the doors of the Muslim masses, because inspite of foul propaganda against him by interested parties he is still loved and trusted by the Muslims all over India. If this is done I am sure the Congress within three months will have so many Muslims in its fold hat Lord Zetland will think twice before making a similar speech and Lord Snell will feel inclined to come to India and learn the principles of Democracy from Mahatmaji.

With the Muslims under the Congress banner India will be stronger, and as Gandhiji said in 1917 at Lucknow "it is in the nature of all Englishmen to bow before the strong and ride over the weak". Britishers will bow before us". "Unite that we may be free" should be our motto.—Yours etc..

MUHAMMAD A PATEL.

Congress And Mr. Jinnah

To the Editor of "The Chronicle."

Sir,—In his statement appearing in your paper of the 20th instant Mr. Jinnah says: "What surprises me most was Babu Rajendra Prasad's satisfaction. He says that the Mussalmans of Bihar joined the Hartal demonstration on the 1st April in spite of my opinion to the contrary, but I think, Babu Rajendra Prasad knows that my expression of opinion was not followed up by any organised efforts. Does he want me to do so in future?"

Obviously Mr. Jinnah is angry over the unity of the Muslims with the Hindus and he is not at all satisfied with mere advice to the Muslims not to join with the Hindus but he threatens that, in future he will take organised steps so that the Muslims do not join with the Hindus.

In another place he admits: "The game of dividing the two great sister communities has been the historical misfortune of India with the result that we are now saddled with a foreign domination."—If Mr. Jinnah realises that foreign domination is due to the division of the Muslims from the Hindus, spelling out untold harm to India—the common motherland of both the Hindus and Muslims—and if he realises that foreign domination saddles both the Muslims and the Hindus and considers it as "misfortune," I hope in the circumstances, instead of being angry with the Muslims of Bihar for joining with the Hindus he should rather be satisfied along with Babu Rajendra Prasad to see Hindu-Muslim unity in Bihar.

Again, if the unity of the Muslims with the Hindus is essential for the solution of the question of "Dal-Bhat" for both the Muslims and Hindus, will such a statement of Mr. Jinnah help the Muslims in joining the Hindus?

Mr. Jinnah says: "It is absolutely untrue to suggest that the Muslim League does not fight for the freedom of our country." If freedom of the country is the object of Mr. Jinnah, then by which process does Mr. Jinnah want to win freedom for India? By unity or disunity? If unity is strength, then where lies the fault of the Congress in "making efforts in a deliberate fashion to draw the Muslims into the Congress by appealing to their patriotism and national feeling?"

Mr. Jinnah denies the Congress the monopoly to fight for the freedom of India. In Congress there are the Hindus, Muslims, Sikhs. the rich and the poor, and therefore, the Congress truly represents the masses of India. If Congress is denied the monopoly then who else is fit to have it?—Yours etc.,

A.C SEN

Coronation Parade

To The Editor of "The Chronicle"

Sir,—I have read the orders that have been issued for the special military parade to be held in Bombay to celebrate the Coronation of their Imperial Majesties on May 12.

I notice that the Auxiliary Forces have been 'invited' to participate in the parade, but for very plausible reasons they will not be permitted to join in the "feu-de-joie".

I am at a loss to understand why this should be the case. It is that the units concerned are not qualified to take their rightful place in the front line at the ceremonial, or are they in any way inferior to the contingent furnished by the guardians of the law who cannot be considered in the same category of a 'Defence Force', subject to the bye-laws and regulations of the army administration.

The parade is purely a military concern, and the occasion demands the right of the Auxiliary Force to participate in the full ceremonial should not be so easily denied.

There is yet time to train the units concerned in the matter of firing a "feu-de-joie", and I do not see what valuable training would be lost if attention is now concentrated on this particular phase of the parade.

I further notice that the band of the G.I.P. Railway Regiment will not be on the parade though the Battalion will be represented. I think this omission requires an explanation as the police band will have the preference to be included in the massed bands though only quasi-military.

Should any necessity arise for the employment of the 'Defence Force' I wonder if any 'invitation' would be issued and rules provided that would debar them from carrying out their legitimate duties?—Yours, etc..

W

Buy Swadeshi

To The Editor of "The Chronicle",

Sir,—My dear sister's son who is also the son of a wealthy and worthy Zoroastrian Sir—Knight and only sixteen years of age is at present studying in England. Recently I went to his father's bungalow situated in a Bombay suburb and found lying on the table a letter which this dear boy had addressed to "my darling Ma and Pa" in the course of which he gently rebuked his beloved sister for desiring to purchase certain goods from England of English manufacture in preference to buying indigenous goods in this country of Swadeshi make. I was delighted at the love of Swadeshi of this Zoroastrian youthful lad. Many an Indian, especially of the rich class, twice and thrice his age who, to their shame be it said, prefer foreign goods, especially foreign cloth to genuine khadi or Indian mill cloth, should hang their head down in shame before this Zoroastrian true son of India of tender age who so passionately loves Swadeshi. I take off my hat to him. Let all true sons and daughters of India "go and do likewise" from this day onwards for love of India's poor millions.—Yours etc.,

ZOROASTRIAN.

Empire Of India Life Assurance Co., Ltd.

The Directors' Report for the 40th year ending 28th February '37, states: 14,780 proposals for Rs. 2,41,20,700 were received and 11,915 policies for Rs. 1,86,69,361 Sun Assured were issued. The total number of policies in force is 70,233 assuring the sum of Rs. 12,82,88,970 including Bonus and of this amount Rs. 6,82,735 are re-assured. Claims by death amounting to Rs. 11,51,572 including Bonus have arisen. Endowment Assurances matured during the lifetime of the assured) for Rs. 25,14,620 including Bonus. The expenses of the management were 24.9 per cent of the Premium Income. A sum of Rs. 1,25,000 has been transferred to the leaseholders Property Reserve Fund from the Life Assurance Fund. The funds of the Company are invested in Government and other Securities authorised by the Indian Trusts Act. All the Stock Exchange Securities are in terminable loans—repayable at par at fixed dates. The Life Assurance Fund including the Reserve Funds amounts to Rs. 4,68,48,107. The total Assets amount to Rs. 4,87,27,134. The Eighth Quinquennial Valuation of the Company's Assets and Liabilities is to be made as at the 28th February last by the Company's Consulting Actuary, Mr. W. G. Barrett, F.I.A.

FOOTBALL IN BOMBAY

W. I. F. A. Activities During Season

The curtain has now been run up on Bombay football, for this week has seen the last stages of the first tournament of the season, the Nadkarni Cup, the final of which will be played to-morrow between the Young Goans 'A' and Dewjee's Kanara XI. On the whole it has been an eye-opener as to what Bombay juniors can produce in their football nursery, and it can now be revealed that officials of the W.I.F.A. have carefully scrutinised every game in the hope of being able to select from the 25 competing teams at least one team (and perhaps two) for inclusion in the forthcoming Harwood League.

OUTSTANDING TEAMS

The tournament has certainly shown that our younger footballers know how to find the net, for in the 29 games which led up to the two semi-finals no fewer than 101 goals were scored, of which 84 went to winning sides and 17 to losing teams. Perhaps the six outstanding teams in the tourney were the semi-finalists and Lower Colaba Sonkoli and Hanuman Vijaya, but amongst those eliminated earlier in the tournament were teams which, with a little coaching, should turn into useful sides. There can be no better method of improving football in Bombay and of training new "champions" than these junior tournaments, especially as the encouragement of soccer among Indians is one of the primary activities now of the W.I.F.A.

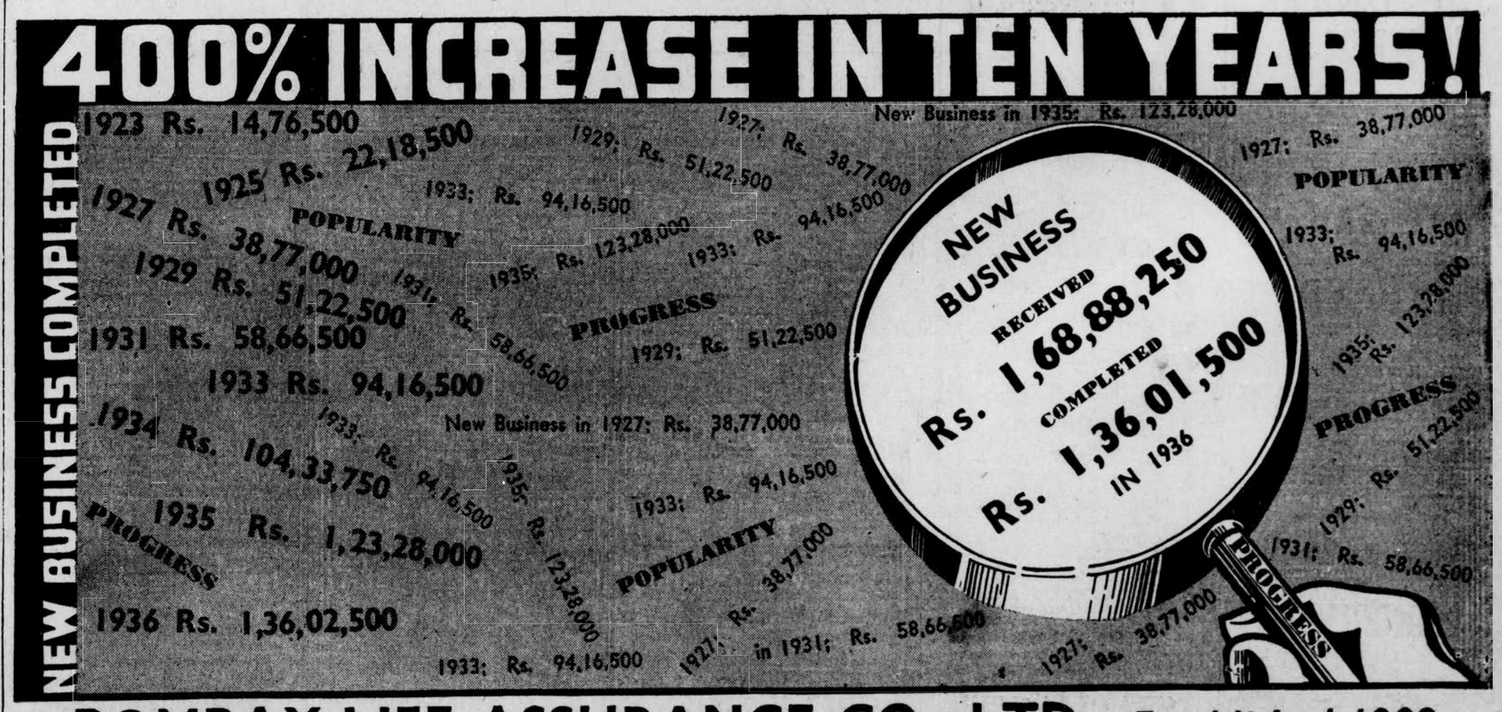
To-morrow night's final should produce both an exciting and a very keen game, and a large attendance is confidently expected.

FOR ENSUING SEASON

Plans are now being laid for the ensuing football season and although the Gossage Cup this year will be played for at the end of the season, it is believed that the Harwood League and the Rovers Cup tournament will both produce records. The W.I.F.A. have not quite completed their arrangements for making the Harwood League more interesting to Bombay football-lovers entries will shortly be called for for both divisions.

It has been decided that the Bombay Rugger tournament will be played from August 20th (or earlier if possible) until September 11.

400% INCREASE IN TEN YEARS!



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OPERA HOUSE
Daily at 5-30, 8, and 10-30 p.m.
Matinee To-day at 2-45 p.m.
BOMBAY TALKIES'
PREM KAHANI
starring
ASHOK KUMAR
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MAYA, VIMALA, MADHURIKA, MUMTAZ—SUNITA
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And Now Await
SAVITRI
starring
DEVIKA RANI
BOMBAY TALKIES MOST AMBITIOUS FILM NOW UNDER PRODUCTION

2nd GLORIOUS WEEK
RANJIT'S
Super-Social
DOLLS OF CLAY
Starring:
MADHURI
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Now shown at
WEST END
TALKIES
Time as usual

7th POPULAR WEEK
This picture has gained a popularity among the cine lovers
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ATMA TARANG
Presented by Western India Theatres Ltd. and Produced By Sohrab Modi
Director:
SOHRAB MODI
Featuring:
SOHRAB MODI, PHIROJ DASTUR, PRABHA etc.
Terrible earthquake scene, lilting music
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SEE & HEAR
Supreme
SULOCHANA
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Director:—HOMI MASTER
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CINEMA
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UNIVERSAL PICTURES'
GREAT STUNT PICTURE:
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Featuring:—
STUNT KING
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Timing as Usual
OPENS TO-DAY
M.-G.-M.'S GREATEST LATEST JUNGLE ADVENTURE
TARZAN ESCAPES
IT'S NEW! IT'S AMAZING!
Featuring:
JOHNNY WEISSMULLER
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NEW THEATRES'
PROUD PRODUCTION—
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Director:—P. C. BARUA
Featuring:—
JAMUNA, MOLINA, BARUA, K. C. DEY, PRITHWIRAJ
KOHINOOR
CINEMA:—:DADAR
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MR. & MRS. THIN MAN'S *NEW* HIT!

Bill, Myrna and Asta, their dog—imagine the fun when they're back in another grand laugh-love-and-thrill treat! Greater than their first success!
WILLIAM POWELL · MYRNA LOY
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AFTER the THIN MAN
JAMES STEWART · ELISSA LANDI
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TWO NEW SONG HITS
NEXT SATURDAY
Great CORONATION Attraction!
RICHARD TAUBER
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More Japanese Cloth For Indian Market

Merchants' Chamber Describes New Agreement As Unfair To Country

The Indian Merchants' Chamber has issued the following statement of its views on the Indo-Japanese Trade Agreement:—

The results of the protracted negotiations in regard to a new Agreement with Japan are now published. The main features in outline are that the existing Trade Convention is to remain and a new Cotton Protocol, with slightly changed terms, is to be substituted for the old protocol. Thus, so far as the main Convention, which is the basic agreement between the two contracting countries is concerned, the 'status quo' is to be maintained. It, therefore, only remains to be seen whether in so far as cotton and cotton piecegoods are concerned, the terms of the new Protocol are in any way more favourable or otherwise from the Indian point of view.

The three main considerations which had been urged by the Indian Merchants' Chamber and other public bodies in connection with the question of a new Trade Agreement were:—

(1) interests of cotton grow
(2) interests of cotton textile industry; and
(3) interests of small indigenous industry.

SMALL INDUSTRIES IGNORED.

The last item, viz. interests of our small industries seem to have been completely ignored and neglected in the new Agreement. This will certainly come as a disappointment to those who have been watching the effects of Japanese competition on some of our nascent industries, such as glass and glassware, hosiery, silk, soap, wire and wire nails, liquors, perfumery, paints hardware, enamel-ware, chemicals, etc. The Convention, by ensuring the continuance of the most-favoured-nation treatment without any reservation except, of course, the right of adjustments necessary consequent upon currency depreciation, has completely overlooked the claims of these industries for relief from such unbridled competition. The difficulties experienced in the years 1931 and after in respect of affording protection or relief to our industries against dumping of Japanese goods, are still fresh in our minds. It was then found that the possibility of any anti-dumping legislation to forestall such measures was thwarted by the old Indo-Japanese Convention of 1904. It was to be expected that the Government of the country would have benefited by the experience of those days and would have armed themselves with sufficient powers to afford adequate protection to the struggling industries of the country against such competition. It would appear that the non-official Advisers in connection with the Indo-Japanese Negotiations had pressed on the Authorities the need for bearing this point in view. An explanation is, therefore, certainly called for as to the circumstances why even a mention is not made either in the Agreement or in the notes exchanged in regard to this vital point.

UNFAIR TO INDIA.

Coming to the Protocol, the terms are understood to be materially different from the unanimous recommendations of the panel of non-official Advisers. If necessary adjustments consequent upon the separation of Burma are made, it will be found that the new quota for imports of Japanese piecegoods into India is by 30 million yards over the quota under the old agreement. Instead of, therefore, getting any reduction in respect of this, we are faced with a situation where the Indian market will have to absorb 30 million yards more and the Indian textile industry will find itself displaced in the home market to that extent. In this connection, it is significant to note that last year Burma imported over 70 million yards from Japan, but under the new Burma-Japan Agreement the quota for Japanese piecegoods into Burma is fixed at 42 million yards. Is this reduction because of the fact that somebody else wishes to cater for the Burmese market and would like to take advantage of this margin? At any rate, it was unfair that the extra 30 million yards should have been passed on to India.

NO JUSTIFICATION.

The demand for a separate quota for imports of artificial silk and mixed fabrics has not been agreed to. The loopholes of possible circumvention of quota arrangements by increased importation of made-up garments and by absence of any restriction on width in the linear yardage agreed to have not been closed. There was no justification to allocate a separate quota for fents; the same should have been included in the piecegoods quota, particularly so having regard to the complaints that such fents were more often than not regular piecegoods deliberately cut to fent-lengths.

While recognising the need for maintaining the Japanese export market for Indian raw cotton, it must be admitted that the quota fixed for the same is less than what Japan has actually been taking. On account of price and other natural factors, it is claimed that Indian cotton would have stood its ground well in the Japanese market. At any rate, Japan has been able to use her bargaining power in this regard to foist on India an Agreement which 'prima facie' is more favourable to Japan and does not offer a corresponding 'quid pro quo' to India.

INDIAN STUDENTS IN JAPAN.

Complaints have often been received of difficulties experienced in getting admission for Indian students for training in the factories and other connected industrial occupations in Japan. Facilities for such training is an essential preliminary for the industrial advancement of this country. As Japan wishes her manufactured goods to be absorbed in the Indian market, it is but in the fitness of things that she should also be willing, even as a matter of courtesy, to extend all such facilities to the students from this country. Other Governments are always very keen on getting such opportunities for the nationals of their country in countries with which they have important trade relations and the Government of India could also have utilised this occasion to press on the Japanese Authorities the claims of Indian students in this regard.

NEW TURN IN CRICKET TROUBLE

Hindus May Play If Their Conditions Are Accepted

At a joint meeting of the Managing Committee and the Hindu Representative Matches Executive Committee held on Thursday evening, has addressed the following letter to the Quadrangular Committee:

"We want to make is clear that we are not against the inclusion of "The Rest" in the tournament, but since you, or somebody else, on behalf of the Committee, are willing to gurantee the loss, if any, sustained by the Hindu Gymkhana we feel that it is likely to lead to a misunderstanding, and therefore suggest that your Committee should allot us instead 25 feet more frontage than is now allotted.

"We are further of the opinion that the proper course would be to include "The Rest" along with the European side. If the above suggestions are unacceptable to your Committee, we strongly urge that the whole question of the inclusion of "The Rest" be postponed till the Stadium is opened".

It is understood that as the basis of the frontage allotment for the Quadrangular among the four gymkhanas has been one of equality, the Hindu suggestion might be acceded to, provided the other gymkhanas also receive similar treatment. Apartment from this, every effort is being made to have the Stadium ready this year, the opening ceremony of which has been provisionally fixed for December 17. If the Stadium is ready by that date, all the objections of the Hindu Gymkhana will automatically fall to the ground.

PORT HOSPITAL DUES FUND.

The Committee of the Indian Chamber of Commerce, Calcutta, nave addressed a letter to the Government of India, Commerce Department, urging that the proceeds of the Port Hospital Dues Fund maintained at the port of Calcutta out of the dues collected from shipping companies should be utilised for welfare work among Indian seamen.

NOBODY LIVED FOR HIM; HE HAD NOBODY TO LIVE FOR
She had no one to look up; She resigned herself to death
Both were more or less the victims of the same family
2nd GLORIOUS WEEK
HUNS PICTURES
2nd GLORIOUS WEEK
BEGUNAH
Director: GAJANAN JAGIRDAR
Story By: PRIN. P. K. ATRE.
Featuring: PANNA, SITARA, SHAHU MODAK and BABURAO PENDHARKAR
You all must see this Huns Pictures Third Proud Hindi Social Production
MAJESTIC CINEMA GIRGAUM
Daily at:—5-30, 8 and 10-35 p.m. Matinee on Sat., Sun. and Holidays at 2-45 p.m.

THE EXCELSIOR TO-DAY & TO-MORROW at 4, 6-30 & 10 p.m.

She said she would marry the first man she met
●She met a tramp
●She married him
CONSTANCE CUMMINGS AND HUGH SINCLAIR
STRANGERS ON HONEYMOON
IT ESTABLISHES A NEW STANDARD
in Present Indian Movies
6th SIXTH MERITORIOUS WEEK!
ACCLAIMED AS ONE and ONLY
BEST INDIAN Production—Produced till NOW.
NEW THEATRES LTD. (Calcutta)'s MASTERPIECE of FILM ART
THE President
Starring:—
SAIGAL
KAMLESH KUMARI, LEELA DESAI, NAWAB, ETC.
Photographed & Directed By:—Sjt. NITIN BOSE.
THE KRISHNA TALKIES :::: DUBASH THEATRE
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45. Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

THE GREAT PICTURE
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FOR THE LAST FIVE MONTHS
enters to-day into
21st GLORIOUS WEEK
Really It is marvellous
Really It is wonderful
PRABHAT'S GREATEST DEVOTIONAL PICTURE
Tukaram
Director: V. DAMLE & S. FATEHLAL
Featuring: V. PAGNIS, GOURI & others
CENTRAL CINEMA (GIRGAUM)
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NEW THEATRES LTD. (Calcutta)'s Marvellous Picture—
From:—SARAT BABU'S famous book "Dena Pavna."
Starring:—
SAIGAL
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CHANDRAVATI, RAJ KUMARI, P. SANYAL, K. C. DEY, NAWAB, KIDAR.
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HE WAS CALLED HIMSELF A "GENTLEMAN"
NEW INDIA MOVIETONE'S STUPENDOUS SOCIAL DRAMA of Modern Days.
But people said that he was A GANGSTER!
Scintilating Story of Society's Brigand and his Tragic FATE
Jawahir-e-Hind
FULL of UNUSUAL REAL STUNTS and THRILLS which you will see for the FIRST time on Indian Screen.
Starring:—
Miss RAMASHASHI, Prof. RAO, BABY, INDIRA, (Sagar fame), NOORJEHAN, DHANAJI, etc.
Now RUNNING At
THE WELLINGTON TALKIES
DHOBI TALAO.
Time: 5-15, 8, 10-45. Saturday, Sunday and Holidays at 2-30 p.m.

INTER-SCIENCE RESULTS

1044 Out Of 1963 Pass Exam; 53 P. C.

The following candidates have been declared successful at the Intermediate Examination in Science, March, 1937:—

FIRST CLASS

44 E. D. Daruvala; 102 B. G. Kakatkar; 127 N. V. Limaye; 128 George Lobo; 166 J. P. Naegamvala; 188 B. V. Patankar; 232 K. K. Shah; 238 A. J. Shirgaokar; 264 A. B. Velankar; 436 V. P. Mehta; 554 T. B. Shah; 624 V. P. Athavale; 659 G. H. Damle; 692 L. D. Gokhale; 753 N. R. Kulkarni; 761 C. R. Kurpad; 764 K. D. Mahajan; 769 Y. G. Mane; 773 V. M. Mardhekar; 849 R. M. Shah; 881 A. V. Bal; 1190 P. C. Mehta; 1242 H. I. Kukaswadia; 1359 H. S. Shah; 1406 M. R. Joshi; 1483 N. P. Janodia; 1494 R. C. Pandya; 1501 M. D. Patel; 1504 V. A. Sarabhai; 1514 R. C. Sheth; 1546 N. K. Parikh; 1594 S. D. Kale; 1700 U. H. Mujawar; 1803 P. K. Jagtiani; 1809 A. G. N. Kazi; 1827 N. K. Lele, and 1877 B. J. Ramrakhiani.

Pass

Bombay Centre.

8 D K Apte, 12 A P Balsara, 15 B K. Batliwala, 17 H J Bhansali, 21 D M Bhatia, 23 J I Bhatt, 24 K H Bhatt, 25 B R Bhise, 26 A G Billimoria, 29 V V Bokil, 30 U M Chandarana, 40 H T Dagli, 42 S R Darshetkar, 45 C G Dasadia, 48 R J Dave, 49 G N Deodhekar, 53 N F Desai, 54 S G Desai, 55 P R Deshmukh, 57 P N Desouza, 60 D G Divekar, 62 J B Dordi, 64 E F D'Souza, 66 J L D'Souza, 67 W W Dukle, 68 A M Elijah, 71 J K Engineer, 73 N V Garia, 79 J B Gavankar, 81 H Z Gilani, 82 K R Goil, 84 M N Gurjar, 87 B B Irani, 88 M S Irani, 90 S V Iyer, 91 F D Jain, 93 C O Jani, 95 P B Javeri, 96 D J Jesia, 97 A L Joshi, 98 G. A Joshi, 109 T C Kapadia, 116 J P Kharas, 120 R T Kirpalani, 130 M M Madraswalla, 133 C T Makwana, 136 V G Maniar, 137 M N Mankame 139 P G Mathure, 140 P D Medhekar, 142 R J Medhora, 152 A A Memon, 153 M H A Memon 154 G J Mhatre, 155 D Miranda, 159 J E Mistry, 160 R K Mody, 161 R S Mohandas, 169 Y N Naik, 170 V R Nanal, 171 A R Nanavati, 173 Y K M Nedarya, 174 A S T Noorani, 175 A A Noorani, 178 K J Palia, 180 H K Pandya, 182 J K Panthaki 187 D Z Pashte, 189 F B Patel, 191 M M Patel, 192 P R Pathek 194 K N Patwardhan, 198 F A Pestonji, 201 S M Prabhu, 203 M G Pradhan, 204 S G Pradhan, 206 M H Rahimtoola, 207 Shalini Ramachandra Ranadive, 210 M R Raval, 212 Sharayu Shantaram Sabnis, 213 H S Sahni 215 P M J Saldanha, 218 R R Samant, 219 V B Samant, 224 P S Sanzgiri, 227 A J Shah, 228 C N Shah, 230 D S Shah, 234 S C Shah, 237 M H N H Shirazi, 239 P E Shroff, 242 S D Sookhadwala, 243 S E Sukthanker, 249 S B Tipnis, 251 S N Trilokekar, 255 B H Unwalla, 256 S V Upadhye, 258 M M Vakil, 259 P G Vandreker, 260 V B Vangikar, 268 M M Vora, 270 I D Vyas, 271 A B Wadia, 272 B D Wadia, 275 U P Adalji, 280 Edda Edalji Allbless, 281 Kanta Apaji Amin, 282 Sunitha Raghavendrarao Amladi, 283 Susheela Vithal Aravker, 285 J M Bajaj, 291 Sybil Rahamim Benjamin 292 R C Bhagat, 296 D N Bhatavdecarr, 301 Freny Hormusji Bilimoria, 303 Y G Bodhe, 307 N J Choksey, 308 A M Coelho, 310 F J X Da Costa-Campos, 314 K K Dalal, 316 A A J D'Cunha, 317 Beatriz De Menzes, 318 A D Desai 319 A G Desai, 321 N K Desai, 324 V N Desai, 325 S D Deshmukh, 323 A J N De Souza 332 P G P Dhumatkar, 333 A P Dikshit, 339 A C Doshi, 340 G K Doshi, 341 N M Doshi, 347 D B Dubash, 353 F Fernandes, 355 L R Fialho, 356 Kamala Chhotubhai Fozdar, 358 Vimal Prabhakar Gadkari 360 B. I. Gujjar, 364 Razia Abdulkader Gulmohamed, 371 A. G. Idnani, 380 G. V. Jain, 381 A. M. Jasani, 387 P. V. Joshi, 393 V. D. Kamdar, 395 C. R. Kanekar, 396 R. D. Kanetkar 397 C. K. Kanvinde, 401 G. R. Karambelkar, 402 M. G. Karnik, 403 M. M. Kasbekar, 405 Mehru N. Khan, 407 A. B. Kothari 408 C. K. Kothari, 418 K. G. Mahimtura, 419 S. Mahodaya, 424 Mani Dhanjishah Marolia, 425 M. N. Masurekar, 426 B. R. Mehta, 430 F. C. Mehta, 431 J. P. Mehta, 432 Malati Manharram Mehta, 439 Blanche Mendes, 444 R. J. Mistry, 448 B. S. Moos, 449 K. A. Motala, 452 U. A. Mundkur, 155 M. S. Nadkarni, 456 S. B. Nadkarni, 463 S. S. Narielwalla, 464 Perin Hormusji Nariman 465 K. Narwekar, 471 S. T. Ohol, 478 B. H. Pandya, 480 D. N. Parandekar, 482 L. P. Parekh 483 N. H. Parekh, 484 N. H. Parekh 489 C. V. Patel, 492 Jini Ardeshir Patel, 495 V. G. Patel, 501 D. V. Patwardhan, 503 E. K. Pavri, 510 R. D. G. Pinto, 512 B. B. Prabhu, 515 J. D. Raja, 518 M. G. Rane, 519 P. G. Rangnekar, 524 Genevieve Therese Rego, 525 R. V. Rele, 526 M. J. Rindani, 527 P. K. Sabnis, 536 R. V. Sanghvi, 537 M. V. Sant, 540 T. V. Sawant, 542 A. S. Shah, 551 N. M. Shah, 552 N. D. Shah, 557 S. M. Sheikh, 558 S. A. Shellim, 560 R. C. Sheth, 561 U. K. Sheth, 564 S. V. Shevade, 574 M. S. Talpade, 576 C. C. Talsania, 577 M. B. Tanna, 580 K. M. Teluja 587 Katayun Jivanji Udwadia, 598 S. D. Vyas, 604 Y. R. Yadav, 605 M. A. Zarnegar, 606 S. M. Zarnegar, 607 N. H. Zatakia, 608 Dinmani Babubhai Zaveri.

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(Continued on page 16)

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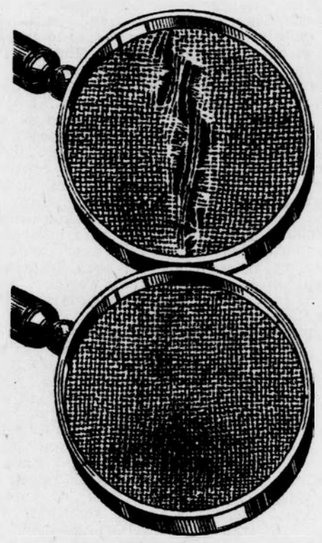

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WORLD OF SPORT: HOME AND ABROAD

Pentangular Question Occupies Stage Again

(BY "LOOKER-ON".)

The Pentangular Tournament has once again become the burning topic of the day in Cricket Circles in Bombay. The immediate cause of it is the decision of the Quadrangular Committee to guarantee the losses which may accrue to the Hindus. What has added fuel to the fire is the offer of a certain gentleman to shoulder the responsibility of the Hindu losses on his own account. At this a prominent member of the Hindu Gymkhana is said to have indignantly remarked that the Hindus do not stand in need of charity from anybody. What they want is a recognition of the rights and fulfilment of their just demands. If the members of the other communities grant these they will be quite satisfied. Questioned as to what these rights were, she said Hindu member referred to the unfair distribution of seats in the stadium as an instance.

MEDIUM OF THREATS

Before I discuss the position in regard to the stadium, I should like to draw the attention of my readers to the fact that more than a couple of months ago the Quadrangular Committee decided to inaugurate the Pentangular this year by admitting the Rest as a fifth side, despite the strong protests of the representatives of the Hindu Gymkhana. Since then Bori Bunder, apparently inspired by interested parties, has been threatening the Hindus that the Quadrangular Committee is determined to include the Rest as a separate team and run the Pentangular or Quadrangular, with or without the Hindus as the case may be.

TAIRSEE'S REJOINDER

This has naturally put the back up of Mr. L. R. Tairsee, the President of the Hindu Gymkhana. In an interview to the "Chronicle", he declared that he would stand no threats from anybody, least of all from the Quadrangular Committee. This has emanated a reply from the Quadrangular Committee that they have never issued any threat to the Hindus. All the same, a couple of days later the Bori Bunder Babe came on again with the cry that the Quadrangular Committee is determined to include the Rest in their Pentangular or Quadrangular this year. This has induced Tairsee to ask the Quadrangular Committee whether they have asked Bori Bunder to stop these threats.

AN AFFRONT TO HINDUS

Now the position is this that the Hindu Gymkhana in a general meeting decided to request the Quadrangular Committee to consider the advisability of including the members of the Anglo-Indian and Indian Christian communities in the ranks of the European team as they all belonged to the same faith. The reason for this suggestion was that this would save the necessity of prolonging the tournament inordinately and avoid a lot of unnecessary expense to all the parties concerned. The Quadrangular Committee has quietly shirked this issue. Instead, they have offered to guarantee the losses of the Hindus. This has been taken as an affront to the Hindus in general and their Gymkhana in particular. I believe their representatives in the Quadrangular Committee will come in for a pretty hot time when the Gymkhana holds a general meeting again to discuss the situation. The consensus of opinion is that the Hindu representatives should have insisted on a definite reply to the resolution of their general body, instead of going out of their way to plead for financial safeguards for the Hindus alone.

SUPERIORITY COMPLEX

Mr. Tairsee has laid a serious charge at the door of the Europeans, in that he has told them point-blank that they do not wish to include the members of the Anglo-Indian and Indian Christian communities in their team owing to their superiority complex. There can be no other reason to support their claims of special identity. Having admitted Australians in their ranks they lost their individuality as Europeans long ago. They could therefore easily make room for a few members of the Rest without any injury to their status. Tairsee naively remarks that the Hindus raised no objections when they had to admit the Baloo brothers within their fold. Why then should the Europeans pass about the inclusion of Richards, D'Avoine and others in their team?

STADIUM MUDDLE

It is a great pity that such a simple question as the admission of the Rest into the Cricket festival of Bombay should have raised such a big storm. There is no doubt that the stadium has much to do with it. If the allotment of seats was insisted upon on terms of equality between the four Gymkhanas right from the beginning, there would have been no trouble. But when the Cricket Club of India granted more seats to the Bombay Gymkhana on the ground of larger membership, the Hindus wanted more on the same ground. But this the C. C. I. would not allow—particularly on the ground of insufficient accommodation. After a good deal of haggling, the final allottments were made with the consent of all the parties, viz., 2,000 seats each to the Hindu and Bombay Gymkhanas and 1,500 each to the Islam and Parsi Gymkhanas. It was definitely laid down that these arrangements would not be altered without the consent of all the Gymkhanas concerned. But soon after the C. C. I. changed this to 2,000 seats to all without consulting the Hindus. Here lies the rub of the whole situation.

GENTLEMEN'S AGREEMENT

The Hindu Gymkhana appealed to Lord Brabourne who was a party to all these negotiations, and who set his seal on the final agreement, to set the matter right. But it appears that this has gone in vain. The Hindus protest that if a Gentlemen's Agreement has no value, then what is the good of making further agreements. They might also be broken in future without the least compunction by anybody.

KOW-TOWING EUROPEANS

I hold no brief for the Hindus or the Hindu Gymkhana. But it is clear to the meanest understanding that both the C. C. I. and the Quadrangular Committee have made a mess of the whole business. If they had approached the questions in a spirit of equality and impartiality, it would not have taken them long to decide them in a satisfactory manner. But from the beginning to end their whole and sole object has been to please the Bombay Gymkhana who are euphemistically called the Mighty Atoms of Waudby Road—even to the insult and inconvenience of their own countrymen. The refusal of the Europeans to admit the Rest in their ranks is nothing else but that. It is a most humiliating spectacle for all Indians. This spirit must go. Even if the Quadrangular is buried with it nobody will be sorry for it. True sporting spirit alone must prevail.

INTER-SCIENCE RESULTS

(Continued from page 15.)

dit, 807. D. K. Parikh, 816. N. S. Patil, 821. V. B. Patwardhan, 826. V. T. Fitre, 843. M. G. Sarawate, 850. R. H. Shah, 855. M. K. Tadvalkar, 869. A. R. Waingankar, 870. B. G. Walimbe, 883. Framila Gopal Bapat, 886. V. R. Bhadkamkar, 897. A. R. Braganza, 898. Winifred Catherine Braganza, 905. V. G. Daftary, 918. A. K. Deshpande, 921. D. M. Deshpande, 925. R. S. Deshpande, 927. A. M. Desouza, 930. S. G. Dhanik, 942. L. D'Souza, 945. K. B. Fracis, 961. G. R. Gujar, 698. C. Harish, 976. V. S. Jeurkar, 979. S. R. Joglekar, 995. G. K. Karandikar, 1000 A. L. Ketkar, 1001. G. V. Ketkar, 1004. B. G. Khire, 1012. B. S. Kulkarni, 1022. M. R. Lele, 1023. G. K. Lokur, 1039. M. K. Mehta, 1044. R. R. Mettu, 1046. Leela Ganesh Mulherkar, 1033. C. V. B. Patel, 1070. S. R. Patvardhan, 1088. Shakuntala Purushottam Ranade, 1100. S. R. Sathaye, 1107. S. S. Shah, 1113. K. L. Sheth, 1115. D. K. Shiralkar, 1119. S. G. Sonavnay, 1130. P. V. Thacker, 1133. Leela Dattatraya Tilak, 1136. B. S. Vaidya, 1141. Durga Mahadeo Vartak, 1151. Elsa Mary Williams.

Surat Centre

1162. S. P. Dariashah, 1172. R. G. Desai, 1193. N. J. Modi, 1194. C. T. Mody, 1195. K. N. Mody, 1204. C. L. Patel, 1211. R. S. Patel, 1224. R. N. Upadhyaya, 1226. J. B. Vyas, 1232. D. N. Desai, 1257. Mamta Ambelal Desai, 1250. Tanman Sarubhai Parekh, 1253. H. M. Patel, 1258. R. A. Patel, 1263. C. H. Shah, 1265. H. H. Shah, 1270. N. B. Shah, 1272. D. C. Sheth, 1273. V. T Sheth, 1278. C. N. Vyas,

Baroda Centre

1282 P. C. Amin, 1287. M. P. Brahmbhatt, 1288. R. S. Brahmkshatri, 1293. H. J. Desai, 1301. L. T. Jani, 1304. B. K. Junnarkar, 1309. C. C. Modi, 1310. A. G. Y. Mukaty, 1311. A. G. Muthal, 1316. G. K. Pandya, 1323. A. B. Patel, 1324. A. S. Patel, 1348. R. V Purani, 1349. N. G. Rathod, 1352. A. R. Sathe, 1355. S. J. Savant, 1360 J. B. Shah, 1373. R. K. Acharya, 1377. M. S. Amin, 1380. H. C. Bhatt, 1381. K. D. Bhatt, 1398. A. M. Gandhi, 1401. S. K. Harsha, 1413. S. N. Mehta, 1414. C. K. Pancholy, 1416. K. S. Pandya, 1421. R. J. Parikh, 1430. J. L. Patel, 1431. J. D. Patel, 1432. J. M. Patel, 1433. K. H. Patel, 1437. P. D. Patel, 1442. T. D. Patel, 1452. J. P. Shah, 1454. K. C. Shah, 1455. N. M. Shah, 1459. R. N. Shah, 1460. T. M. Shah, 1466. S. A. Trivedi, 1468. B. B. Vaidya, 1470. P. J. Vyas.

Ahmedabad Centre

1472. V.R. Athavale, 1477 V. M. Dave, 1479 S. C. Desai, 1481. T. N. Fadia, 1489. A. U. Mehta, 1490 B.K. Mehta, 1491. J. M. Mehta, 1492. Bakul Chandramukhram Pandya, 1493. K. P. Pandya, 1495. N. B. Parekh, 1496. J. M. Parikh, 1502. S. N. Patel, 1508. M. N. Shah, 1509. N. P. Shah, 1511. R. K. Shah, 1525. H. R. Derasari, 1529. D. R. Dixit, 1530. D. V. Doshi, 1531. P. N. Ginwala, 1536. R. M. Malek, 1537. V. C. Mankodi, 1542. M. M. Mehta, 1548. C. J. Patel, 1551. S M. Patel, 1558. J. V. Shah, 1563. H. J. Shelat, 1566. C. R. Sule, 1570. K. R. Trivedi.

Kolhapur Centre

1575. G. V. Behere, 1577. C. R. Bhave, 1583. D. R. Divan, 1587. S. D. Gokhale, 1593. R. H. Kale, 1601 P. K. Kulkarni, 1603 V. G. Kulkarni, 1612 N. R. Pathak, 1613 M. G. Phatak, 1614 D. K. Ponkshe, 1616 A. V. Rege, 1618 M. G. Samant 1619 M. G. Shettar, 1624 D. B. Chaugule, 1635 P. S. Ghatge, 1651 G. Y. Pansare, 1652 M. P. Parulkar.

Dharwar Centre

1666 V. S. Bhat, 1668 B. B. Channappagoudar, 1669 V. B. Chavannavar, 1674 K. A. Gajare, 1675 B. A. Gaonkar, 1677 M. S. Ginde, 1682. S. D. Joshi, 1690. V. T. Kulkarni, 1691. V. G. Kulkarni, 1697. D. G. Mankikar, 1702. V. V. S. Nadgauda, 1707. B. R. Salimath. 1709. A. R. A. Shaik, 1711 R. V. Sukhatankar, 1712. S.V. Sunthankar, 1714. Ganga Shankarrao Angadi, 1718. Beatrice Mary D'souza, 1721. K.R. Jahagirdar, 1723. Kamala Vasudev Kasbekar, 1733. E. J. Menezes, 1736. M. H. Naik, 1743. H. G. Sattur.

Karachi Centre

1757. F. D. Aswani, 1758. K. T. Aswani, 1768. D. V. Bidichandani 1772. K.G. Chandiramaney, 1776. H. P. D'Mello. 1777. D. C. Dore, 1784 N.D. Gehani, 1805 M.A. Jhangiani, 1810 D.G. Keswani, 1815 H. J. Kotwal, 1826 J.M. Lalvani, 1830 M.G. Makhijani, 1850 P.D. Mehta, 1862 C.J. Motwani, 1878 L.N. Sadarangani, 1880 T.K. Samtani, 1885 S.P. Shivani, 1889 S.N. Shukla, 1897 L.U. Thadhani, 1898 B.B. Trivedi, 1909 V.G. Acharya, 1914 N. L. Balani, 1915 D.K. Baluch, 1916 A. G. M. U. K. Barakzai, 1920 J.L. Chandwani, 1927 V.C. Kakkad, 1932 H.G. Khalsa, 1941 F. G. Mehta, 1946 D.M. Pandya, 1947 P.K. Randeria, 1948 Pauline Agnes Margaret Rodrigues, 1956 Cooverbai Burjorji Sidhwa, 1959 C. M. Trivedi.

Results of candidates Nos. 1257, 1426, 1427 and 1913 are reserved.

SCHOLARSHIPS.

The Scholarships and Medal have been awarded as under:—

The Bai Shirinbai Ratansha Parakh Scholarship to No. 375 (Tehmina N. Irani).

The Mrs. Satyavati Lalubhai Samaldas Scholarship to No. 602 (Nirmala G. Walvekar).

The Sir Dinshaw Manekji Petit Medical Scholarship to No. 898 (Winifred C. Braganza).

The Byramjee Nusserwanjee Koyajee Scholarship and Silver Medal to No. 375 (Tehmina N. Irani).

The Noormahamed Jairazbhoy Peerbhoy Scholarship to No. 1915 (D. K. Baluch).

The Dr. Ismail Jan Mahomed Scholarship to No. 1242 (H. I. Kukaswadia).

The Dr. Tribhovandas Motichand Shah Scholarship to No. 1546 (N. K. Parikh).

The Pestanji Hormasji Cama Scholarship to No. 288 (Perin H. Baria).

The awards of the Gibb's Prize and the Sir Dinshaw Maneekji Petit (First Baronet) Science Scholarship will be announced later.

Retired Civil Surgeon For Gurukula University

GURUKULA KANGRI, (By Mail.)

The Governor and Vice-Chancellor of Gurukula University, write:—

Dr. G. R. Tambe M.A., B. Sc. L.M.S. (Hons.) Retired Civil Surgeon, Indore, Nagpur and Cutch State, has volunteered his free services to the Gurukula University, Kangri, Hardwar. Dr. Tambe has been appointed Principal of the Medical College, Gurukula University.

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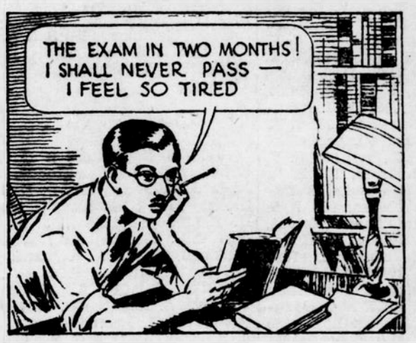

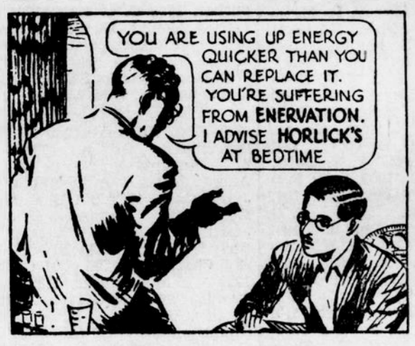

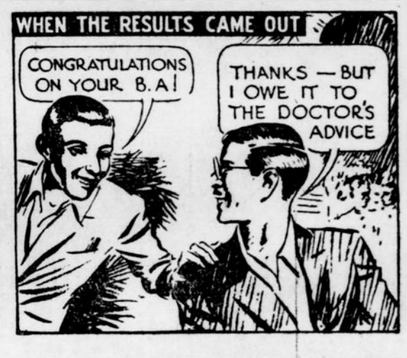

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TRADE & FINANCE

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DECLINE IN GOLD PRICES

Weakness In Share Bazar

WEEKLY MARKET REVIEWS

BOMBAY, April 30.

MONEY: Money was easier during the period under report, call loans being available at 3/4 to 1 per cent. The slackness in demand for trade coupled with the Rs. 2 1/2 crores paid by Government to the market last week on account of sterling purchases accounted for the easy situation. Treasury Bill maturities amounting to Rs. 1 crore were offset by renewals of a like amount. The average rate of acceptance of tenders was Rs. 1/- per cent as against Rs. 1-1-6 in the last week. The following are the fixed deposit rates:— One to two months 1 1/4 per cent, three months 1 1/2 per cent and six months 2 per cent.

SECURITIES

Gilt-edged were steady at the opening following advices from London, where the announcement by the British Treasury of a 2 1/2 per cent New Defence Loan for £100 million at 99 per cent was well received. 3 1/2 per cent Sterling stock improved in London to £90 and in the local market the price of 3 1/2 per cent Paper was steady as a consequence, the quotation improving to 95-5. During the latter part, however, owing to the serious debacle in all the stock markets of the world, the gilt-edged in London receded somewhat with a sympathetic drop in the local market, 3 1/2 per cent Rupee Paper closing at Rs. 93-13. 2 3/4 per cent 1948-52 loan kept steady at about Rs. 99-13. 3 percent 1941 loan steadied to Rs. 102-15 and 1957-54 loan ceased from Rs. 101-6 to Rs. 101-3 3 1/2 per cent 1947-50 loan gained from Rs. 105-13 to Rs. 106-3. 4 per cent 1943 loan closed at Rs. 107-2 and 1960-70 loan about three annas to Rs. 110-11. 4 1/2 per cent 1955-60 loan after receding from Rs. 117-10 to Rs. 117-8 closed at Rs. 117-10. 5 per cent 1939-44 loan was unchanged at Rs. 105--8 and 1940-43 loan at Rs. 108-4. 5 per cent 1945-55 Tax-free loan declined from Rs. 120-4 to Rs. 119-11, but finished at Rs. 119-12. 5 1/2 per cent 1938-40 loan was almost steady, closing at Rs. 104-15.

EXCHANGE

Sterling -exchange was -steady but business was camparatively small. Sellers of ready T.T. quoted 1/6-3/32 and buyers 1/6-1/8. Business in connection with the export of gold was small except towards the finish when a fair amount of business was placed for forward deliveries, and merchandise export bills were restricted. Tenders to Government this week amount to only £345,000 at 1/6-1/8 which were accepted in full. From next week the amount of tenders has been reduced from £2 million to £1 million.

The Foreign exchange market in London was dominated by various reports regarding the possibilities of a change in the gold policy of the U. S. Government. The almost panicky conditions in the stock market also influenced exchanges and as a consequence, the dollar weakened in terms of sterling, the cross rate going as high as 494.80 cents Despite repeated official denials from Washington, fears regarding the change in the value of gold were not allayed completely, and the outlook is very uncertain. The dollar finished at 494.60 cents. The franc moved up nearly to 112, which is the upper limit and an assurance was given by M. Auriol that the franc would not be allowed to go below the limit set by the monetary law and that Government had ample resources to keep the upper limit in check. As a consequence the franc dropped to 110-34 at the close The guilder moved between 9.02-5/16 and 9.00, the Belga between 29-26 1/2 and 29.18 3/4 and the Lira between 93.98 and 93.67.

GOLD

Prices in the gold market were easy in sympathy with the dollar during the early part, but a weak tone was manifest towards the close, following renewed rumours regarding the possibility of a change in the official price of gold by the U. S. Treasury. There was considerable selling on option and bear accounts, and despite fair amount of purchases by banks, the tone of the market was unchanged. The price for forward gold was down to as low as Rs. 34-2-0, but improved towards the close to Rs. 34-8-0. The position is very uncertain pending the clarification of the situation in all the important stock markets. Stocks of ready gold approximate some 40 to 50,000 tolas and arrivals from upcountry average some 10,000 tolas. The daily offtake continue small at about 1,500 tolas. Last week's shipment of gold per s. s. "Strathmore", on 24th April, amounted to Rs. 26.22 lacs. In London the quotation for gold receded to as low as Rs. 140/5 1/2d but closed at 140/6d. Imports during the week amounted to Rs. 251,768 in bar and coin. The highest and lowest rates in the local market 34-15 and Rs. 34-5 for ready and May settlement and Rs. 34-13 and Rs. 34-2 for June settlement.

SILVER

Silver was on the whole a steady market, with prices ranging within narrow limits. The daily offtake of silver in the local market has improved to the average of about 150 bars, which coupled with steadier advices from London was responsible for the present steadiness. Ready silver opened at Rs. 53 and declining to Rs. 52-9 rose to Rs. 52-15 but closed at Rs. 52-11. Stocks in the local market are estimated at about 30,000 bars. Imports during the week amounted to 29 bars and Rs 11,396 in coin. The silver market has not been affected by the crisis in other commodities and the undertone of the market appears to be steady at this level. The quotation in London moved between 20-7/16d and 20-3/16d for ready and between 20 1/2 and 20 3/4 for forward. The highest and lowest rates in the local makret were Rs. 53 and Rs. 52-9 for ready. Rs. 50-12 and Rs. 50-4 ex-duty for May settlement and Rs. 53-4 and Rs. 52-12 for June settlement.

SHARES

The share market was steady during the early part, but weakness developed during the latter half following advices from outside markets. The difficulties in the London and Paris markets causing snarp price declines were fully reflected in the local market. There was heavy selling in all scrips with buyers holding off. The undertone of the market was easy at the close. Tata Steel Defd. shares dropped heavily from the highest of the week, Rs. 1,565 to Rs. 1,230, but recovered and closed at Rs. Ordy. shares also declined from Rs. 336 to Rs. 290, closing at Rs. . But for the technical position of the market, the present prices would appear to be justified by the conditions of the industry. Cotton mill shares were easier following weak raw cotton. Bombay Dyeing after improving from Rs. 895 to Rs. 920 eased off to Rs. 860. Centurys fluctuated between Rs. 206-4 and Rs. 178-12, Central Indias between Rs. 297-8 and Rs. 268-12. Kohinoors lost about 20 points, closing at Rs 290 and New Greats fell from Rs. 246-4 to Rs. 230. Among Hydro Electrics, Andhra Valleys declined to Rs. 1,642/8, as against the last close of Rs. 1,670, but improved at the end to Rs. Tata Power shares were easier, the quotation dropping from Rs. 1,508/12 to Rs 1,480. Tata Hydros closed at Rs. 177/8. Cementshares also shared the sympathetic declines, Bundis closing at Rs. 39/12, Indian Cements at Rs. 522/8, Katni Ordys., at Rs. 395 and Shahabad at Rs. 500. Bank shares were steady on the whole, Imperial Bank (Fully Paid) finishing at Rs. 1 522/8 and Contributories at Rs. 373/12 Central Bank shares were quoted at Rs. 34/4, India Bank at Rs. 137 and those of the Reserve Bank at Rs 127/12. In the miscellaneous section Belapurs after being steady at Rs. 175 dropped yesterday to Rs. 167/8. Bombay Burmas lost about 25 points to Rs. 661/4. Scindia Steam shares receded from Rs. 27/12 to Rs. 25/6.

SURVEY OF WHEAT MARKETS

Need Of A Standard Contract

The Director of Public Information Simla has issued the following Press Note:—

An immense task has just been completed by the Agricultural Marketing Adviser to the Government of India the first comprehensive survey of the wheat markets of India

In the course of the survey these are some of the vital questions that emerge:

Wheat storage as whole denounced as bad and a new system put forward;

Effects of market speculation;

Necessity for improving marketing in all kinds of ways;

Lack of amenities in country marketing places;

The urgent need for standardizing names of wheat weights and measures, quality, etc.

BETTER STORAGE.

One of the greatest needs of the industry is better storage The survey states:

"Owing to defective storage large losses are incurred each year by dampness and weevils, as well as other vermin such as rats and white ants. The total loss is, on the most conservative estimate, above Rs. 3 lakhs tons a year valued at Rs. 2.4 crores Any money devoted to the elimination or control of this enormous loss would be well spent.'

DARA SALES.

A great deal more needed to be done by local bodies and the organised trade to have these charges specified and brought withi . reasonable limits. Various market practices should also be abolished such as "dara" sales where different lots of wheat belonging to several cultivators were sold together at one price, and the making of fixed reductions on account of impurities which might or might not be present. The latter was a big handicap on cultivators who produced clean, good quality wheat.

The secrecy associated with the practice of bidding under the "purdah" cloth tended to make it suspect, but there seemed to be no great harm in it, indeed rather the opposite, provided the final bid was openly declared.

There was urgent need to devise a common system of commercial classification and description. At present the same type of wheat might pass under a number of different names, or one name might be applied to several wheat of widely different character

WEIGHTS AND MEASURES.

Municipal control of weights and measures was quite evidently inadequate. The example of the Bombay Government in standardising weights and measures throughout the Presidency—to the advantage of the trade and the local exchequer—should commend itself to other local Governments and State Durbars.

STANDARD CONTRACTS

Steps to institute a standard contract for white (Sharbati) wheat had already been taken by the Central Marketing Staff in conjunction with the leading grain trade associations and millers, but much remained to be done and similar contracts for other types, particularly durum (macaroni) wheats were required, both for "ready" and "futures".

EXPORT TRADE.

The export trade was found to be already fairly well organised, railways having lent assistance in the matter of freight. There was apparently not much more which could be done to stimulate exports without injury to the interests of producers.

The report states: "It the wheat grower is to obtain a higher price for his produce, this can only be done by getting for him a larger share of the price which the consumer pays. The cultivator at present gets only about three-fifths of the consumer's rupee. His best chance of obtaining a higher return seems to lie in increasing the efficiency and reducing the cost of distribution generally".

AVERAGE YIELD

	Average 1924-33. (lbs.)
India	636
U. S. A.	846
Canada	972
Australia	714
Argentine	780
Europe	1,146
Russia	636

A sum of Rs. 60 1/2 crores represented the total hypothetical value of the Indian wheat crop based on last year's production, calculated on an average price of Rs. 2/6 per maund obtainable in up-country markets.

In addition to indicating ways in which marketing could be improved, the survey is designed to serve as a comprehensive reference for agriculturists, economists, politicians, bankers, students, and those abroad, who have in the past often found it more than difficult to obtain information about

YARN MARKET REPORT

Bombay, April 28.

There is no improvement to report in our Yarn Market during the whole past week inasmuch as prices of almost all kinds of yarns declined further in sympathy with continued decline in prices of Raw Material. As usual, in declining markets turnover has been considerably restricted and what little purchases have been made by the upcountry merchants consist only of their immediate requirements. Most of them are inclined to believe that by waiting further they will have a better opportunity of making purchases at still favourable prices. Reports from consuming districts have continued to remain unfavourable and whilst prices are reported to have declined further offtake has considerably fallen off. Stocks of Indian yarns however, are not large in the local market as well as in any of the consuming districts and as soon as cotton shows some improvement in all probability confidence in yarns will again be revived which will in turn result in improvement of demand from consuming districts. The future tendency at the moment is rather uncertain and much more will expend upon the further course of the cotton prices in the next few days.

JAPANESE AND SHANGHAI

Prices in all Japanese and Shanghai yarns have been adversely affected on account of continued sharp decline in cotton prices during the last few days. In case of Mercerized yarns there has been a further decline to the extent of about Rs. 10 per package whereas in case of single and twofold grey yarns decline has been comparatively much smaller, on account of limited stocks and very small arrivals. Forward business in Japanese and Shanghai yarns has not been possible on account of much higher prices quoted by the Japanese and Shanghai Spinners and in many cases very distant shipments have been offered. Stocks in the local market are gradually declining and in the absence of large forward business as before, scarcity of goods is likely to be felt in the next few weeks. At the present moment however on account of uncertainty regarding the future course of the cotton prices and also due to absence of confidence in the present level of prices dealers and importers have been extremely careful in not placing any forward business in bulk. On the whole the tendency is uncertain at the moment. Sampin declined further in sympathy with cotton whereas Exchange has remained steady.

ART SILK YARNS.

After a continued sharp advance in prices of Art Silk Yarns during the last few days, a natural reaction has been in evidence mostly in sympathy with continued decline in prices of other commodities particularly in cotton yarns and various other yarns. During the week a decline to the extent of quarter of an anna per lb. has taken place in almost all kinds and qualities and as usual in declining markets demand has fallen off. Reports from consuming centres go to show that the stocks are not very heavy and the arrivals of Italian goods are very limited. It is quite natural therefore that as soon as confidence is revived prices are bound to show gradual improvement. Owing to recent recent increase in prices of Italian goods offtake has been very restricted in Italian Art Silk Yarns. As regards Japanese yarns although prices have declined to the extent of quarter of an anna per lb. there has been satisfactory offtake mostly from the Mills. It is further reported that the Handloom Weavers find the use of Art Silk Yarns comparatively more remunerative than the use of cotton yarns and it is quite likely that the demand for Art Silk Yarns will show further improvement from the important consuming districts in course of time. Sales of Art Silk Cloth in the consuming districts are very satisfactory so far. As regards forward business in Japanese Art Silk yarns, dealers and importers have been awaiting further developments before placing any important forward business. The Japanese Spinners on the other hand have been able to make sales far ahead at very remunerative prices and are therefore not inclined to press any further sales at the moment. The future tendency is hopeful.

INDIAN YARNS.

In spite of continued sharp decline in cotton prices our mills have not been able to make any sales of importance during the week. As a matter of fact, dealers and consumers are not inclined to make any purchases and are rather inclined to wait until the markets settle down. In the Local Market prices have declined to the extent of about 1/8 anna per lb. and the offtake has continued to remain rather poor. The future course of the market remains uncertain.

COLABA OBSERVATORY, BOMBAY.

Summary of Meteorological Observations during 24 hours ending 8 a.m. of 30-4-1937.

Change of 8 a.m. barometer in past 24 hours plus 010 inches.

Temperature (dry bulb) at 8 a.m. 83.0 degrees.

Temperature (wet bulb) at 8 a.m. 78.1 degrees.

Maximum temperature during 24 hours 91.4 degrees 2.1 (above normal).

Minimum temperature during 24 hours 77.6 degrees 0.4 (above normal).

Relative Humidity at 8 a.m. 79 p.c.

Direction of wind at 8 a.m. calm.

Velocity of wind at 8 a.m. 0 mile per hour.

Total movement of wind in 24 hours 133 miles.

Velocity of maximum gust of wind during 24 hours 17 miles per hour.

Extent of cloud at 8 a.m. (the whole sky cloudy eq. 10)0.

OFFICIAL BAROMETER READING DATED 30-4-37.

At 8-7 a.m. local time (8-46 a.m. Indian Standard Time and temperature 85.9 deg. F., a mercury barometer without index error at mean sea level would actually read 30.02 inches and a compensated aneroid 29.80 inches.

For correction of ships' instruments please subtract from the above official barometer reading 0.001" for every foot of elevation of the instrument above mean sea level.

DADAR CO-OP. BANK CASE

Secretary And Assistant Released On Heavy Bail Amounts

BOMBAY, Friday.

Criminal breach of trust and abetment thereof, were the charges against the Asst. Secretary and the Secretary of the Dadar Co-operative Bank Ltd. who were placed before the Presidency Magistrate, Third Court, to-day.

Vithal Govind Shivalker, the Assistant Secretary, and Balakrishna Mahadeo Wagle, the Secretary of the Dadar Co-operative Bank had, it is stated, passed bogus receipts to certain fixed Deposit account holders and did not credit the amount.

BOOKS SEIZED.

It is further stated that the bogus receipts were originally passed in 1934 and renewed till to-day. These receipts were alleged to have been passed by them in order to balance the amount misappropriated earlier. The books of the Society were seized.

The actual amount involved is not known and the Registrar of Co-operative Societies, it seems, had appointed an investigating auditor to examine their books.

Both the suspects were released on bail on cash deposits of Rs. 4,000 each and a surety in like amount, till May 14, at the Presidency Magistrate's Third Court, to-day.

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AMRITSAR	JALGAON	MOMBASA	SINGAPORE
BANGALORE	JALPAIGURI	MULTAN	SUKKUR
BAREILLY	JODHPUR	MYSORE	TRICHINOPOLY
BELLARY	JUBBULPORE	NAGPUR	TRIVANDRUM
CALCUTTA	KARACHI	PATNA	VELLORE
CALICUT	KUALA LUMPUR	PESHAWAR	VIZAGAPATAM
COIMBATORE	LAHORE	POONA	

Latest Commercial News

NEW YORK COTTON 24 POINTS UP

Bullion Easy But Base Metals And Grains Better

BOMBAY, April 30.

On Friday crossrates ruled quiet.

GOOD TONE IN N. Y. COTTON.

New York cotton opened firm but the uncertainty of the gold policy checked further activity and prices reacted to improve again. The tone was good.

BULLION EASY

London gold and silver ruled easy.

Wheat was steady on commission houses buying. Base metals, Jute and rubber were better.

BETTER SENTIMENT IN SECURITIES.

The London Stock Exchange displayed better tendency but business was small. Giltedged securities showed improved sentiment but business was limited.

COTTON

LATEST NEW YORK COTTON PRICES

OCTOBER 937.

New York, April 30.

Previous closing	12.53
To-day's opening	12.71
Difference	plus 18
To-day's closing	12.77
Difference	plus 24

LIVERPOOL COTTON

OCTOBER 937.

Liverpool, April 30.

Previous closing	7.02
To-day's opening	6.97
Difference	—.05
To-day's closing	6.99
Difference	—.03

BROACH EXPECTATION

April May	Rs. 227-0
July August	Rs. 234-8

N. Y. COTTON MARKET

New York, April 30.

Cotton displayed higher tendency on better enquiry from local and foreign interests with improved technical position furnishing strength to the market but subsequently the higher level attracted liquidation and some selling.

Trading in October began at 12.71 i.e. 18 points higher than previous closing. Prices advanced on better Liverpool cables and domestic and foreign buying but soon after prices reacted on scattered liquidation and outside selling with the uncertainty over the gold policy checking further activity with October around 12.59.

New York cotton finally closed at 12.77 with a rise of 24 points for October delivery.

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 30.

The following were the opening ranges:—

May (12.92/12.91) 12.95/12.94
July (12.93/12.92) 12.95/12.93
October (12.68/12.67) 12.73/12.71

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 30.

The following were the rates at 12-15 p.m.:—

American May (7.02) 7.01
American July (7.07) 7.07
Egyptian March (10.47) 10.55
Egyptian May (10.65) 10.75

BROACH COTTON

Bombay, April 30.

Broach cotton for July August moved between Rs. 231-12 and Rs. 233-10 at night. The rate at 9-30 p.m. closed at Rs. 233-4 Broach April May was Rs. 6 1/2 lower.

LONDON MARKETS

London, April 30.

The rates at 3-30 p.m. were as follows:—

TEA

Indian Pekoe (1-2) 1-2
Indian Pekoe higher (1-4) 1-4
Ceylon Pekoe (1-2 3/4) 1-2 3/4
Ceylon Pekoe higher (2-3,1/2) 2-3 1/2

JUTE

New Crop May June (£21 5/8 value) £21 3/4 value
Dunlop May (£25 1/4 sellers) £25 1/4 sellers
Lightning May (£23 1/4) £23 1/4 sellers.

RUBBER

Spot (9 7/8 buyers) 9 13/16 buyers
Forward July September (10 7/8 paid and buyers) 10 paid and buyers.

LINSEED

Castorseed Bombay April May (£14 3/8 sellers) £13 3/8 sellers
Linseed Calcutta April May (£14 3/4 sellers) £14 3/4 sellers.
Linseed La Plata April May (£13 1/8 sellers) £13 1/8 sellers.
Groundnuts Coromandal April May (£14 3/16 sellers) £14 3/8 sellers

LIVERPOOL WHEAT

Liverpool, April 30.

Liverpool wheat opened quiet with May at 108 3/4 and July 107 1/2. The market was lower on disappointing cables from abroad and absence of any important buying but later prices steadied on scattered buying although business was very small.

CHICAGO WHEAT

Chicago, April 30.

Chicago wheat opened steady with July at 1.17. Prices advanced on better European enquiry and scattered commission buying influenced by better technical situation.

EXCHANGES

LONDON-NEW YORK CROSS RATES

Latest Quotations

T. T. NEW YORK ON LONDON

New York, April 30.

Previous closing	4.94 25/32
To-day's opening	4.94 25/32
To-day's closing	4.94 27/4

T. T. LONDON ON NEW YORK

London, April 30.

Previous closing	4.94.60
To-day's opening	4.94.85
To-day's closing	4.94.75

FRANC RATE

London, April 30.

Previous closing	110.34
To-day's opening	110.43
To-day's closing	110.43

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 30.

London exchanges opened with the sterling dollar at 4.94.85 and then advanced to 4.95.07 on better support with a fairly good tendency.

The sterling dollar crossrate closed at 4.94.75.

Franc opened at 110.43 and then eased to 110.56 on lack of support with no important movements.

The sterling franc crossrate closed at 110.43

CROSS RATES

London on Bombay (1-6 1/8) 1-6 1/8
Paris on Bombay (8.345) 8.333
New York on Bombay (37.32) 37.35
London on Milan (93.87) 94.05
Berlin on Bombay (0.92 3/4) 0.92 7/8
London on Shanghai (1-2 17/32) 1-2 17/32
London on Kobe (1-1 31/32) 1-1 31/32

DISCOUNTS

3 months (9/16 to 9/16 per cent) 9/16 to 9/16 per cent
4 months (9/16 to 5/8 per cent) 9/16 to 5/8 per cent
6 months (11/16 to 11/16 per cent) 11/16 to 11/16 per cent.

LONDON METALS

To-day's opening rates were as follows:—

Tin (£242 3/4 buyers £243 sellers. Weak) £245 1/2 buyers £246 1/2 sellers. Irregular.

Lead (£22 7/8 buyers £23 sellers. Weak) unquoted.

Electrolytic Copper (£60 1/2 to £62 1/2) £62 to £64

Glasgow Iron (£87) £87

SILVER CABLES

Bombay, April 30.

The following cable information was received from London to night

"Prices fall in absence of support rather than pressure to sell. Market quietly steady at the decline."

LONDON SILVER

London, April 30.

	Previous closing Prices	To-day's Prices.
Spot	20 3/8d.	20 1/4d.
Forward	20 7/16d.	20 5/16d.

LONDON GOLD

London, April 30.

Gold Bars Fine per ounce (£7-0-6) £7 0-3 1/2

BOMBAY BULLION

Bombay, April 30.

Silver ready	52	10	0
Silver 1st settlement	50	4	0
Silver 2nd settlement	52	12	0
Gold ready	34	9	6
Gold 1st settlement	34	8	6
Gold 2nd settlement	34	8	0
Sovereigns	22	1	0

WHEAT AND LINSEED

Closing Quotations

Bombay, April 30.

Wheat May	5	9	0
Wheat September	5	10	0
Linseed May	7	15	6
Linseed September	8	3	6

BROWN BOLD LINSEED

(Through Bombay Grains and Seeds' Association.)

Delivery May 1937

Bombay, April 30.

	Rs.	a.	p
Rates at 11-0 a.m.	7	14	9
Rates at 12-0 noon	7	14	3
Rates at 3-0 p.m.	7	14	3
Rates at 5-0 p.m.	7	14	3

September delivery was about 0-3-6 annas higher.

3½ P. C. GOVT. PAPER

Closing Quotation

Bombay, April 30.

The 3 1/2 per cent Government Paper was quoted at Rs. 93-9 at 2 p.m. The closing quotations at 5 p.m. was Rs 93-10.

Fluctuations were as follows:—

	Rs.	a.	p.
Opening	93	7	0
Highest	93	10	0
Lowest	93	7	0
Closing	93	10	0

INDIAN STERLING LOAN

London, April 30.

The 3 1/2 per cent Indian Sterling Loan closed at £89 3/4 as against the previous closing at £89 1/2.

INDIAN LOANS

London, April 30.

2-30 p.m.

3 per cent Indian Loan (£97 1/2) £97 1/2
3 1/2 per cent Indian Loan (£89 1/2) £89 1/2
4 1/2 per cent Indian Stock (1950-55) (£109 1/2) £109 1/2
4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 (£114) £113 1/2
4 per cent Indian 1948-53 £106 1/2) £106 1/2
5 per cent Indian 1942-47 (£112 1/2) £112 1/2
3 1/2 per cent New Indian 1954-59 (£102 1/2) £102 1/2

AUSTRALIAN LOANS

3 per cent Australian Loan 1945-70 (£108 7/8) £108 7/8

BRITISH FUNDS

2 1/2 per cent Consols (£76 3/4) £76 3/4
3 1/2 per cent Government Loan (£102 1/8) £101 7/8
4 1/2 per cent Conversion Loan (£107 1/2) £107 1/2
5 per cent Funding Loan (£110 5/8) £110 5/8
3 1/2 per cent War Loan (£101 1/2) £101 1/2
4 per cent Victory Bonds (£109 5/8) £109 5/8

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGE

London, April 30.

2-30 p.m

After early hesitation markets developed better tendency with business showing signs of expansion. Kaffirs were firmer. Internationals and oil shares improved. Home industrials and rubber shares were better.

INDUSTRIALS

British Celanese Second Preference (16-0) 16-0
Marks and Spencer Ordinary (80-0) 80-0
Hydro Electric (£7 1/4) £7 3/8
Musical Industries (20-0) 19-6
Princhin Johnson (43-6) 43-0
Imperial Chemical (37-0) 36-9
Woolsworth Ordinary (77-6) 77-6
Realisation 1930 (£95 3/4) £93 1/2
Dunlop Rubber (32-6) 33-0
Unilever Ordinary (38-6) 39-1 1/2
Ford Motors (27-6) 27-3
Cables and Wireless (£6 3/8) £5 3/4
British American Tobacco (123-1 1/2) 123-9
Carreas A (£8) £8 1/8
Imperial Tobacco Ordinary (147-6) 149-4 1/2
P and O S N Company Deferred (31-4 1/2) 30-1 1/2
Distillers (110) 110-9
Bredfords Dyers (£10) £9 1/2
British Celanese (£8) £8
J and P coates Ordinary (49-6) 49-6
Courtaulds Ordinary (51-0) 51-0
Fine Cotton Spinners (12-3) 12-3
Vickers Limited Ordinary (28-6) 28-6
Inter Nickels (54-9) 56-9
Indian Iron and Steel Ordinary (61-3) 62-6
Tata Iron and Steel (£105) £105

TEA SHARES

Assam Company (19-0) 19-0
Donaro Tea (49-4 1/2) 49-4 1/2
Empire of India (30-0) 30-0

RUBBER SHARES

Anglo Dutch Rubber (36-6) 38-0
Gula Kelampong (45-0) 42-6
Rubber Plant Inv Trust (36-6) 37-6

JUTE SHARES

Barnagore (£10 3/4) £10 3/4

MINING SHARES

Nandydrug (53-9) 50-0
Burma Corporation (16-3) 16-3
Rio Tintos (£18 1/2) £18 1/2
East Rand Proprietors (63-9) 63-9
Rand Mines (£7 1/8) £7 1/8

MINE SHARES

Crown Mines (£12 1/4) £12 1/2
Gedule New (£8 5/8) £8 3/4
New Modders (£27 1/2) £28 3/4
Sub Nigel (£9 3/4) £10
Spring Mines Split Shares (32-6) 32-6
Union Corporation (£8) £8 1/4

OIL SHARES

Venezuela Persian (£49 3/8) £48 3/4
Anglo Iranian (102-6) 105-0
Burma Oil (101-3) 105-0
Musical Eagle (18-3) 18-7 1/2
Shell Transport (102-6) 103-1 1/2
Royal Dutch (£42 5/8) £43 3/4

HUME RAIL SHARES

Great Western (£58 1/2) £58 1/2
L and S Ordinary (£29 5/8) £28 3/8
L N E R Defd (£4 3/4) £4 3/4
Southern Paris 5 per cent (£22 1/2) £22 1/2
London Paris 5 per cent (£126 3/4) £126 3/4
London Transport 'C' Stock (£87 1/4) £86 1/2

WOOL SALES

London, April 30.

In moderate selection chiefly New Zealand cross breds competition was active home trade securing the bulk.

Greasy lower 1-2
Greasy higher 2-0
Scoured lower 1-5 1/2
Scoured higher 2-11

MORE CHEERFUL TONE IN STOCK EXCHANGE

Wall Street Firm

(SPECIAL CABLE.)

LONDON, April 30.

The Stock Exchange opened weak today but subsequently the tension relaxed and the influx of good general demand helped the markets to close a difficult week in a more confident atmosphere than witnessed for some days past. The more cheerful tone was due to reports that Higham brothers, dealers in kaffirs and internationals, who had decided to cease business, will meet their liabilities in full.

In commodities, rubber opened weak on the news that a small rubber firm was in difficulties, but recovered when it was learnt that arrangements had been made to carry the firm.

Wall Street opened irregular and then advanced.

JUTE SHARES QUIET

Coals Easier

CALCUTTA, April 30.

Jutes shares were quiet and trading was very limited.

Coals were easier.

Miscellaneous:—Indian irons, Burmas and Indian coppers better, while others more or less unaltered.

Government securities:—Unchanged.

Following were the closing quotations:

Securities:—Three and a half per cent Government paper 93/14, three and a half per cent loan 1947/50 106/10, four and a half per cent loan 1955/60 119/12.

Banks:—Imperial conty 379, Imperial fully paid 1540, Reserve 127.

Mymensingh Bhairab Bazar railway guaranteed 85.

Cottons:—New Victoria 1/4, Bengal Nagpur 16, Kesoram 6/12.

Coals:—Amalgamated 26, Burradhemo 3/4, Burrakur 17/4, small lot, do pref 134, Deoli 7/4, East Indian 20/8, Ghusick and Muslia 3/4, New Beerbhoom 15, Standard 34/8, South Karanpura 7/8, Talcher 2/4, Union 18/6.

Jutes:—Adamjee 13/2, Anglo-India 375, small lot, c div; Barnagore 140/8, Birla 20/8, Bharat 27/14, Clive 25/11, Ft. William 250/8, Gourepore 603, Howrah 54/4, Hukumchand 9/9, Kamarhatty 529, India 32, Naihati 345, small lot, Presidency 4/1, Reliance 68

Miscellaneous:—Burma Corporation 11/4, Consolidated tin 6/6, Indian copper 3/3, Rhodesia copper 2/11, Jhansi elec 10/6, Shahjahanpur elec 9/9, Rawalpindi elec 25/4, Burn and Co. ord 315, Hukumchand steel 10/6, small lot, Indian iron and steel 41/10, Dunlop rubber 20/8, Indian wood products 26/4, Refrigerators (India) Ltd 15, British Burma petroleum 5/12, Midnapore Zemindary 103, India General Navigation ord 122.

Sugars:—Buland 13, Samastipore 7/7.

Debentures:—Three and a quarter per cent 1956/66, Howrah Bridge 101, five and a half per cent 1915/30/40, Dalhousie property 103/9.—A.P.

AHMEDABAD SHARE MARKET

Ahmedabad, April 30.

Following are the closing quotations of Ahmedabad Share Bazar of April 30:—

Ashok 365
Aryodaya Spinning 216/14
Calico 528/12
Gujarat Cotton 28/2
Jubili 178/2
Marsdan 71/14
Motilal Hirabhai 54/6
Monogram 51/14

NEW YORK STOCK EXCHANGE

New York, April 30.

The following were to-day's opening rates:—

General Motor (dol 55 3/4) dol 56 3/4
N Y Copper Mining (dol 49 3/4) dol 50 1/2
U S Steel Common (dol 100 7/8) dol 101 1/4
U S Steel Preference (dol 145 1/4) dol 136 1/4

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, April 30.

Wheat for May delivery closed at 110 3/8 as against the previous closing at 110 1/2

SEVEN YEARS FOR TRAIN DACOITY

LAHORE: April 30.

Two Sikhs were sentenced today to seven years' imprisonment each on a charge of committing dacoity in a running train. The accused, it is stated, boarded a train while it was running between Jiyabagga and Raiwind stations, tortured two passengers in a third class compartment, seized their purses and valuables and jumped out. The accused were arrested after a rigorous search.—A.P.

FINED FOR CONTEMPT OF COURT

LAHORE: April 30.

Justices Coldstream and Sheikh Din Muhammad sentenced Lala Jahangir Chand, the editor, printer and publisher of "Teh Gujranwalla Gazette" and Sardar Ishersingh, the editor, printer and publisher of "Milap Khalsa" of Gujranwalla to a fine of Rs. 50 each and Rs. 100 costs for contempt of Court, they having suggested in their newspapers that the Gujranwalla Magistrate transferred certain cases pending against themselves.—A.P.

GAREFT & "BATTLE" OF BRIDGES

(From Our Correspondent.)

VILE PARLE, Friday.

What appeared to be the simple tea party in honour of the visit of Mr. Garett, the Commissioner Northern Division, turned out to be exhibition of wrangle before the Commissioner.

At 8-30 a.m. Mr. Garett opened the formal talk over the table and asked the president as to the problems before the Board over which he might think a little. Forthwith, Mr. Caesar began to read an application from the residents of East for a bridge to link Nehru Road with the Church Road. Mr. Dixit then drew the attention of the Commissioner, that the matter was controversial and it was not proper to introduce such a subject in a felicitous function and introduce avoidable neat. He was supported in his view by Mr. Gomes, the vice-President, Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt, Mr. Kalvag Mr. Bhende, Mr. Pardhi, etc., and except for Mr. Caesar and Mr. G. R. Desai all the Councillors were opposed to the subject being discussed.

Mr. Garett looking to the attitude of the house dropped the whole question, much to the disappointment of the assembled public from Scheme No. 6.

NEED OF A DRAINAGE

Mr. Gokulbhai Bhatt then introduced the subject of drainage without which, he said, the life in Vile Parle will almost be impossible. The Municipality has asked for the loan and it is now awaiting its disposal.

Mr. Desai also stressed the importance of the subject to the healthy suburban life.

The Commissioner sympathetically viewed the whole question and agreed to do whatever was possible.

REPRESENTATION QUESTION

Ever since the amalgamation of the Vile Parle and Andheri. The question of proportion of representation for the two suburbs had been the subject of controversy. The basis of the representative had been the census of 1931 which is manifestly incorrect for besides the boycott of the census proclaimed by the Congress, the rapid development of Vile Parle is surprising Looked at from any point of view, the case for an increased representation of Vile Parle is convincing and even the Collector had once accepted the Justice of Parla's case. The Commissioner advised the Councillor to settle the point between themselves or else to place the entire data before the Collector to enable him to arrive at a just conclusion.

PRIMARY EDUCATION DUES

Mr. Burfiwalla's letter as the president of the D. L. B. for payment of the areas of the expenses that his board has incurred on behalf of the Municipality toward the primary education in the area was the lever for suggestion to declare the Vile Parle Municipality as the local authority in this respect as Bandra. The whole case was ably presented by Mr. Desai before the Commissioner who appeared to have been impressed by it.

Mr. Garett in closing up said that he was glad to meet them there and that he was sure the exchange of views will prove to be helpful in the correct estimation of the problems.

Mr Gomes and Kalbag and Bhende followed them in another car to represent their point of view. The Commissioner was taken along the Vallabhbhai Road. He first inspected "the divide and rule" demand for an overbridge to link Nehru Road and Church Road and then went to the Central place at the Juhu Road.

The Commissioner asked for the papers on he question at his camp as that he may go through them and study to arrive at the correct estimate of the whole question.

MUD ON FAIR NAME OF COCHIN

VARKALA, April 25.

The Religious Amity Conference organised in connection with the Silver Jubilee Celebrations of the Sree Sarada Mutt and other institutions came off yesterday under the presidentship of Rao Bahadur K. Narayanan Pandalai at Varkala.

Mahopadhyaya K. Balarama Panikkar in his welcome address said that the teachings of Sri Narayana Guru had taken a firm hold on the people.

The President stated that the Government of Cochin had by issuing their order regarding the Kudal Manikkam Temple thrown mud on the fair name of Cochin.

"If there is a God that God is one and the same for all humanity" was the thought round which a ronference called the "One God". The Conference was held to-day under the presidentship of Dr. P. Natarajan at Sivagiri Mutt, Varkala. Swami Dharma Theertha Mahopadhyaya Balarama Panikkar and Swami Narvana Theertha were among those who participated in the proceedings.—A. P.

SHIPPING NEWS

ARRIVALS

Bombay, April 30.

Turner Morrison s.s. Rajput of 3398 reg tons Capt G P Robb arrived from Bassein via Colombo with passengers and general cargo.

B I S N s.s. Barala of 1899 reg tons Capt E Shepherd arrived from Calcutta via Madras and Galle with general cargo.

O S K s.s. Fukuyo Maru of 3405 reg tons Capt W Yano arrived from Yokohama via Nagoya, Osaka, Kobe, Moji, Miike, Nagasaki, Hongkong Singapore, Penang and Colombo with general cargo.

DEPARTURE

Bombay, April 30.

M M and Co. s.s. Queda of 4760 reg tons Capt W H Hemmings sailed for Mombassa with water ballast.

LOADING

The following steamers booked for Loading on 30-4-37.

S S Kidderpore (M M) for China Japan Ports via Colombo.

S S Yoshida Maru (NYK) for China Japan Ports via Singapore.

S S Gambada (M M) for Mangalore Cannanore, Tellicherry, Badagra, Cochin, Alleppey, Quilon, Tavoy, Mergui, Akyab and Bassein.

S S Chantala (M M) for Mangalore, Cannanore, Tellicherry, Badagra, Alleppey, Colachel, Calcutta, Colombo, Gopalpore and Cocoanada.

S S Kenya (M M) for African Ports.

Vessels In Docks

Bombay, April 30.

ALEXANDRA DOCK

3 Fukuyo Maru 3405 Karachi 5-5 O S K
5 Kidderpore 3263 Karachi 1-5 M M
8 Kurohime Maru 2894 Bedi Bunder 1-5 M B Kaisha
12 Tango Maru 4238 Karachi 2-5 N Y K
16 Kaisar-I-Hind 6014 London 1-5 M M

VICTORIA DOCK

1 Ormara 2978 Calcutta 3-3 M M
3 Vita 1955 Karachi 1-5 M M
8 Gamaria 3232 Bassein 30-4 M M
12/13 Jalavihar 3381 Rangoon 1-5 Scindia S N
14 Indira 278 N F 30-4 Malabar Steamship.

PRINCES DOCK

M Alipore 3241 N r N F M M (P & O)
D/E Jalapadma 2326 Rangoon 1-5 Scindia S N
F Jehangir 2157 Jeddah 3-5 T Morrison

STEAMERS EXPECTED

FROM LONDON

Takada 11-5-37 M M
Nalgora 13-5-37 M M
Chitral 6-5-37 P and O
Carthage 27-5-37 P and O S N
Viceroy of India 13-5 P and O
Maloja 20-5 P and O
Lahore 5-5-37 M M

FROM LIVERPOOL

Hesinne 5-5-37 J Finlay
Clan Mcphee 16-5-37 James Finlay
City of Melbourne 7-5-37 K Nixon
Tarantia 8-5-37 Grahams Trading Co
City of Benares 15-5-37 Killick Nixon
Britannia 10-5-37 Graham's Trdg.

FROM HULL

Kabinga 2-5-37 J Finlay

FROM HAMBURG

Trenenfels 30-4 L Edwards
Lindenfels 11-5-37 L Edwards
Kybfels 4-5-37 L Edwards

FROM GENOA

Conte Biancomano 28-4-37 L Triestino
Monte Piana 27-4-37 L Triestino

FROM NEW YORK

City of Auckland 3-5-37 F F Campbell
Steel Ranger 30-4-37 M M
Pres Harrison 1-5-37 F F Campbell.

FROM OSLO

Japan 9-5-37 L Edwards

FROM DURBAN

Tairea 15-5-37 M M

FROM CHINA AND JAPAN

Burdwan 9-5-37 P and O
Tokushima Maru 18-5-37 N Y
Tango Maru 30-4 N Y K
Mayebashi Maru 16-5-37 N Y K
Mantai Maru 10-5-37 N Y K

FROM SYDNEY

Strathaird 8-5-37 P and O

FROM BASRA

Varela 1-5-37 M M
Chantala 1-5-37 M M
Baroda 13-5-37 M M
Varsova 15-5-37 M M
Bankura 6-5-37 M M
Vasna 8-5-37 M M

FROM BASSEIN

Jalajyoti 3-5-37 Scindia S N
Jalamani 8-5-37 Scindia S N
Jalamohan 8-5-37 Scindia S N

FROM KARACHI

Yoshida Maru 1-5-37 N Y K
Tango Maru 10-5-37 N Y K
Dalgoma 5-5-37 M M

FROM RANGOON

Gambada 30-4-37 M M

FROM CALCUTTA

Jalapalaka 1-5-37 Scindia S N
Gharinda 13-5-37 M M
Barala 2-5-37 M M

FROM AKYAB

Howra 30-4-37 M M

SAILING DATES

FOR LONDON

Viceroy of India 15-5-37 P and O
Burdwan 11-5-37 M M
Dalgoma 12-5-37 M M
Kaiser-i-Hind 1-5-37 P and O
Strathaird 8-5-37 P and O
Narkunda 22-5-37 P and O

FOR LIVERPOOL

Britannia 20-5 Grahams Trading
City of Hongkong 10-5-37 Killick

FOR SYDNEY

Chitral 6-5-37 P and O

FOR NEW YORK

Pres Harrison 30-4-337 F F Campbell

FOR CHINA AND JAPAN

Victoria 18-5-37 L Triestino
Fukuyo Maru 13-5-37 O S K
Celebes Maru 23-5-37 O S K
Yoshida Maru 15-5-37 N Y K
Tango Maru 15-5-37 N Y K

FOR JEDAH

Jehangir 3-5-37 T Morrison

FOR BASRA

Varela 6-5-37 M M
Barala 5-5-37 M M

FOR DURBAN

Takliwa 28-4-37 M M
Kenya 12-5-37 M M

FOR KARACHI

Vita 8-5-37 M M
Truenfels 2-5-37 L Edwards
Kybfels 13-5-37 L Edward

GENERAL LANDING DATES

S S Tungsha 28-4-37
S S Monte Piana 28-4-37
S S Gamaria 29-4-37
S S Jalapadma 29-4-37
S S Ormara 29-4-37
S S Vita 29-4-37
S S Dayavati 29-4-37
S S Bhadravati 30-4-37
S S Indira 30-4-37

EXPORTS

Bombay, April 30.

S S President Harrison for Boston: 200 bales cotton raw A Clayton; 55 bales cotton raw K M Nathoo; 75 bales dry salted goat skins D Abraham.

For New York: 53 bags d.u. seeds D Abraham, 243 bags flea seeds D Abraham; 250 bags plantago seeds D Abraham; 60 bags sesame seeds D Abraham; 16 bales lamb turskin dry raw D Abraham; 25 bales kid skins D Abraham; 67 bags niger seed A Virji; 334 bags flea seed A Virji; 12 bags teazle seed A Virji; 41 bales cotton prints Thos Cook; 165 bags pistacho nuts F F Campbell; 67 bags gum B Jaffer.

For Marseilles: 18 bales kid skins raw F E Hardcastle.

For Genoa: 13 bales cotton raw S Textile Products (India)

For Salonika: 30 bags henna powder D Abraham; 60 bags groundnut seed R Shantilal

For Alexandretta: 18 bales grey cotton yarn A Al Abdul Razzak; 25 bales cotton p goods shirting R Shantilal.

For Tripoli: 20 bales grey cotton yarn A Al Abdul Razzak.

For P T O San Vose De Guatemala: 21 bales cotton grey yarn A Virji.

For Suez: 175 bales cotton grey piece goods A Virji; 20 bales c c p goods (bld sheeting) E D Sassoon; 175 bales c c p goods (grey shirting) E D Sassoon.

S S Kurohime Maru for Kobe: 100 bales cotton raw G Dossa; 300 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha

For Osaka: 200 tons steel shafting M B Kaisha; 10 tons tin clipping M B Kaisha.

S S Yoshida Maru for Osaka: 260 tons scrap iron Ali Bros.

S S Tango Maru for Kobe: 300 bales cotton raw N Manilal; 900 bales cotton raw N Nagsee

For Nagasaki: 100 bales cotton raw N Nagsee.

For Osaka: 200 tons old iron scrap A Popatlal.

S S Tukuyo Maru for Kobe: 300 bales cotton raw S R Tulshan; 800 bales cotton raw N Nagsee; 300 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 100 tons scrap iron A Popatlal.

For Osaka: 300 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha; 300 tons scrap iron A Popatlal

For Nagoya: 100 bales cotton raw G K Kaisha

IMPORTS.

S S Pres Monrose Agents F F Campbell and Co. from San Francisco: 250 rolls asphalt raofing; 82 dms paint; 20 dms cement; 363 dms lubricating oil; 86 ctns oil refiners with fittings; 25 blds raising; 13 bxs reflectors; 31 pls printing ink; 33 cases auto parts; 178 cases canned peaches; 55 cases drd prunes; 25 cases auto batteries; 11 blds dried fruits; 389 bdls cud fruits; 320 bxs apples fresh; 86 cases cnd tomato juice; 109 cases cnd fruit salad; 12 cases cnd fruit juices; 152 cases cnd asparagus; 94 cases cnd pears; 235 cases cnd prunes; 25 cases roasted coffee; 34 cases honey; 11 cases tin coffee; 37 cnd cherries; 20 cases cnd pineapples; 45 cases cnd sardines; 15 cases cnd salmon; 20 cases cnd apricots; 27 cases cherkins in glass; 335 bxs apples; 38 cases sat sup in glass; 13 bds catsup; 12 cases prune juice jars; 15 cases dried opricots 60 cases raisins; 20 cases seedless raisin

From Kobe: 10 cases cotton silk shirts; 34 cases cotton silk shirtings; 16 cases celluloid bangles; 475 cases apples; 14 cases umbrella ribs; 91 cases cotton piece goods; 15 cases optical goods; 20 cases eylets; 21 cases rayon goods; 33 cases cotton rayon goods; 30 dms dyestuffs; 30 cases douppion yarn; 15 cases tussah yarn; 20 cases silk yarn; 56 cases rayon nad silk goods; 30 cases cotton mix shirting.

From Yokohama: 25 cases rayon yarn

From Shanghai: 17 cases silk yarn; 23 cases silk piece goods.

From Hongkong: 52 cases red salmon; 30 cases printing papers;

From Manilal: 1180 cases cotton; 50 cases auto batteries; 510 bxs apples; 21 cases heney; 19 cases lacquer.

From Colombo: 22 blds gunnies.

S S Sirsa Agents M Mackenzie and Co. from L Marques: 1625 bags cashew nuts raw

S S Gazana Agents M Mackenzie and Co. from Rangoon: 20322 bags rice; 54 pcs teak squares; 8831 pcs teak scantlings; 41 pcs block tin; 415 bags betelnuts; 542 bars pig lead.

From Cochin: 21 bags prawns

From Calicut: 55 coils cori rope.

From Badagara: 546 bags copra.

S S Karanja Agents M Mackenzie and Co. from Durban; 375 cases apples.

From L Marques: 574 bags asbestos fibre.

From Beira: 1334 bags asbestos

From Zanzibar: 500 bales cloves; 22 bags b. nuts; 18 bales orange peel. bales cotton.

From Mambosa: 1000 bags soda ash; 30 bags toowar; 118 bags potatoes; 27 bdls old zinc scrap; 26 tusho ivery; 7574 bales cotton.

From Seychelles: 13 nos empty gas flasks 301 bags copra; 801 nags coco's demer.

From Beira: 120 bales cotton.

From Daressalaam: 126 bales cotton.

S S Rawalpindi Agents M. Mackenzie and Co. Zurich: 100 cases art silk embd cotton p's goods; 25 cases embderiesall cotton; 16 cases cotton p's goods with art silk yarn; 26 cases cottow cloth with art silk embd; 13 cases cotton emleds; 11 cases cotton feut.

From Lejons: 15 bollet picking bands

From Basle: 31 cases machy.

From Marseilles: 12 cases gree soap for textile industry; 50 cases soap; 37 casos medicines; 12 cases saffron.

From Paris: 26 cases drugs.

MOHANLAL'S PETITION ALLOWED

LAHORE: April 30.

Justice Monroe of the High Court to-day allowed the petition of the late Lala Harkishen Lal's third son, Mohanlal, at present studying in Germany, that certain property at present in the custody of the Official Receiver, is properly his, it having been the property of the applicant's mother. Lala Harkishenlal's daughter Mrs. Sushila Seth, identified the property which consisted of jewellery.—A. P.

Wall Street Selling In New York Cotton

GOLD PROBLEM AND ABSENCE OF BULLISH NEWS

Markets Liquidated And Subject To Natural Reaction

Bombay, April 30

The New York cotton futures market opened steady but declined moderately on lower Liverpool cables, but the market met with substantial trade, local, New Orleans and Wall Street support. However with the foreign orders mostly on the selling side, the market was rather narrow and was subject to quick changes.

Evidence of a well liquidated position tended to restore confidence but the market later declined on renewed Wall Street liquidation and in sympathy with a setback of the Stock Exchange the market closed easy.

The gold problem and absence of bullish news induced Wall Street selling, the demand was indifferent and the market was tired but seems entitled to a natural reaction.

October option opened at a decline of 8 points at 12.67 but prices improved 11 points and October was quoted 12.78 which was the highest level. Later on prices again dropped to 12.53 which was the lowest level. The market closed at a net decline of 20 to 22 points. Spot cotton prices were reduced 29 points at 13.26c. per lb.

NEW ORLEANS MARKET

The New Orleans cotton futures market was easy and closed at a decline of 17 to 23 points. Spot cotton prices declined 24 points at 13.08c per lb.

LIVERPOOL MARKET

The Liverpool cotton futures market opened at a decline of 4 points with July 7.10. There was heavy liquidation which uncovered stoploss orders. Prices steadied on scale down buying and scattered covering. There was Continental liquidation but prices rallied on Bombay and straddle buying coupled with good New York advices. The market closed at a decline of 3 to 5 points. Middling American Spot cotton prices closed 15 points down at 7.23d per lb.

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Egyptian cotton futures market was easy on heavy selling. Sakels futures declined 44 to 40 points and Uppers lost 12 to 10 points

ALEXANDRIA MARKET

The Alexandria cotton futures market was also easy on long liquidation. Sakels futures closed 61 to 58 points down while Ashmouni futures lost 20 points.

GOLD POSITION

Messrs. M and B Stern state:—

Despite repeated denials by President Roosevelt and the French Government as to any change in the U. S. A. gold price or further devaluation of the franc, unfounded rumours still persist and are being exploited by operators. An enthusiastic Republican representative in the U. S. A Congress has introduced a resolution suggesting the Treasury should buy foreign gold at not over 25 dollars, whilst maintaining the domestic price at 35 dollars. The fate of this resolution which we refer to later seemed a foregone conclusion as it would inevitably lead to much higher domestic prices for raw and finished articles in U. S. A. and her export trade would be crippled. Dispassionately reviewing the American financial position, it must be remembered that the stabilisation fund, which is now mainly mooring the dollar, is from the profit accrued by the revaluation of gold stocks, which indirectly has brought into circulation huge amounts of currency and the national debt has mounted from 28,000 million to 42,000 million dollars since President Roosevelt's advent. Any highly deflationary measures, which by the way can only be brought in by fresh legislation (President Roosevelt having no mandatory powers in this connection), would entail chaos and another economic disaster in America. Well informed financial critics believe the only way out of the present impasse is to return to an International Gold Standard and in this connection much will depend upon readjustments in International trade barriers and financial obligations.

The latest Reuters cable which presumably is after the close of the New York markets states that the Republican resolution of Mr. H. Fish has been referred to a committee where its speedily internment is expected, in other words very little more will be heard of this resolution.

PRIVATE CABLES—

New York October highest 12.78 plus 03 (10-23)

New York October lowest 12.53 —22 (3 p.m.)

Liverpool July highest 7.14

Liverpool July lowest 7.00 —14

Messrs. M and B Stern have received the following cables:—

"Believe all commodity markets thoroughly liquidated but general nervousness and fresh incentive lacking.

"Cotton wheat with important weather months ahead think market a good purchase at this level"

NEW YORK COTTON

New York, April 29

May	12.75	—20
July	12.76	—22
October	12.53	—22
December	12.60	—20
January	12.52	—20
March	12.55	—20
Middling Spot	13.26	—29

NEW ORLEANS COTTON

New York, April 29

May	12.56	—22
Jpuly	12.68	—23
October	12.18	25
Middling Spot	13.08	—24

NEW YORK

New York, April 29

11 A.M. RANGES—		
May	12.97/12.97	
July	12.97/12.97	
October	12.70/12.69	
NOON CALL—		
May	13.00	
July	13.01	
October	12.75	

NEW YORK COTTON DAILY STATISTICS

New York, April 29

Day's receipts at all U S Ports	5,000 bales
Day's exports to Great Britain	1,000 bales
Day's exports to the Continent	4,000 bales
Day's exports to China and Japan	18,000 bales

LIVERPOOL COTTON

Liverpool, April 29

April	7.06	—03
May	7.05	—03
June	7.08	—03
July	7.10	—04
August	7.07	—04
September	7.05	—04
October	7.02	—05
November	6.96	—05
December	6.96	—04
January	6.96	—05
February	6.96	—05
March	6.96	—05
April	6.97	—04
Middling Spot	7.23	—15
	10-12 a.m. quotations	
July	7.10	
October	7.02	

EGYPTIAN COTTON

Liverpool, April 29

April	10.37
May	10.42
July	10.60
September	10.70
F G F SPOT	11.12

INDIAN COTTON

Liverpool, April 29

BROACH—	
Fully good (good staple)	5.89
Fine (good staple)	6.04
Superfine (good staple)	6.19
OOMRA—	
Fine (No. 1 staple)	5.79
Superfine (No. 1 staple)	5.94
Choice (No. 1 staple)	6.09
BENGAL—	
Good	4.83
Fully good	4.93
Fine	5.08

LONDON STOCK EXCHANGES

London, April 29

Rupee paper 3 1/2 per cent	£70 1/2
Indian stock 3 per cent 1948	£77
Indian stock 3 1/2 per cent 1931 or later	£89 1/2
Indian stock 4 1/2 per cent 1950/55	£109 1/2
Consols 2 1/2 per cent	£76 3/4
Conversion Loan 3 1/2 per cent 1961	£101 7/8
War loan 3 1/2 per cent 1952	£101 1/2
Funding loan 4 per cent 1960/90	£110 5/8
Victory bonds 4 per cent	£109 5/8
Chartered Bank of I A and China	£15 1/4
Hongkong and Shanghai Bank London reg	£118 1/2
National Bank of India	£40 7/8
P and O Banking Corporation	£10 1/2

LONDON SEEDS

London, April 29

Linseed La Plata Hull C.I.F. April sellers	£13-2-6
Linseed Calcutta London C.I.F. April May sellers	£14-15-0
Linseed Bombay London C.I.F. April May sellers	£15-10-0
Rapeseed Toria Hull/Cont C.I.F. April May sellers	£15-0-0
Castorseed Bombay Hull C.I.F. April May sellers	£14-7-6

LONDON RUBBER

London, April 29

Smoked Sheet Standard ribbed per lb Sellers	10 1/8

NEW YORK COFFEE

New York, April 29.

Fair Rio Coffee (No. 7 quality)	9

LONDON EXCHANGES

London, April 29

T T London on:—	
New	4.94.60
Paris	110.34
Berlin	12.29 3/4
Madrid	86.50
Amsterdam	9.01 7/8
Brussels	29.28 1/4
Milan	93.98
Berne	21.58
Prague	141.75

LONDON DISCOUNT RATE

London, April 29

Bank bills 3 months market rate 9/16 per cent to 9/16 per cent

Bank bills 6 months market rate 11/16 per cent to 11/16 per cent

Fine trade bills 3 months market rate 2 per cent to 2 1/2 per cent

Fine trade bills 6 months market rate

LINSEED OIL

London, April 29

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt May sellers 29

Linseed Oil naked London per cwt June August sellers 29/1 1/2

LONDON PRODUCE

London, April 29

Wheat Rozario Santa Fe May July sellers 45/3

Wheat Barletta Russo May July sellers 45/3

Wheat South Australian April sellers 45/3

METAL DECLINE OVERDONE

Liverpool, April 29.

Feel decline in metal over done. Most markets unduly affected on account of outside influences. Think we might commence averaging.

BOMBAY COTTON

Bombay, April 30

Following a further decline of 20 points in New York cotton futures, the local market opened to-day at Rs. 230/8 for Broach J/A delivery and prices advanced to Rs. 231/12 on active short covering. The undertone of the market was good.

Liverpool market opened at a decline of 6 points and later on was quoted 9 points down. The local market was quiet with Broach J/A. quoted at Rs. 231/8 and the market closed at 5 p.m. as under:—

Broach A/M		226	0 0
Broach J/A		233	4 0
New Broach A/M		239	12 0
Oomra May		213	4 0
Oomra July		216	12 0
New Oomra D/J		217	12 0
Bengal May		183	8 0
Bengal July		186	4 0
New Bengal D/J		177	12 0

Cotton Tenders

Bombay, April 30.

	To-day	Total.
Broach A/M.	1850	13450

Cotton Room Rates

Bombay, April 30.

M. G.—	Extra	Spr-fine	Sup	Fine	FG	Good
Bengal U.P.	...	190	187	184		181
Punjab	...	190	187	184		181
Oomra No. 3	220	217	214	211		...
C. P. No. 1	233	230	227	224		...
C. P. No. 2	224	221	218	215		...
Broach No. 2	...	231	229	226		223
Punjab-Ame.	...	239	237	234		231
Surat	...	290	288	285		282
Rajpipla	...	285	283	280		277
Navsari	...	300	298	295		292

Leady Cotton Quotations

Bombay, April 30.

Bengal Superfine	190/92
Bengal Fine	185/87
C.P. 1	219/20
C.P. 2	210/12
Arvi	210/12
Ellichpur	210/12
Berar	207/12
Khamgaon	207/12
Mulkapur	202/07
Khandesh	200/04
Jalna/Sailu	200/04
Burwah Sanavad	205/10
Mathia	184/87
Broach Fine	227/31
Punjab/American	227/35
Sind, N.T.	290/300
Punjab 289F.	310/15
Jagadia-Ankleshwar	28../30
Kim-Kosamba	28../82
Surat	283/87
Navsari	295/97
Kampala	415/17

Indian Cotton Figures

Bombay, April 30.

RECEIPTS INTO BOMBAY.

Since 1st September.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year
Khandesh	...	203,206
Central India	149	320,784
Barsi and Nagar	129	166,466
Hyderabad-Gaorani	203	96,261
Berar	996	545,843
Central Provinces	62	111,252
Total Oomras	1,538	1,443,812
Dholera	1,393	86,643
N.-W. Provinces	...	3,259
Rajputana	749	81,454
Sind-Punjab	597	307,099
Broach	883	295,191
Coompta and Dharwar	1,855	38,202
Westerns-Northerns	180	29,507
Cocoanada	...	136
Tinnevelly and Cambodia	...	7,923
Persian	...	14
American	...	10,556
Egyptian and African	2,223	263,311
Comilla, Burma and other sorts		22
Total	9,419	2,573,129

EXPORTS FROM BOMBAY

1st Sept. to 22nd Apr.

In full-pressed Bales.

	Yesterday	This year.
Europe	25	364,761
Japan and China	6,001	1,079,571
Coast Ports	410	20,720
Up-country by Rail	...	193,586
Afloat in harbour for Europe China & Japan	...	16,201
Total	6,436	1,671,839

HIGH AND LOW COTTON PRICES

Bombay, April 29

Broach A/M 1937 opening 228 highest 228 1/4 lowest 225 1/2 closing 226

Broach J/A opening 233 3/4 highest 234 1/4 lowest 231 1/4 closing 232 1/4

Broach A/M 1938 opening 238 3/4 highest 239 3/4 lowest 237 closing 237 1/2

Oomra May opening 217 1/4 highest 218 lowest 215 1/4 closing 214 3/4

Oomra July opening 219 1/2 highest 219 3/4 lowest 217 3/4 closing 217 3/4

Oomra D/J opening 216 highest 216 1/2 lowest 216 closing 216 1/2

Bengal May opening 185 3/4 highest 186 1/2 lowest 184 closing 184

Bengal July opening 187 1/2 highest 187 1/2 lowest 186 1/4 closing 186 1/4

Bengal D/J opening 180 1/2 highest 180 1/2 lowest 178 closing 179

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (21-5-37) Rs. 7 3/4

Tejimandi for Broach J/A (30-6-37) Rs. 13 1/2

Tejimandi for Broach A/M (31-3-38) Rs. 31

AMERICAN COTTON FIGURES.

F.P. Bales.	1936-37	1935-36
Receipts to date 29-4-37	6490000	6699000
Receipts yesterday 29-4-37	5000	4000
Exports to date 29-4-37	5035000	5299000
Stock at Ports 23-4-37	1658000	1888000
Stock at Interior Towns 23-4-37	1384000	1812000
Stock at Liverpool 23-4-37	979000	718000
Visible Supply 23-4-37	4594000	5062000
Quantity in sight 23-4-37	12161000	11543000
Quantity out of sight 23-4-37	10819000	9587000

GOLD AND SILVER

Bombay, April 30

The Bill to buy gold at a fixed price of 25 dollars per oz. is referred to the Committee by the U S. Congress. Yesterday London gold prices declined 1/2d to £/-0-6 London Paris Exchange rate declined 34 points at 110.34. Dollar sterling cross rate was quoted 4.94 25/32. London silver prices declined 1/16d to 20 7/16d. India and China sold but Continental operators bought. Business was small. New York silver prices were 1/8 cent down at 45 1/4 cent. Montreal futures closed 5 to 15 points down. Shanghai T T on London was quoted 1-2 1/2. The local gold market was fairly steady to-day and prices fluctuated between Rs. 34/8 and Rs. 34/5 although our prices are very attractive, local banks are unwilling to buy fearing some change in gold prices in foreign markets. This shows that the fears are not unfounded and the U. S. Government will not be able to maintain present price of 35 dollars. Silver market was quiet but steady. We have an unfavourable opinion for both gold and silver and strongly advise liquidation.

GOLD

Ready		34	7 0
June		34	6 0
July		34	4 0

SILVER

Heady		52	10 0
June		52	14 0
July		53	1 0

LONDON SILVER

London, April 29

Spot	20 5/8
Forward	20 7/16

LONDON GOLD

London, April 29

Gold Bars Fine per oz	£7-0-6

LONDON METALS

London, April 29

Copper	£56	15	0
Spelter	£22	18	9
Lead	£22	11	3
Tin	£248	10	0

BOMBAY METALS

Bombay, April 30.

London Market.—	
Standard Copper Cash (Buyers)	£59-5-0
Standard Copper 3 months	£57-5-0
Electrolytic copper	£62-10-0
Bombay Market.—	
Yellow Metal Sheets	Rs. 42-8-0
Copper Sheets	Rs. 54-8-0
Tone:—Steady.	

Weather Over U. S. Cotton Belt

Liverpool, April 30.

Eastern Belt heavy rains which are unfavourable. Forecast Western Belt generally fair, all balance entire Belt partly cloudy, weather favourable in Western Belt.

LINSEED & WHEAT

Bombay, April 30.

The local market was steady to-day with a moderate turnover and prices fluctuated within a narrow range. Quotations were as under.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Linseed May	7	14	6
Linseed September	8	2	6
Wheat May	5	8	6
Wheat September	5	9	3

Chicago Wheat

Chicago, April 29.

May	1.28 1/4c.
July	1.16c.
September	1.14 3/4c.

Liverpool Wheat

Liverpool, April 29.

May	110 7/8d.
July	105 7/8d.
October	101 3/8d.

Argentine Linseed

Buenos Aires, April 29.

May	15.90
June	15.86

Groundnuts And Seeds

Bombay, April 30.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Groundnuts May	41	5	6
Groundnuts August	42	11	0
Castorseeds May	35	2	3
Castorseeds September	37	7	6
Cottonseed May	20	3	6
Cottonseed September	21	7	6

New York Sugar

New York, April 29.

July	249—02
September	2.49—02
December	2.49—03
January	2.44—02

Bombay Sugar

Bombay, April 30.

	Rs.	a.	p.
Java ready	13	14	0
April June shipment	4	14	0
July Sept. shipment	4	13	0
Oct. Dec. shipment	4	13	6
Kesar ready	11	1	0
Saraya ready	10	13	0
Spot Java	F.5.65		

Cotton Straddles

APPROXIMATE DIFFERENCES

New York Liverpool: May 160 July 169 October 176 at cross rate 4.94 25/32

Bombay Liverpool: Broach A/M 1937 223/12 Liverpool May 6.96 Rs. 79 1/2 at exchange 1/6

Bombay Liverpool: Broach J/A 1937 230 Liverpool July 7.03 Rs. 75 1/4 at exchange 1/6

Bombay New York: Broach A/M 1937 223/12 New York May 12.56 Rs. 63 1/2 at cross rate 4.94 25/32

Bombay New York: Broach J/A 1937 230 New York July 12.76 Rs. 56 3/4 at cross rate 4.94 25/32

GOVERNMENT SECURITIES

Bombay, April 30

2 3/4 per cent 1948/52	99/14
3 per cent 1951/54	101/2
3 per cent 1941 Bonds	102/14
3 1/2 per cent G P N Cash	93/10
3 1/2 per cent 1947/50 Loan	105/14
4 per cent 1943 Bonds	107/2
4 per cent 1960/70 Loan	110/11
4 1/2 per cent 1955/60	117/16
per cent U. P. Bonds	97
5 per cent 1939/44	105/8
5 per cent 1940/43	108/4
1/2 per cent 1938/40 Loan	104/14
TAX FREES	
5 per cent 1945/55	109/10
4 per cent 1953/63	111/8
3 1/2 per cent 1938 Mysore	104/12
5 per cent 1955 Mysore	124
CORPORATION DEBENTURES	
4 per cent B P	974 107
4 per cent M Deb 1974	106/8
per cent M Deb 1959	117
per cent 1954	129
6 per cent K P T 1956	129
6 1/2 per cent B I T 1937	101/8

MONEY AND EXCHANGES

Bombay, April 30

B. C. RATES—	
T T D D	1/6 1/16
LONDON—	
Banks selling T T D D	1/6 3/32
Banks buying T T	1/6 5/32
Banks buying D D	1/6 3/16
Banks buying 3 mos.	1/6 7/32
NEW YORK—	
B C Rate T T	271
Banks selling T T	269
Banks buying T T	266 3/4
PARIS—	
Banks selling T T	827
Banks buying T T	842
JAPAN—	
Banks selling T T (1/8 lower from June)	77 1/2
Banks buying T T	77
AMSTERDAM—	
Banks selling D D	67 5/8
JAVA—	
Banks selling D D	67 3/8
HONGKUNG—	
Banks selling D D	83 3/4
SHANGHAI—	
Banks selling D D	81
SINGAPORE—	
Banks selling D D	156 1/4
BERLIN—	
Banks selling D D	91 1/4
CROSS RATE—	
New York/London 29th instant	4.94 3/4
Japan London— 30th instant	1/2
Hongkong London— 30th instant	1/3
Shanghai London— 30th instant	1/2 1/2
Java London— 30th instant	8.99 1/2
London/Paris 29th instant	110.34
London/Belgium 29th instant	29.28 1/4
London Switzerland 29th instant	21.58
London Berlin 29th instant	12.29 3/4
London Stockholm 29th instant	19.39 3/4
London New York 29th instant	4.94.60
London Amsterdam 29th instant	9.02
London Italy 29th instant	93.98
Tone of Sterling Exchange: Easy.	
Gold— 28th instant	£7-0-6 1/2
29th instant	£7-0-6
Silver London Ready— 28th instant	20 7/16
29th instant	20 3/8
Silver London Forward— 28th instant	20 1/2
29th instant	20 7/16
Silver New York Ready 28th instant	45
29th instant	45
London Discounts 3 Months 28th instant	9/16 p.c.
29th instant	9/16 p.c.
London Discounts 6 Months 28th instant	11/16 p.c.
29th instant	11/16 p.c.
Reserve Bank Rate	3 p.c.
Bank of England Rate	2 p.c.
Money:—Call	1 p.c.
3 months	1 1/4 p.c.
6 months	1 1/4 p.c.
Tone: Quiet.	

Indian Sterling Loans

London, April 29

Call Loan London 1/2

3 per cent 77

3 1/2 per cent 89 1/2

3 1/2 per cent 1954/59 102 1/4

4 per cent 1948/53 106 1/4

4 1/2 per cent 1950/55 109 1/2

4 1/2 per cent 1958/68 113 1/2

5 per cen t1942/47 112 1/2

3 per cent 1949/52 97 1/4

2 1/2 per cent British Consols 76 3/4

3 1/2 per cent Conversion 101 7/8

3 1/2 per cent War Loan 101 1/2

Produce Receipts

Bombay, April 30.

	Cwts.
Wheat	15,143
Linseed	6,570
Rape, Rai and Mustardseeds	335
Gingellyseed	1,501
Poppyseed	82
Groundnuts	5,018
Castorseed	938
Rice	31,848
Myrabollams	306
Cottonseed	2,733
Gram	3,603
Joowar	2,230
Maize	310
Bajree	1,600
Indian Sugar	11,265 Tons.
Coal	1,592

Cotton Straddles

Receipts into Bombay on 28th April 13,775 bales

Receipts into Bombay to date since 1-9-1936 2,563,710 bales

Receipts into Bombay same time last season 2,347,926 bales

Increase 215,804 bales

Short Covering In Tata Steels

LIQUIDATED MARKET QUICKLY RALLIES

Operators Still Nervous

BOMBAY, April 30.

To-day being the last day for evening up of open business for May settlement, the market was open for one hour. There was active short covering in Tata Steel shares which resulted in a sharp improvement.

The market being thoroughly liquidated displayed good rallying power but in view of uncertain foreign situation there was no follow-up. Local operators are still nervous and so far to-day's improvement does not count beyond a natural reaction.

The market needs fresh bullish developments to have a sustained improvement in prices because the drastic decline has resulted in heavy losses and now it will take some time to recover from the effects of the drop.

The market was again busy to-day with unfounded rumours of dividends on Tata Steel shares. It was openly said that ordinary shares will be given Rs. 11 and Deferreds Rs. 43-12. The Board of Directors are to fix up dividends at to-morrow's meeting.

In sympathy with easier foreign advices the local market opened quiet and prices declined few points under nervous liquidation but later on there was short covering which resulted in a steady improvement:

Tata Steel Deferreds opened at Rs. 1,300 and declined to Rs. 1,260 which was the lowest level for the day. Later on prices steadily improved to Rs. 1,360 and finally closed at Rs. 1,345.

Tata Steel Ordinary shares opened to-day at Rs. 297 and after declining to Rs. 292 advanced to Rs. 312 and closed at Rs. 307.

Bombay Dyeing shares opened to-day at Rs. 850 and advanced to Rs. 870. Kohinoors closed at Rs. 296 while Century shares were placed at Rs. 180.

Indian Cement shares opened at Rs. 522 and closed at Rs. 530, while shareholders were quoted at Rs. 500.

Tata Powers were quoted at Rs. 1,480 and Andhras were steady at Rs. 1,650.

Bombay Burma shares opened at Rs. 645 and closed at Rs. 662.

TEXTILE SHARES

BOMBAY, April 30.

	Rs.	as.
100 Ahm. Advance (Rs. 8)	301	4
250 BOM DYEING (Rs. 25)	870	0
100 CENTURY	180	0
100 CEN. INDIA (Rs. 4)	268	12
100 COLABA (nil)	163	12
100 Cooria	107	8
250 David	75	0
250 Dawn (Rs. 10)	375	0
1 E. D. Sassoon (nil)	0-7-6	
100 Finlay (Rs. 2-8)	131	4
100 GOKAK (Rs. 2-8)	198	12
1000 Hindustan (Rs. 75)	1,725	0
100 Indore	46	4
100 Khatau (Rs. 2)	100	0
100 KOHINOOR (Rs. 8)	296	4
250 Laxmi (Rs. 12-8)	620	0
250 Madras United	11	0
1,000 Morarji (nil)	1,100	0
250 Model	56	4
50 MYSORE (Rs. 3)	118	12
200 NEW GREAT (nil)	235	0
100 Oosmanshahi (Rs. 1)	51	0
100 Phoenix (10)	312	8
25 SASSOON SILK (Rs. 2)	77	8
1000 Sholapur (Rs. 50)	2,300	0
50 SIMPLEX (Rs. 1-8)	85	0
100 SWADESHI (Rs. 4)	240	0
100 Swan (nil)	110	0
500 Vishnu (Rs. 50)	1300	0
1000 Western	805	0
BANKS.		
50-100 Baroda (Rs. 2-8)	111	8
25-50 Central (As. 12)	34	6
500 Imperial (Rs. 30)	1522	8
125-500 1 County (Rs. 7-8)	373	12
50-100 India (Rs. 2-8)	137	0
100 Reserve Bank	127	12
5 Union (As. 4)	5	8
CEMENTS		
100 Associated	163	0
10 BUNDI (As. 10).	39	4
100 Coimbatore (Rs. 10)	221	4
70 Gwalior (Rs 4)	131	4
160 INDIAN (Rs. 24)	530	0
50 Katni Def (Rs 83-8-9)	2350	0
100 KATNI ORD (Rs. 10)	395	0
75 Okha (Rs. 7)	306	14
10 PUNJAB (As. 12)	28	4
100 SHAHABAD (Rs. 15)	500	0
5 Union (As. 4)	5	12
70 United	160	0
INSURANCE.		
80-500 Empire (Rs. 14)	1,155	0
15-100 Jupiter (As. 12)	15	0
15-75 New India (Rs. 1-4)	43	0
20 Mercantile	55	0
200 Oriental (125)	5,300	0
10-50 Universal Fire (As. 4)	5	7
10-50 Vulcan (As. 8)	7	11
ELECTRIC.		
100 Ahmedabad Oid (6)	168	12
1,000 ANDHRA VALLEY (45)	1662	8
10 Ajmer (As 4)	13	8
50 B'BAY TRAM (Rs. 2-8) X. D.	151	4
100 Bom Suburban (Rs. 6)	190	0
10 Broach	14	4
100 Karachi (4)	267	8
100 Poona (4)	285	0
100 Surat (Rs. 6)	205	0
100 TATA HYDRO (Rs. 5)	175	10
1000 TATA POWER (Rs. 40)	1480	0
RAILWAYS		
500 Ahmedabad Prantij	905-0	
100 C. Province	95	8
100 Dhond Baramati	102	0
100 Gujarat	94	0
100 Mandra Bhon	97	8
100 Pachora Jamner	97	0
100 Sara Sirajgunje	101	0
500 Tapti Valley	765	0
MININGS		
10 SHIVRAJPUR (As. 8)	50	0
30 TATA STEEL DEF (Rs. 7-8)	1345	0
75 TATA STEEL ORD. (Rs. 6)	307	0
MISCELLANEOUS.		
100 ALCOCK (Rs. 5)	267	8
50 B. SUGAR Rs. 7)	167	8
200 B'bay Safe Dep (Rs. 40)	900	0
250 B. Steam (Rs. 15)	277	8
125 B. BURMA (Rs. 12-9)	662	8
50 Do Contry (Rs. 6)	220	0
8sh. Br. B. Petrol (nil)	5-11-6	
50 B. TELEPHONE (Re. 1-8)	113	0
9 Burma Corp. (As. 8)	11	0
2sh. Indian Copper	3	3
10 Indian I and Steel	40	8
100 I. BLEACHING (Rs. 4)	146	4
50 I. Invest Trust (Rs. 2)	50-4	
100 I. Radio Defd. (12)	650	0
100 I. Radio Ord. (15)	530	0
1,000 Port Canning (Rs. 25)	616	4
15 Scindia	24	0
30 PREMIER CON.	90	4
25 Tata Oil (nil)	21	0
PREFERENCE.		
7 p.c. Andhra Valley	1510	0
6 p. c. Bombay Steam	298-12	
7 p.c. Bom. Tram (TF)	83-4	
5 p.c Central India (T.F.)	537	8
7 p.c Katni 1st	136	4
7 p.c Katni 2nd (T.F.)	146	4
7½ p.c Punjab Cement	15	0
6-1/4 p.c Prem Const 1st	104	8
6 1/4 p.c Prem Const 2nd	100	0
7 p.c. Tata Hydro	150	0
7-1/2 p.c Tata Power	1550	0
6 p.c Tata Steel 1st.	200	0
7-1/2 p.c. Tata Steel 2nd	177	4
7 p.c Vishnu	692	8
DEBENTURES		
3-3/4 p.c Andhra Valley	101	0
5 p.c Andhra Valley	110	0
4 p.c. Bom Telephone	51	8
7 p.c Sholapur	80	12
6 p.c Tata Hydro	110	0

(Last Dividend in Brackets and Capital letters indicate shares on forward list.)

ACTIVE SHARES AT A GLANCE

Bombay, April 30

Century (128/12) 173 170 180

Bombay Dyeing (360) 850 865 870

Kohinoor (290) 287 295 291 296

Central India (268/12) 265 268

New Great (230) 236 225

Simplex (84/6) 80 85

Swadeshi (241/4) 235 240

Bundi (39/12) 39/8 39/4

I Cement (522/8) 522 525 530

Punjab (28/8) 28/8 28/4

Shahabad (500) 500 497 500

Andhra (1650) 1650

Tata Hydro (177/8) 177 175/10

Tata Power (1480) 1470 1480

Tram Ord (151/14) XD 148 147 151

T Steel Defd (1310) 1300 1260 1295 1325 1300 1310 1300 1360 1345

T Steel Ord (300) 297 292 304 300 305 312 307

Tata Steel 2nd pref (177) 179 178/4

Bellapur (167) 165 167

B Steam (280) 280 277

B Burma (661/4) 645 662 653 666 662

WALL STREET MARKET

New York, April 29

Messrs. Batlivala and Karani have issued the following report showing quotations of the New York Stock Exchange:—

	Dollars.
Amr Water Works Com	19
Ame Power and Light Com	9
Ame Power and Light Pfd 5 per cent A	53
Amer Forn Power Gold D 5 per cent	77
Ame Forn Power Pfd 7 per cent	51
Electric P and Light 7 per cent Pfd	72
Columbia Gas	12
United Corporation	5
American Tel and Tel 160	1/4
Western Union Telg	61
New York Central Rly 45	1/2
Southern Pacific Rly	54
Amr Tob B	80
Firestone Rubber	34
Northern S Power A	24
N Y N Hartford H R R	18
Brooklyn Traction	20
Bethelehem Steel	81
Republican Steel	37
United States Steel	99
Pittsburgh Screw and Bolt	15
Anaconda Copper Mining 48	1/2
Int Nickel of Canada 56	1/4
Thompson Products	24
Chrysler	113
General Motors 56	1/4
General Electric 51	3/4
Kelvinator	19
Barnsdall Oil	28
St Oil of N J 64	1/2
Socony 18	1/2
Chase Bank 49	1/2
National City Bank 43	1/2
Sun Life of Canada	650
Amr Celanese	35
Amerex 28	1/4
Acme Steel	78

Market firmer though full adjustment evidently not yet reached. Bethelehem Steel declared a dividend of dol 1 ex dividend on May 27. Earned first quarter dol 2.01. Chrysler declared dol 2 dividend. ex dividend on May 13th. Earned dol 2.61. Barnsdall earned 26

JUPITER GENERAL
Insurance Co., Ltd. has its Head Office in Fort, Bombay.
J11

REGD. NO. B. 1068

The Bombay Chronicle

FOUNDED BY SIR PHIROZESHAH M. MEHTA IN 1913.

BOMBAY: SATURDAY, MAY 1, 1937

JUPITER GENERAL
has branches and agencies in principal towns in India.
J12

Plight Of Mahomed Ali & Co.

Indian Firm Of 50 Years' Standing Wiped Out

Wholesale Confiscation: Estates Sold Dirt- Cheap: Only 300 Out Of 3,500 Indians Now Remain In Abyssinia!

A tale of injustice, cruelty, wholesale confiscation, and every other barbarous fascist practice is narrated in the report of Messrs. Mohamedali and Co. the famous chain-store owners of Abyssinia.

Messrs. Mohamedali and Co., went to Abyssinia over fifty years and pioneered business and trade right through the interior of the land when few white men dared to put their foot on the soil.

THEY BUILT UP A VAST MACHINERY OF TRADE AND BUSINESS, PURCHASED LAND AND PROPERTY.

IN RECOGNITION OF THEIR SERVICES FRENCH, GERMAN, BRITISH AND EVEN ITALIAN GOVERNMENTS ON VARIOUS OCCASIONS CONFERRED HONOURS AND TITLES ON THE PROPRIETORS AND LEADERS OF THE FIRM.

The onset of Fascist rule in Abyssinia changed everything. The firm was ordered to wind up business within less time than is physically possible to do so.

The premises of its various branches were raided by Italian officers and goods looted and sold at any price they liked.

The proceeds of goods sold and all other moneys were ordered to be deposited in the Italian bank in Abyssina and the moneys therefrom are not allowed to be transferred.

Export of Abyssinian products already on hand is virtually banned, so also is the sale of imported goods.

The staff of the firm over 250 strong is ordered to be reduced to about 25 and the staff could not carry out even the winding up job in time.

Estates of the firm are sold at ridiculous prices.

On the very day that a bomb was thrown on Gen. Graziani Italian planes bombed the firm with the object of destroying it outright. It escaped that fate miraculously.

Out of 3,500 Indians who lived in Abyssinia only about 300 are left. The rest had to flee from Fascist rule.

Three hundred women of the Narsinggirjee Mills at Sholapur, who joined in the strike for the renewal of the daily bonus suspended by the Agents, are seen in the forefront of the above photo of a meeting of the 3,000 strikers of the mill.

MEMORIAL TO SECRETARY OF STATE

Korics Protest Against Their Classification As Scheduled Caste

(From Our Correspondent.)
JHANSI April 27.

The Korics of Bundelkhand Division have sent a memorial to the Secretary of State for India strongly protesting against their inclusion in the Scheduled Caste list of 1936 as they 'in fact are not untouchables as assumed by your Government." We have always been classified amongst the touchables caste with a right to "Sanskars and the Sacred Thread."

To support their contention they have quoted besides Manu Smriti which holds them to be born of Kshatriya father and Vaishya mother, many leading authorities including Crookes, Sheldon and Rai Bahadur Dr. Hiralal. "We representing 20 thousand Korics of Bundelkhand Division" concludes the manifesto definitely and vehemently protest and oppose the decision which reduces us to untouchables, and therefore we request to expunge our names from that list at once, failing which we shall further take necessary action to redress the said grievance."

JHANSI TROOPS FOR WAZIRISTAN

In view of the Waziristan trouble, and the telegram received by the local Military authorities to keep in readiness fresh reinforcements, it is understood, military movements may take place within 72 hours. It is further understood that 6 special trains have been kept ready with light and water arrangements complete and may leave at any moment for Razmak.

PANT'S CIRCULAR.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant, Leader of the Congress Party in the U. P. Assembly has sent a circular to Congress legislators, asking them to send him a strictly accurate and comprehensive report of victimisation of Congress workers and supporters by Congress adversaries. "The tenantry" continues Pt. Pant seems to have been the target of such attack. Various ingenious methods have been devised for this. He asks the following specific questions:

(1) Have the voters been deliberately harassed in any part of your constituency, if so who, when, how, and by whom. (2) What form did the molestation take (3). What steps if any were adopted to secure redress. Are these practices still continuing.

He has asked for simple statement of facts.

CONTEMPT OF COURT

Two Gujranwala Editors Sentenced

LAHORE, April 30.

A division bench of the Lahore High-Court consisting of Mr. Justice Coldstream and Mr. Justice Din Mohd. sentenced to-day Mr. Jehangirchand, editor, printer and publisher of "Gujranwala Gazette," and Sardar Isharsingh, editor, printer and publisher of "Milap Khalsa," vernacular weeklies of Gujranwala, for contempt of court, to a fine of Rs. 50 each in default one month's simple imprisonment each. They were further ordered to pay Rs. 100 each as costs.

Both the accused tendered an unqualified apology and gave an undertaking not to commit such offences in future and their lordship, taking a lenient view, sentenced them as above.

THE COMPLAINANT.

The facts of the case are that, one Ram Lal, a moneylender, filed complaints under sections 500 and 502, I.P.C., against both the editors for publishing in their weeklies alleged defamatory articles, and the complaint was being inquired by the additional District Magistrate, Gujranwala, when on 25th September, 1936, both the editors applied for an adjournment to enable them to move the High Court for transfer of their cases. They also applied to the District Magistrate asking for transfer. Applications were fixed for 9th October, 1936, when the respondents published articles in their papers in the course of which the District Magistrate was advised to transfer the cases from additional District Magistrate's court to his own file or to some other competent Magistrate.

The said articles, the Advocate-General submitted, brought into contempt of courts of the Additional District Magistrate and the District Magistrate, Gujranwala.—United Press.

SONYA MARUTI TEMPLE SATYAGRAHA

Nagpur Hindu Sabha Ready To Send Volunteers

POONA, April 30.

Mr. L. B. Bhopatkar, President of the Democratic Swaraj Party has received a telegram from Nagpur Hindu Sabha supporting the Sonya Maruti temple Satyagraha here stating that a Batch of volunteers is prepared to join the Satyagraha.

Mr. S. L. Karandikar, M.L.A., whip of the Democratic Party and Mr. Modak of Satara who were convicted on the charge of contravening the Magistrate's order against music at the Sonya Maruti were released on a bail of Rs. 1,000 and a surety for a like amount. Both have appealed against the conviction.—A. P.

Akbar L. Moledina, Bombay merchant, sailed this week for China and Japan on a business tour.

MANMOHAN GAUBA'S PROPERTY

Lahore High Court Order

LAHORE, April 30.

Mr. Justice Monroe at the Lahore High Court pronounced orders to-day on the petition of Mr. Manmohan Gauba,, the youngest son of the late Lala Harkishen Lal, claiming title to certain property taken in possession by the Official Receiver, following the insolvency proceedings against his father.

His Lordship partly accepted the application, holding that the jewellery identified by Mrs. Sushil Seth, daughter of the late Harkishen Lal, was the 'Stridhan' of the late Mrs. Harikishen Lal and that the petitioner was its rightful heir and ordered that the jewellery in question be made over to the petitioner.

The petitioner's claim was for jewellery worth Rs. 50,000.—United Press.

Mere Assurance Won't Be Accepted

Qualifying Words Must Be Properly Interpreted

Gandhiji's Latest Views On Solution Of Impasse

(FROM OUR CORRESPONDENT)
ALLAHABAD, April 30.

Mahatma Gandhi granted exclusive interview to me in running train on his way to Wardha this morning.

Questioned whether he still adhered to the view that if Governors gave assurance to the effect that "ordinarily" they would not interfere with constitutional activities of the Congress Ministers, the Congress would accept office, Gandhiji said, in this matter his position should be properly understood. Gandhiji did not think that mere addition of the word "ordinarily" to the formula would satisfy him or the Congress.

Such assurance would be acceptable to him only if qualifying word was 'properly interpreted to our satisfaction"

Gandhiji further declared "We should know the meaning of "ordinarily" beforehand".

Your correspondent then drew Gandhiji's attention to Prof. Keith's latest constitutional pronouncement published in to-day's "Leader" and asked him about the Congress position "vis-a-vis" Governor's special powers.

Keith's Statement

Gandhiji smiled and said it was a stale news and he had read it already in some paper yesterday. "As I read Professor Keith's statement I saw that he entirely endorsed the Congress position that the Congress does not seek any abrogation of the Act".

Asked whether it would not be unconstitutional for the Congress Ministry to attempt to trample over the legitimate rights of the minorities Gandhiji declared that it would not only be unconstitutional but "suicidal"

Looked Happy

Gandhiji was seen extremely happy and cheerful and was engaged in animated discussion with Rajagopalachari and Sardar Patel who, are travelling in the same compartment.

THE THREE MUSKETEERS

As our readers were recently informed an illustrated version of "The Three Musketeers" will commence in this journal on the 4th of May 1937. Follow it from the beginning!

"The Three Musketeers" is the most widely read and most tattered book in every school library.

"The Three Musketeers" never fails to return with the regularity of a comet, and here it is returning once more, you see.

MAHATMA LEAVES FOR WARDHA

Abul Kalam Azad Consults Him About Muslim Contact

ALLAHABAD, April 30.

Mahatma Gandhi accompanied by his secretary Mr. Mahadev Desai left for Wardha this morning. He was seen off by Pandit Jawaharlal Nehru, Maulana Abul Kalam Azad, Acharya Kripalani and a large number of other Congressmen.

Mr. C. Rajagopalachari left for Madras and Messrs. Bhulabhai Desai and B. G. Kher for Bombay.

Mrs. Sarojini Naidu is leaving to-morrow.

Pandit Govind Ballabh Pant proceeded to Lucknow this morning. He will stay there for two days and then go on a tour of Gorakhpur District.

Maulana Abul Kalam Azad had a long discussion with Mahatma Gandhi on the Congress policy regarding establishing contact with Muslim masses. Maulana Azad is meeting organisers of Muslim Conference to be held here on May 15 and 16 this afternoon.—A. P.

INJUNCTION SUIT FILED

Sequel To Dharwar Civic Council Stultifying Itself

(From Our Correspondent)
DHARWAR, April 29.

The Dharwar Municipal Council voted an address to the Governor despite repeated rate-payers protest and superceding the previous resolutions passed on 18th inst. adjourning the subject "sine die".

Mr. Govindacharya Guttal, prominent pleader on behalf of rate-payers filed an injunction suit, praying for restraining the President and Chief Officer from presenting the address.

The Court will issue notices on the party to show cause why the injunction should not be granted.

It is understood that Col. U. Hakumatrai, I.M.S., has been appointed Inspector-General of Civil Hospitals, Central Provinces.

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